Tuesday October 27 1987

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US:Reaping the

World News

Business Summary

US imposes EC calls ban on all Iranian imports

but unsuccessful attempts to reduce tensions with Iran and in response to the continued and increasingly bellicose behavior of the Iranian government." The ban on imports of Iranian goods would take effect as soon as possible and more controls on IIS

FORD MOTOR, second largest US motor manufacturer, reported moderately good results, with net income of \$703m or \$2.76 a share in the third-quarker of the Iranian goods the Iranian goods the Iranian goods would take effect as soon as possible and more controls on IIS sible and more controls on US exports would start in a week to

European defence deal

Foreign and defence ministers of the seven-nation Western Eu-ropean Union ironed out most of their disagreements over a new policy document intended to give Europe a distinctive de-fence identity. Page 26

Brokerage shootings

1.34

An investor distraught over heavy losses in the stock market opened fire in a brokerage of-fice in Miami, killing the man-ager and wounding a broker be-fore taking his own life, police

High-speed rail plan

West European transport ministers gave the political all-clear for a high-speed railway network to link Paris, London, Brussels, Amsterdam and Cologne. Page 26

Peking dissent

About 8,000 young Chinese evaded police road blocks and at \$1.6850. It rose in London to stormed onto a sacred site of \$1.6890 (\$1.6889); to DM2.9975 communism in the heart of Peking to celebrate a soccer victory over Japan, in a display of dissent embarrassing for Chinese leaders at a party congress. Page 26

Rights leader shot

Gunmen shot dead the president of El Salvador's non-governmental Human Rights Commission as he dropped off his children at school.

he was spying for the US. Last strength in many of its worldweek the Government closed his offices, sacked his staff and CANADIAN pulses. withdrew his bodyguards and

conference in Noordwijk, the Netherlands, on joint research to reduce damage to the earth's ozone layer and to co-operate more closely on cutting air, soil and water pollution.

Police pay protest

More than 15,000 policemen -nearly half the Dutch police force - marched on Parliament and burned uniform caps in protest against government plans to cut their pay.

Alitalia flights chaos

A 24-hour strike by pilots forced Italian state airline Alitalia to cancel all but one of its national and international flights, bring-ing chaos to Italy's airports.

Oil workers strike

Workers in Portugal's state oil company, Petrogal, began a two-day strike but stocks at petrol stations were sufficient to meet immediate demand, union BROKEN HILL Proprietary and company sources said.

French ports blocked French fishermen blockaded the ports of Calais and Boul-

ogne, cutting off sea traffic with Britain, in protest against ex-tension of UK territorial wa-

Page 5

for halt

to wheat

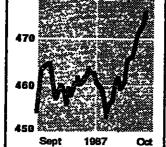
President Reagan yesterday an-nounced a ban on all Iranian imports and tighter restrictions on US exports because of Irani-President Reagan yesterday announced a ban on all Iranian imports and tighter restrictions on US exports because of Iranian attacks on US interests in the Gulf.

Mr Reagan said the decision was made only after "repeated but unsuccessful attempts to reduce tensions with Iran and in response to the continued and the co

subsidy war

GOLD rose on the London bul-lion market to close at \$476.125





(\$472.50). In Zurich it closed at \$476.25 (\$471.25). Page 39

DOLLAR closed in New York at DOLLAR closed in New York at DM1.7785, FFr5.9500, SFr1.4655 and Y142.35. It fell in London to DM1.7755 (DM1.7865); to FFr5.9475 (FFr5.9750); to SFr1.4625 (SFr1.4775); and to Y142.20 (Y142.65). On Bank of England figures the dollar's ex-change rate index fell to 99.6 (100.7). Page 39

EXXON, biggest US oil company, reported flat earnings in the third-quarter, reflecting continued downward pressure on en-ergy costs in the retail and wholesale markets, despite the strengthening of crude oil prices. Page 27

DU PONT, largest US chemicals Panama spy claim

Panama's security council met rise in third-quarter net earnto discuss the future of ings to \$452m or \$1.87 a share,
Vice-President Roderick Estom \$343m or \$1.42 a year earli-

CANADIAN pulp and paper groups, particularly those with most of their sales in the US

Ozone layer pact

Environment ministers from 18
EC and Esta nations agreed at a conference in Noordwith the US

PEUGEOT-CITROEN, private French motor group, expects to report a sharp rise in consoll-dated net profits this year. Page

OK BAZAABS, big South African supermarket chain, increased sales 16.9 per cent in the six months to September 30, against a background of low growth in the disposable earn-ings of the lower and middle income groups. Page 18

CREDIT Corporation of Malay-sia, large finance company, has reported a slide into an operat-ing loss of 56m ringgit (US\$22.4m) for 1986 from a prof-

IVC, leading Japanese maker of video cassette recorders, more than doubled its pre-tax profits in the six months ended last September, despite a sharp drop in exports. Page 18

Australia's largest company, is to spend up to A\$100m (USS71.7m) on a plant to make 15,000 tonnes a year of high-grade electrolytic manga-

MODO, Swedish pulp and paper group, has stepped up its efforts to gain control of Holmen, a ri-Kuwaiti defence corps

Kuwait announced plans to form a volunteer civil defence 31 per cent stake in Holmen currently hald by Wariahara the corps of Kuwaitis and foreign rently held by Marieberg, the residents. Air defence request, newspaper and publishing group. Page 28

No. 30,373 DOLLAR UNDER PRESSURE • BANK OF ENGLAND INTERVENES • TOKYO SHARES IN NEAR RECORD FALL

World equities slump deepens

BY JANET BUSH IN LONDON AND RODERICK ORAM IN NEW YORK

sign of co-ordinated central bank intervention.

In Tokyo, the stock market suffered its third-largest fall ever and the wave of selling swept across the time zones to Europe.

In London, the broadly-based FT-SE 100 index closed more than 100 points lower, leaving the market nearly 27 per cent was the absence of pressures lower over the last six sessions.

This year's rise in share prices markets. The New York Stock This year's rise in share prices markets. The New York Stock has now been wiped out, a dis-

BY STEWART FLEMING, US EDITOR, IN WASHINGTON

PRESIDENT Ronald Reagan, under pressure because of the plunge in Wall Street share prices, agreed yesterday to set up a top-level working group with Congress which will try to negotiate a Federal budget compromise.

After a meeting between the President and both the Repub-

lican and Democratic leadership of Congress, the White House said that the negotiating group would hold its first talks

Page 50

er, the President's budget director, will also participate.

Striking a noticeably concila-

THE GLOBAL equity market crisis entered its second week had been encouraged over the yesterday with no sign that the selling is about to stop. Taking and advertisements to hold on their cue from the spectacular fall in share prices in the reopened Hong Kong market, London and Wall Street again recorded big losses.

Rond prices configued to seer

Corded big losses.

Bond prices continued to soar as investors fled equity markets amid continuing acute nervouslapse in equity prices on the world economy and the dollar remained under selling pressure.

The Bank of England bought significant amounts of dollars but this was in an effort to stem sterling's rise and there was no sign of co-ordinated central bank intervention.

People were deeply unsettled by the spectacle of markets amound the world chasing each other lower. You could throw almost any positive news at the market and it wouldn't take any notice, said Mr Johnson. Credit markets, in contrast, continued their unprecedented rally. The price of the Treasury's benchbut this was in an effort to stem sterling's rise and there was no sign of co-ordinated central bank intervention.

has now been wiped out, a disappointing way to celebrate the first anniversary of Big Bang today.

On Wall Street, fragile hopes after Friday's relatively stable performance that this week tributed to the astonishing to collapse of prices a week ago.

The Daw Longs Industrial salvad Ms Hildegard Zagorski, an experiment of the salvad Ms Hildegard Zagorski, an experiment of baskets of shares and traders said they sald tree through the day, closing off 156.83 points at the day, closing off 156.83 points at 1793.93 on the Dow Jones Industrial Average.

Tokyo: Tokyo share prices fell average closing 1.096.22 points decline was more controllable, down at 22,202.56.

Hang Kong: The Hang Seng industrial programme trading of baskets New York: Wall Street prices slid relentlessly through the day, closing off 156.83 points at 1793.93 on the Dow Jones Industrial Average.

Tokyo: Tokyo share prices fell average closing 1.096.22 points decline was more controllable, down at 22,202.56.

US shares opened sharply lower, triggering heavy selling both by institutional and retail investors.

'A lot of those people came unhinged, 'said Mr Hugh Johnson, chief investment officer of First Albany, a New York bro
but full session.

Commerzbank index was off 5.8 per cent to 1,569.2 points, and prices continued to fall later in share prices made the Brussels the component of the day.

Singapore: The steep slide in Singapore share prices continued where in Europe, with the Cash index down 198.52 to 4,317.93.

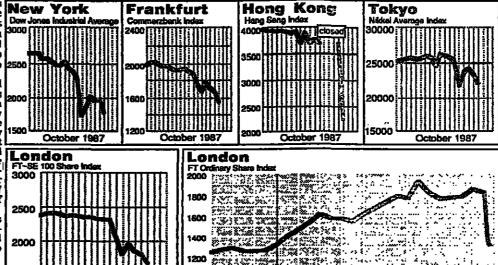
Paris: Improved employment figures and good trade pros
Thailan

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Singapore: The steep slide in Singapore share prices continued where in Europe, with the Cash index down 198.52 to 4,317.93.

Paris: Improved employment figures and good trade pros
Thailan

7.8 per off 7.8.



MARKET MOVEMENTS AT A GLANCE

Oct 1986

1000

share price falls abroad.

The Dow Jones Industrial said Ms Hildegard Zagorski, an Hong Kong. The Hang Seng inequity market analyst with Prudential Bache.

The breadth of yesterday's decline was almost as severe as the stampede to sell last Monday. On the New York Stock Exchange, the ratio of declining to rising issues was an extremely bearish 17 to one.

US shares opened sharply

decline was more controllable, down at 22,202.56.

Hong Kong. The Hang Seng inequity market analyst with Prudential Bache.

US exchanges closed two lours early for the second sesting to the plunging 1120 points to 2241.69.

US exchanges closed two lours early for the second sesting to the plunging 1120 points on the closed off 111.1 points on the day at 1684.1, after trimming deeper losses earlier in the day. Frankfurt Frankfurt shares fell sharply along with most exchanges on the continent. The US shares opened sharply

Reagan agrees to discussions on budget compromise

might be made to cut more than the \$23bn from the 1988 deficit

President Reagan had consis-

already being discussed, Repretently refused calls this year Street's judgement, had argued sentative Thomas Foley, the from Congressional Democrats that an agreement covering only

detailed comment.

Asked why both sides were imise expectations because of concern that if the effort fails

such issues as whether an effort the financial markets could re-

908.60.

Australia: Australian share prices followed the examples set throughout the Far East, with the All Ordinaries index off 6.7 per cent at 1.413.0. The All Industrials index fell 164.7 points to 2.147.3.

Lebanachurg: Share prices in

Brussels: A 3 per cent fall in high yesterday, up one point on share prices made the Brussels the composite index to 517.15.

Johannesburg: Share prices in Johannesburg continued to slide, with the JSE overall index off 134 points to 2.127. The all-gold index sank 104 points to 1.903.

Antiferical rian factor fell 162.7 index off 14.25 at 255.30.

Oslo: Oslo joined the rest of Europe in a sharp fall in share prices, with the all-share index off 18.29 to 225.16.

Stockholm: Pessimism gripped the Stockholm market yesterday. Volume was reported at

1.903.

Amsterdam: A late rally in Amsterdam: A late rally in Amsterdam trimmed the day's 5.5 per cent on the all-share including prices were still down sharply on the day.

Sepal: The Korea Stock Excontinued to insist that yesterdam trimmed the day's 6.5 per cent on the all-share including the day.

Sepal: The Korea Stock Excontinued to insist that yesterday and touched a new record pent-up trading demand during the day's fail had more to do with the day and touched a new record pent-up trading demand during the day's fail had more to do with the day in the day in the day in the day is fail had more to do with the day in the day

trend and touched a new record Thailand: Thai shares fell off by
7.8 per cent yesterday on the
97-stock Securities Exchange of
Thailand index, closing at
368.18.

Hong Kong shares lose \$25bn value in record day's fall

THE HONG KONG Government is to launch a commission of in-quiry into the workings of the territory's futures and stock ex-changes and promised sweep-

ing reforms. Share prices fell by a third yesterday when the markets reopened after a week's suspension. At the close, the Hang Seng Index had fallen by a record 1.121 points to 2.241, wiping about HKS200bn (\$25 72bn) from share values

from share values.

The Government has not yet publicly acknowledged that an inquiry is to be launched mainly for fear that this would add to turbulence on the mar-

However, assurances that the financial system will be over-hauled have been given in writing to stockbrokers contributing to a HK\$2bn lifeboat fund in-tended to defend the territory's beleaguered futures exchange, and in fact were demanded by brokers as a condition of their support. Completion of the package late on Sunday night paved the way for the reopening of the stock market.

Controversy over the decision to suspend trading continued.

to suspend trading continued yesterday with Mr Ronald Li, the exchange's chairman, claim-ing that a collapse of yesterday's proportions a week ago would have bankrupted many brokers.

day's fall had more to do with pent-up trading demand during the suspension than with the ex-change's ability to weather the

had been essential to prevent a massive build-up in settlements.
They also questioned the pro-

priety of giving stock exchange officials who had investments in both the stock and futures markets the unfettered power to suspend trading.

the Demorrats on Capitol Hill that Congress and the President would be discussed.

But neither the White House nor the leaders of Congress, because, if the negotiations suctous for further action in the President, would be drawn into detailed comment.

Acked why both sides were that the Congress and the President are addressing the budget definot be reached because of Mr. Reagan's stubborn determination not to concede a tax increase.

Last Thursday, Mr Reagan signalled that he was ready to meet the congressional leaders in order to protect personal interests, but instead asked whether individuals who had investments at stake should not, as a matter of principle, leave such decisions to the Government. The first step in this direction

However, even before the ne-gotiations formally begin, some on Capitol Hill, echoing Wall was taken on Sunday with the announcement that Mr Ronald Li, deputy chairman of the futures exchange, and Dr Kim Cham, its chairman, had stepped down.

There were no actual defaults on the futures market, but trad-

Continued on Page 26

striking a nonceably conculation, the White House team will be headed by Mr Howard Baker, the White House Chief of Staff, and Mr James Baker, the Treasury Secretary. Mr James Mill-**BP** underwriters launch late

attempt to stop \$12bn issue BY RICHARD TOMKINS IN LONDON

They have invoked a legal procedure in the underwriting agreement which provides for action to be taken if they and the Theorem agree that the circumstance is the circumstance of the cir it of 5.3m ringgit in 1985. Page 18

This move follows yesterday's sharp fall in the London stock market which left BP's existing shares 21p down at 266p. At that price, the quoted stock is 64p less expensive than the shares being offered.

nese dioxide. Page 18

THE 17 chief underwriters of the UK Government's £7.2bn (\$12bn) offer of shares in British Petroleum yesterday launched 10 per cent of the issue has been with BP) shall consult as to what Petroleum yesterday launched an eleventh-hour attempt to get the issue stopped.

the Treasury agree that the cir-cumstances warrant it.

lay. regarded as a proper under-With nearly 2.2bn shares be- writing risk."

However, the underwriting the offer should proceed. So far agreement effectively puts them it is showing no signs of capituin the position of representing lating on its often-repeated asall the underwriters when it sertion that the offer will go a sertion that the offer should proceed. So far it is showing no signs of capituit is showing no signs of c

with nearly 2.20h shares being sold, the underwriters and sub-underwriters face paper losses of up to £1.4bh if, as seems likely, they have to take up most of the remaining stock.

The UK underwriters - led by

Witing fisk.*

Rothschild and the other 16 Bruce, also wrote to Mr Lawson, underwriters met yesterday and urging that the issue should be suspended since allowing it to in their view these conditions had been satisfied. The next "an already battered market."

Lex, Page 26

underwritten overseas and the UK portion has been sub-underwritten with well over 400 institutional investors.

With Bryslan consult as to which a cition shall be taken thereto.*

The assumption is that this leaves the Treasury with full discretion over whether or not

snares zip down at zwop. At that price, the quoted stock is 64p less expensive than the shares being offered.

It also emerged yesterday that well over 100,000 small investors have applied for shares in the BP offer and that applications are still pouring in as tomorrow's 10am close approaches. These investors stand to take heavy paper losses when dealings begin at 230pm on Friday.

September 1. At that verse change in national or inhythe agreement. Mr John Smith, the opposition industrial or economic conditions or currency exchange controls... which, in the reasonable opinion of the Treasury or a majority in number of the underwriters and severity to be material in the context of the offers ... and these people should be given the opportunity to withdraw able opinion of a majority in number of the underwriters be regarded as a proper under-Two Liberal spokesmen, Mr Alan Beith and Mr Malcolm

TING A DASK TO PARIS: FROM THE OF LONDON.

October 26th saw the opening of London's newest airport. London City Airport provides the base for an exclusive new partnership. Brymon Airways, the world's most experienced operator of short take-aff and landing De Havilland Dash 7 aircraft and Air France, offering the efficiency and convenience of Terminal 2 at Charles de Gaulle Airport. (The shortest distance between aircraft and exit of any major international airport).

The service is called Cityclass and we'll be operating six flights to Pans every weekday and two at the weekend.

Cityclass completes the picture for Air France, as we now operate out of all four London airports. Four different ways to cut a dash to Paris.

air france all

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Roh Tae Woo, candidate of the ruling party, who has been dogged by protests, Page 5 Editorial comment: Dislocation in Hong Kong; Spain's socialism Lex: Hong Kong; Lucas Industries;

Yugoslavia: Tension mounts in Kosovo World Trade: Panama to improve shipping register's image FT Law report: Commercial Court tightens time limits . Management: Electronics amid the vineyards .. 20,21 Survey: The Faroes ... Technology: Disaster planning - a "moral obligation" ...

For cirect lights from London City Airport to Charles de Gautile Terminal 2, contact your Travel Agent or call Air France on 01-499 9511, or Bryman Arways on Linkine (0345) 717383.

David Dodwell reports on how the colony's exchanges are attempting to weather the financial typhoon which has struck them

Hong Kong seeks succour in lifeboat - and roast pig

A ROAST PIG was brought on to HK\$3m-HK\$4m Hong Kong's shell-shocked £310,000)."
stock exchange at the end of No-one

ue over the day by 30-60 per Unhappily for many traders, cent, a large number of roast who would wish for more time, pigs were doubtless being all October futures contracts rushed over corporate thresh-mature on Friday. If last night's olds. Whether they have suc- closing price of 1975 prevails on ceeded where mortal market Friday, then those with long po-operators have failed will be sitions on those contracts face discovered only when the stock liabilities running beyond exchange reopens its doors this BK\$1bn which must be settled

All that could be said last
night was that there seemed to
be a lot of nervous unbelievers
than 270 points above the spot about Mr Ronald Li, in the futures price - the likelihood of wealthy clients - liabilities are midst of a robust news confer-volatility is such that very few the greatest and are the subject

predicted.

Those wild fluctuations seem certain to throw several brokers and futures market operators and futures market operators on to the rocks, but as yet no company has floundered. Mr Li, who remains chairman of the stock exchange despite his resignation on Sunday as deputy chairman of the Hong Kong government on handling the crisis, conceded to stockbrokers yesterday than that a "small number" of brokers faced difficulties, and that only small sums are involved - around systems.

Whatever the number, the outlook for many is grim.

Executives in Hambros, the the taking short positions arbitraged against investments on the stock market - the only hint at levels of exposure comes in the stock market - the only hint at levels of

As individual listed companies saw their shares fall in value. Scheme agreed late on Sunday.

pen group is understood to have 10,000 long contracts outstanding which at yesterday's spot futures price would mean losses of just under HK\$1bn during the past 10 days.

Executives

there are hopes and prayers underpinning the adequacy of the It has contributed HK\$100m. It has contributed HK\$100 Hong Kong's shell-shocked stock exchange at the end of trading yesterday - a last-resort wait long before the first degesture among the territory's superstitious Chinese used when all other appeals to the Guarantee Corporation which has been entrusted to the futures market sion that this should be enough. Among the local brokers - most of whom had been long in which has been entrusted to crash came and were trading either on their own account or for

> No-one expects to have to wait long before the first futures market defaults propel traders to the Guarantee Corporation

wealthy chemical wealthy is such that very few the greatest and are the subject analysts expect the futures stock exchange's decision to suspend trading for four days, did not mince his words: "Prices are going to fluctuate wildly," he predicted.

Those wild fluctuate wild fl

owned by Citicorp, and James Capel (also owned by Hongkong Bank). First Pacific has contrib-uted HK\$50m, while Sun Hung Kai has put in HK\$30m. Stockbrokers Hoare Govett and Chin-tung have, with merchant bank-

ers Jardine Fleming, contributed HK\$15m apiece, with Barings, Bankers' Trust, Schroders and Posang Bank (a member of the Bank of China group), each contributing HK\$10m.

Despite government assur-ances that "involved brokers" had contributed HK\$500m to the lifeboat fund, these contrioutions actually only total HK\$415m.

Mr John Mansfield, who heads Wardley Thompson in Hong Kong, yesterday used Hambros' help to gather togeth-er a further 20 stockbrokers and bankers active in the territory in an effort to underwrite the remaining HK\$85m. It is not clear yet how successful this underwriting operation - or per-haps it is sub-underwriting - has been but responses appear to highlight a number of contro-versial issues that have been brought into fine focus by the crisis of the past week. First, the brokers wooed yesterday, none of whom are active in the futures market or have any exposure to it, appear to be asking why they should be ask-

the community's international stockbroking and merchant banking fraternity should be called upon to underpin a life-boat when even today they have not a single representative on either the stock market committee or the futures exchange committee - both of which have considerable autonomous power over the exchanges.

Third, they were concerned about a concentration of resources on support for the fu-tures exchange when there is a case for saying that support could be put to more constructive use in the equity market it-One stockbroker commented:

The futures exchange is cer-tainly something to worry about, but in the last resort the stock exchange can survive without it. The same cannot be said the other way round." The presence of Posang Bank one of the 13 'sister banks' con-

trolled by Beijing that operate in Hong Kong - in the lifeboat list is fascinating, not just be-cause it singles out that bank's special interest in futures and gold trading, but because it highlights the relative absence of Chinese banks or brokers from the rescue operation.

from the rescue operation.

There are no other Chinese banks among the guarantors to the futures exchange who have matched the stockbrokers' Hang Seng Bank.

There were nevertheless market rumours yesterday (unsupported by any strong evidence) that Chinese stock brokers and



Worried Hong Kong residents await news of their investments out-side the closed doors of the colony's stock exchange.

HK\$500m contribution with a financial institutions were acsimilar contribution of their tive traders in the stock market own. This cash comes from the yesterday, buying shares in Hongkong Bank, Chase Manhattan, Standard Chartered, Credit an interest, or which have Lyonnais, Barclays and Wing On Sank which is controlled butter.

Whather this was out of a new controlled butter. Bank, which is controlled by the Hang Seng Bank

an interest, or which have strong links to China. Whether this was out of a politically motivated desire to re-store stability, or a conviction that bargains were there for the taking is unclear - and since it did not result in their stocks

finance takeovers or leveraged buy-outs in the expectation that

names on Wall Street - could be left with considerable exposure

to a single highly indebted com-pany: Southland, a Texas conve-

nience store chain which went private in the summer in a \$5bn

brought hope back to the mar-ket last week, Drexel Burnham

completed a \$400m financing for a bunch of television sta-tions called SCI Television - at a

17 1/2 per cent yield. As the dominant force in the market,

Drexel has to show that they stand with their clients in the

leveraged buy-out. However, in a

performing conspicuously better than others yesterday, it might have been on a much smaller scale than the rumours

suggested.
Mr Li Kashing, who controls companies accounting for short 20 per cent of Hong Kong's (dwindling) stock market capitalisation through his holding company Cheung Kong, at last won agreement from the local takeover committee for temporary suspension of the rule preventing shareowners from buy-ing more than a 35 per cent stake in a company without trig-

gering a full bid.
The demand was aimed at en abling bim to tap his own re-sources to support his own shares, with the aim of buoying the whole market as a result. While agreement was given re-luctantly at lunch yesterday, there was no evidence by the end of trading that Mr Ll had begun to pour funds into the market on any scale.

He is said to be willing to spend up to HKS2bn - a stalement of undoubted confidence in the least parket but it the

in the local market, but at the same time an unparallelled opportunity to lay the ground for a substantial windfall profit One has the impression that ploys of this kind, at the end of the day, are going to achieve more good than roast pigs. But since Mr Li is probably careful to hedge his bets, who is to say there are not roast pigs in Cheung Kong's Pedder Street

UK PRIVATE INVESTORS SEEK SAFER PLACES FOR THEIR CASH

Building societies expect cash flood

BY HUGO DIXON

During the bull market, when small investors were attracted Nation by the capital gains that could trend. be earned on privatisation is-sues and unit trusts, societies found it extremely difficult to attract funds. Now they expect Jim Birrell, Halifax's this trend to reverse. If their expectations are fulfilled, the dynamics of the retail savings and withdrawals associated with the namics of the retail savings and mortgage markets will be

most immediate. Societies were pect to see the first signs of an last week bracing themselves inflow of funds as investors for a massive outflow of funds, whose fingers were burnt get but there was actually an in-Halifax, the UK's largest soci-

ety, which had been expecting a pect to see much less of an out-net outflow of £200m (\$335m) flow of funds over the next few last week, experienced a net in-flow of £40m. The story was sim-otherwise have invested in the

SOME OF the biggest winners from the stock market crash are likely to be Britain's building societies.

Desire the bull market when figures so far this week from Nationwide Anglia confirm the

There has been a "virtual abandonment of the BP issue by

BP issue have stopped. But societies think BP will on-The impact on this week's BP ly be the beginning. Over the privatisation issue has been next couple of weeks, they exhave sold.

Even more important, they ex-

retail savings market. This has meant that societies have next few months and conse-been paying considerably more quently have to pay less good at the margin to borrow from rates to attract them. This small investors than they would save paid if they had raised tive position and allow them to cut mortgage rates.

How much the industry gains from the crash, however, will depend on two factors. First, will base rates fall further? If they do, building societies will have less of an advantage, as the have less of an advantage, as the

extent to which they could com-Not only were they unable to raise enough funds to finance mortgage demand, they also found it difficult to match the

stock market. "We'll see people turning back to building societies," says Mr Brian Whitfield, Nationwide Anglia's general manager for marketing.

The overall effect will be to strengthen the position of societies. Over the past year, there has been intense competition in the prospect that societies may the retail sayings market. This the prospect that societies may be flush with funds over the

rising? If they do, the mortgage market as a whole is likely to

Japanese bond

try is expected to put off pro-posing terms on the November government bond issue until market becomes more stable, or to cancel it altogether, ble, or to cancel it altogether, Market analysts anticipate some difficulty in raising the coupon from the 4.9 per cent on September bonds. This was be-cause the Ministry had per-suaded the long-term banks in-to leaving their prime rate unchanged at 5.7 per cent for November, despite the recent sharp drop in bond prices, they said.

Traders on the Tokyo Stock Exchange (pictured left) struggle to sell shares

Gaibraith: laying blame at Reagan's door

Galbraith discounts depression

THE CRISIS that has hit world equity markets "is fully compa-rable to the crash of 1929, and in some respects worse, but this will not lead to another depression." That was the view ex-pressed yesterday in Turin by Professor John Kenneth Gal-

and the economic policies of ernment. both Arthur Laffer and Milton In the

Investors wince as junk bonds follow equities' descent

THE COLLAPSE in stock-marcrease in high-quality bond ket values has been a tremen-dous boon to fixed-income mar-kets all over the world. Interest funds of 2 per cent. Mr Dick Swingle, of T Rowe Price, the Baltimore mutual fund group, says that investors are selling rates, which measure the price of money, have tumbled as cen-tral banks desperately pump in liquidity to create buyers for out of junk bond funds, but not at the rate of equity funds. But last week, tremors ran through the stock market that the primary market for junk bond issues might be dead. The result would be shattering for those Wall Street firms which have lent their own capital to

stocks.

But there is one ghost at the bond-market feast. The \$100bn-plus US market for low-grade, high-yield corporate securities known as "junk bonds" has suffered from a capital flight no less ghastly than that hitting equity prices. the deal can easily be refin-anced with junk bonds. In par-ticular, Goldman Sachs and Sal-omon Brothers - two of the best

wity prices.

While investors have poured into US Treasury bonds, cutting long-term interest rates by more than 1.5 percentage points in a week, junk bond prices have followed equities down with some speculative issues halving in value as traders sell at any price in a market which at any price in a market which lacks the Government market's liquidity.

Yields on some low-grade isbraith, the American econosues to finance leveraged buy-mist, at a conference in the outs or other risky transactions mist, at a conference in the Piedmontese capital.

He used the occasion to launch a harsh attack on the economic policies of the Reagan Administration, saying:
"We can lay this market crash at Mr Reagan's door." He called the situation on Wall Street the last chapter of Reaganomics,"

According to Prof Galbraith, the causes of the market crash are twofold - the sophisticated stupidity of market speculation and the economic policies of ernment.

stupidity of market speculation and the economic policies of both Arthur Laffer and Milton Friedman.

Prof Laffer's supply-side economics had cut taxes and placed enormous liquidity in the hands of corporate money managers, thus contributing to the exaggerated bull market.

Prof Friedman's monetary policies, according to the Galboraith analysis, had led to high interest rates, an overvalued US dollar and, in turn, the increase in the US trade deficit and the influx of enormous foreign liquidity into Wall Street.

He stressed, however, that the drop in world stock markets was "substantially a financial crash, rather than a reflection of the real economy." He predicted that the market would eventual funds, says the average junk bond fund is down around 3 per cent as against an in-

worst of times," says Mr Wal-lace. And there were hopes yes-terday that the Southland refi-nancing could go ahead, even if at a 17 1/2 per cent. None the less, the junk bond market is now sending furious signals about the health of certain companies which took on heavy debt burdens this year. Harcourt Brace, the publish-

ing, insurance and theme-park group which adopted a "scorched-earth" recapitalisa-tion to repel the UK's Mr Robert Maxwell, has a junior pay-in-kind debenture trading at 50 per cent of par. The market fears - excessively, Mr Wallace says - that the value of Harcourt says - that the value of Harcourt Brace's assets have fallen so far that sales will not even satisfy its bank creditors let alone holders of a security so far down the pay-out chain. Supermarkets General, which went private in a leveraged buy-out, has seen one \$25-par security fall to \$12. A Burlington Industries security is trading in the high teens.

posed financial institutions into

bankruptcy.
Other central banks took a similar, though far less public line. The Bank of England reduced its money market dealing

duced its money market dealing rates on Friday, while the Bundesbank indicated it would at least resist any further increases in West German rates.

What remains less clear, however, is just how far the central banks are prepared to let rates fall in order to bolster confi-dence in stock markets. Yester-

day, the Bank of England resisted pressure for a further cut, while the Bank of Japan signal.

Australian big business to rescue of Perth bank

A A\$300m(\$215m) rescue speration has been launched for Bothwells, Mr Laurie Connell's Perth-based merchant bank, which has become a casualty of the ructions in the stock market.

Elsewhere, one takeover bid has been called off because of the falling market, but three others have been launched, as bidders, including Mr Ros Brierley, take advantage of

lower prices.

Rothwells' problems started on Friday morning when the National Australia Bank and the ANZ Bank refused to hon-turnous, word had spread and a ran developed on Rothwells with demands to withdraw an estimated ANZ line.

estimated A2206m.
Mr Connell almost immediately sold two Perth property development sites for about A330m, but this was clearly intions were held at the weekend to cobble together the rescue

package.

The lynchpin is a guarantee by the Western Australian government of a A\$150m commercial bill issue by big trading banks. Rothwells has also won agreement from a diverse club of businessmen who have been dubbed 'Australia Inc' to support a A\$164m share issue. The merchant bank will also make a A\$164m preference there is

a A\$169m preference share is The members of Australia Inc are a Who's Who of Aussuch are a who's who of Australasian business, including such unlikely allies as Robert Holmes a Court, Alan Bond, Kerry Packer, John Elliott, Ron Brierley, Bruce Judge and Dalias Dempster. There has also been specified the Vision Briefley and Palias Dempster.

so been speculation that John Spalvins may be involved.

The rescue has caused speculations that Mr Warwick Fairfax's A\$2.55hn bid for the John Fairfax media empire may be aborted since Rothwells is the key adviser and a leading player in the situation.

Meanwhile, Sherwin Poste

er in the situation.

Meanwhile, Sherwin Pasteral has launched a bid worth just on A\$100m for Australian Agricultural, one of the country's biggest rural trading and finance groups. The company recently fought off a A\$6.25-a-share bid from Mr Ian Boles, a private pastoralist. The new bid is A\$7-a-share on an ex-dividend basis.

nd is A57-a-snare on an ex-arvidend basis.
Industrial Equity, Mr Ron
Brierley's master company,
has launched a bid worth just under A\$40m for United Bairies, another rural group. IEL already holds just under 20 per cent of the company's capital,

tapical,
In a further rationalisation
in the Australian oil sector,
Command Petroleum, part of the resources empire of Mr Robert Champion de Crespig-ny, the Perth-based business-man, has launched a share and cash swap for Sydney Oil Co.

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Singapore puts curb on futures trading

al Monetary Exchange has tak-

WITH STOCK markets contin-

uing to slide yesterday, inves-

tors in government bond markets were counting their gains as the recent decline in interna-

tional interest rates gathered

Just two weeks ago, the consensus was that borrowing costs would continue on the upward

trend seen since the spring in response to fears that inflation rates around the world were

heading higher. West Germany's official endorsement of that

trend sparked the transatlantic row which many experts believe was a significant factor be-

hind the stock markets' crash.

The crash itself, however, has

transformed the outlook - at least temporarily. As the charts

al Monetary Exchange has taken steps to dampen speculation in futures in apparent reaction to the difficulties faced by the Hong Kong market,

It has imposed a daily price limit on the Nikkei Stock Average Futures Contract which now cannot be traded at a level of more than 5,000 points above or below the preceding day's or below the preceding day's Simex has also revised up-

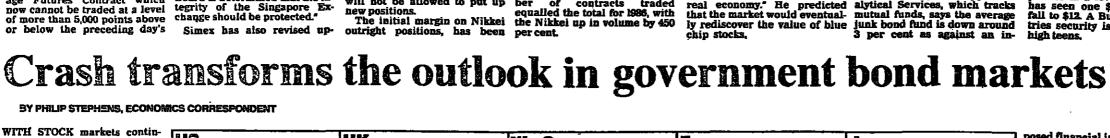
new limit can continue those positions provided they are adequately margined. But they will not be allowed to put up new positions.

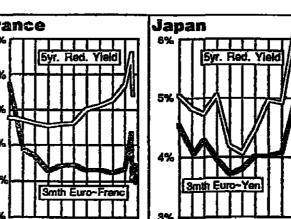
The daily trading volumes in Simex have accelerated rapidly this year. By mid-year the number of contracts traded equalled the total for 1986, with

wards the minimum margin levels for Eurodollar and Nikkei contracts while reducing the limit on outstanding positions. Customers already above the new limit can continue those positions continue those positions continued the entire continue and the continue those provided the continue and the c

W. Germany

The initial margin on Nikkei the Nikkei up in volume by 450 outright positions, has been per cent.

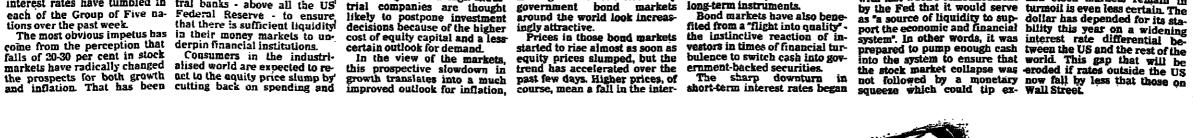




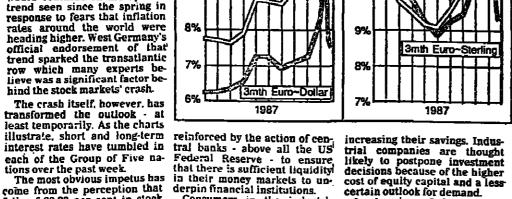
John Malila

with last week's announcement and stock markets remain in by the Fed that it would serve turnoil is even less certain. The as "a source of liquidity to sup-port the economic and financial bility this year on a widening system". In other words, it was interest rate differential be-

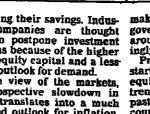
nailed that it was not consider-ing lowering its official rates. How long they - along with the Bundesbank - can stick with that policy if foreign exchange

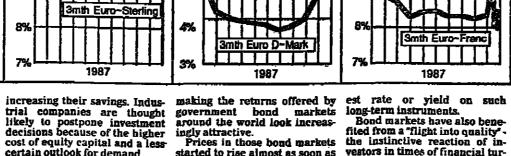


BY PHILIP STEPHENS, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT



UK





Spain's visible trade gap widened in September

chandise trade deficit following its entry into the European Community accelerated in September, according to the latest customs figures.

In dollar terms the trade gap for the first nine mouths was almost double last year's at \$10.250u, an increase of 94 per cent. In peseitas, the gap widened by 74.5 per cent to Pta1,308bn from Pta750bn at the same stage last year, as Spain's deficit with its 11 EC partners multiplied ninefold.

Ptal65.5bn was 25 per cent higher than August.

higher than August.

The deficit with the EC rose to
The figures confirm the rush Pla443bn in the first nine
of non-oil imports onto the months compared with Pla49bn

German Chancellor, yesterday denied that the Boun Govern-

ment was prepared to guarantee a large loan to East Ger-

many in return for humanitarian concessions by

The news magazine Der Spie-

The news magazine Der Spiegel said negotiations were under way for a DM4bn loan to East Germany by a consortium of banks led by the Bayerische Vereinsbank, which would be partially guaranteed by the West German Government.

West German Government.
The bank yesterday denied involvement in the loan.
Der Spiegel said East Germany had agreed to further improve travel between East and West Germany and to relat the bedder.

Germany and to relax its border The West German publication

Bonn denies East

German loan claim

Spanish market since tariff bar- in the same period of 1986 and a riers started to be dismantled 18 months ago, coinciding with a strong recovery in Spanish con-sumption and industrial invest-

Spain had previously run a regular trade deficit because of its oil imports, but the change in trade patterns since joining the Community has wiped out the benefits of cheaper oil and plunged the remainder of the country's international comdeficit with its 11 EC partners
multiplied ninefold.

The September deficit of surplus before entry - into the

Chancellor Kohl dismissed

The head of the West German

Pta200bn surplus the year be-

ary and September rose 25.3 per cent to Pta4.341bn despite a virtual standstill in energy pur-chases, which rose by less than Il per cent to Pta753bn.

Other import categories showed a 32 per cent growth, including almost 90 per cent for cars, 63 per cent for toys and sports goods and 49 per cent for electrical machinests.

goods and up per cent for elec-trical machinery.

Exports rose by 11.7 per cent to Pta3,030bn, showing a stron-ger trend in September with a 33 per cent rise over the same month last year, led by food and farm products.

tax 'will deter

the report as a phantom discussion which he knew about only from the press. There is nothing to it, he told reporters in Bonn. Mr Friedhelm Ost, the West German Government. Spokesman, acknowledged, however, that this did not exclude constants on a Mr Gilman Gunn head of head West German Government. German bonds if West Germany spokesman, acknowledged, however, that this did not exclude possible contacts on a loan between West German banks and East Germany.

West German Germany in return for humanical did not expected by the second of the

investors'

Germany in return for humanitarian concessions were widely reported during the visit last month to West Germany by East Germany's leader Mr Erich Holongham and the state of t

considered measure," Mr Gunn told a conference on the Euro-

port.

Mr Strauss, however, remarked in a newspaper interview on
the Spiegei report that he had
the Spiegei report that he had
personally not acted as a nections between West Berlin

to a small extent, although most were waiting for a final decision on the tax.

The proposed withholding tax could reduce interest payments on bonds, making West German bonds less attractive compared with countries where there is no such tax.

no such tax.

In theory, rates would rise to compensate for the withholding tax, while some investors in other countries could claim back

But it is not just a question of

In addition, Japanese inves tors cannot claim back with-holding tax of 10 per cent or lower he added.

All these factors can be ex-pected to drive away foreign in-vestors and make it harder to raise money on the West Ger-man domestic bond market, Mr

W German

euromark issues. West Germany said earlier

Parliament's Inner German Relations Committee, Mr Hans-Guenter Hoppe, said in another reaction to the reported loan negotiations that a state-guaranteed credit for East Germany was not at present under digns. country.

"The withholding tax is an ill-

The West German publication reaction to the reported loan noted that Mr Franz Josef Strauss, the Bavarian Prime Minister, who was instrumental in granting a DMIbn government-backed loan to East Berlin would first ment-backed loan to East Berlin would first have to show itself appreciative of the "advanced trust" shown by Germany of his renewed support. told a conterence on the suro-pean Currency Unit. "If this tax is levied, foreign investors will change their strategy."

He said foreign investors had already started moving out of the West German bond market to a small extent, although most

(interest) rates," Mr Gunn said.
"Middle East investors, for example, just will not fill out the paperwork to claim back additional tax."

Poll support growing for Belgian socialist parties

The Government collapsed in French-speaking Wallonia last week over a language row since elections in October 1985, between French and Dutch-speaking communities, and Mr Wilfried Martens, the Prime Support for the socialists in Flanders rose 3 per cent to 26.8 Minister, now heading a care-taker administration, said he expected an election to be held

AN OPINION poll published yesterday showed the centreright Belgian Government could face stiff opposition from socialist parties in a general election expected before the end of the year, Reuter reports from Brussels.

The Government colleged in Farsels and dropped more than 4 per cent to 42.4 per cent to

Flanders rose 3 per cent to 26.8 per cent and in the Frenchspeaking south slightly more.

on December 13.

The poll showed that only in the small bilingual Brussels renewspaper La Libra Belgique, showed his own Dutch-speaking ties holding their own.

EUROPEAN NEWS

Judy Dempsey reports on tensions in the Yugoslavian province of Kosovo

Serbian strong man upsets uneasy balance

the 200,000 Serbian and Monetenegrins who live in the prov-

nast week when thousands of former vice-president of Yugos-lavia.

Mr Hodza had suggested in a speech to army reservists that rapes of Serbian women by Albanian men would be reduced

Party, recently adopted a tough policy aimed at stamping out intimidation or violence against the Serbian and Montenegrin population living in Kosovo. Albanians in Kosovo argue that these policies are slowly eroding the political and civil rights of the ethnic Albanians living in the province.

Serbians who argue that the Albanians who argue that the argue that the status of a republic constitutionally, that would give it the right to secede from the Yugoslav federation with the consent of the six republics and Vojvodina, the other autonomy that the consent of the six republics and Vojvodina, the other autonomy that the consent of the six republics and Vojvodina, the other autonomy that the consent of the six republics and Vojvodina, the other autonomy that the consent of the six republics are the consent of the six republics and Vojvodina, the other autonomy that the consent of the six republics are the consent o

THE YUGOSLAV authorities sevic's policies towards Kosovo status of a republic because Kosovo symbolies the cradle of to the autonomous province of and chauvinist. They have also Serbian culture.

Kosovo on Sunday in response to mounting tension between the L7m ethnic Albanians and randum drawn up by the Serbi- for all by force, journalists pursuing the 200,000 Serbian and Monete.

randum drawn up by the Serbi-an party at Mr Milosevic's insti-gation, recommended that the press reflect the views of the Tension increased over the party. The memorandum also past week when thousands of recommended a thorough exam-Sarbian and Montenegrin wom-ination of media personnel. It en demonstrated in Kosvo call-amounted to a hit list against

magazine, commented.
The autonomous province of Kosovo which is constitutionally linked to the Republic of Serbia is now becoming an idee firs for Mr Milosevic.

banian men would be reduced if the Serbs in Kosovo worked as prostitutes. He has since been expelled from the party.

His expulsion, however, will do little to ease the tensions, which have been exacerbated by the hardline Serbian Communist Party.

Mr Slobodan Milosevic, president of the Serbian Communist Party, recently adopted a tough policy aimed at stamping out in-

from Nin and other newspapers argue. The atmosphere in Kosovo en-

courages Mr Milosevic's poli-cies. Random violence exists in the region. The 200,000 strong Serbian and Montenegrin popuing for the resignation of Mr Fa. 'any editor or journalist who cri-dilj Hodza, a prominent ticises Milosevic,' a journalist from Kosovo, partly out of in-politician in the province and a from Nin, a Belgrade-based timidation, partly because timidation, partly because there are no jobs. Kosovo is one of the most under-developed regions in Yugoslavia with an un-employment rate of over 50 per

> The Serbian media frequently reports cases of rape of Serbian women by Albanians and ran-dom attacks on Serbian properdom attacks on Serbian proper-ty by Albanians. Mr Milosevic has publicly promised the Ser-bians to quash any outbreaks of nationalism and violence in Ko-sovo directed against the Serbi-an population living there. His principal method is to impose strict Serbian rule throughout

He is moving quickly. The Communist Party in Kosovo, for instance, is undergoing a purge. Reliable pro-Serbian cadres are now being promoted. Staff of the political and civil rights of the ethnic Albanians living in the province.

Sections of the media in Serbia, which have come under sharp attack from the Serbian many Serbians also believe that the expense of the specific Alparty, have criticised Mr Milo
omous province which is also are now being promoted. Staff at the university of Pristina, the capital of Kosovo, are being vetted to the university of Pristina, the capital of Kosovo, are being vetted for their political reliability with the emphasis on promoting with neighbouring Albania. The expense of the specific Alparty, have criticised Mr Milo-

the region.

kovic, the late President Tito's right-hand man. As head of the security forces during the 1950s and early 1960s, Mr Rankovic adopted a ruthless policy of suppressing the Albanians in Kosno, the result of which led Kosovo, the result of which led to bloody riots in 1968.

The Serbian party is in no better shape to challenge Mr Milo-sevic. Last mouth, during a central committee session of the Serbian party, Mr Dragisa Pav-lovic was dismissed as head of the Belgrade party organisation for questioning Mr Milosevic's policies on Kosovo. Mr Pavlovic said there were no quick solu-tions to the problem and indi-rectly criticised Mr Milosevic's manipulation of Serbian nation-alism in promoting his goals. During that session, Mr Milo-

sevic's main rival, the liberal-minded Mr Ivan Stambolic, who favours a more moderate policy towards Kosovo, was defeated. He had sided with Mr Pavlovic. The decision, at Mr Milosevic's instigation, to sack Mr Pavlovic signalled the political eclipse of Mr Stambolic.

The view in the other republies is far from united on the rise of Serbian nationalism. The more conservative republics of Bosnia-Herzegovina, Macedonia and Montenegro identi- er po-ty with a muted press, a strict inces.

BELGRADE YUGOSLAVIA SERBIA SKosovska

party line and have little pa-

Macedonia

Mitrovica Trepca

Mitrovica Trepca

Montenegro

Pec PRISTINA

Prizrent Skople

Monte-negro

ALBANIA

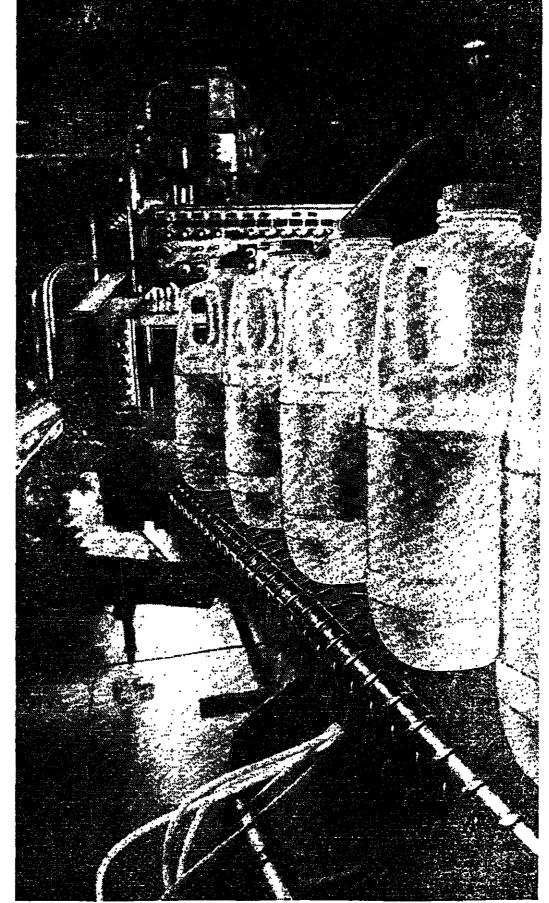
tience with Kosovo.

The Republic of Croatia and
the remarkably liberal Slovenia
are critical of Mr Milosevic's
policies towards Kosovo. They often resent pouring in huge sums of money to develop the region. They argue, however, that any long term stable inte-gration of Kosovo demands time as well as judicious economic and social policies.

These two republies, along with the autonomous province of Vojvodina, will try to resist the amendments at present be-ing drawn up in the constitution which would give Serbia great-

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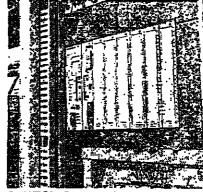
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SCHAETER SYSTEMS INTERNATIONAL

Leading MEP quits French **Front National**

BY GEORGE GRAHAM IN PARIS

French ultra right wing party led by Mr Jean-Marie Le Pen. has suffered its first serious de-fection since its leader shocked French public opinion last month by describing Hitler's gas chambers as "a detail" in the history of the Second World

Mr Olivier d'Ormesson, a member of the European Parliament, resigned yesterday from the party and from his position as chairman of Mr Le Pen's presidential campaign committee.

the radicalisation of the Front National's policies, which carries a risk for the destiny of our

The Front National said that Mr d'Ormesson had joined the party thinking that he could change it from the inside and tial candidacy.

several of the Front National's death penalty and 51 per cent regional leaders, as well as an believed his party had a place apparent split between "hardli-in French political life.

THE FRONT National, the ners and moderates in the national leadership. In particular, some moderates

had expressed reservations about the uproar in the National Assembly earlier this month caused by Front National mem-bers of the assembly who ran amok during a late night debate in protest at the absenteeism of other members.

If Mr Le Pen's blunder over

the gas chambers and the riot in the National Assembly have outraged a broad swathe of French public opinion, it is by

vote has gone up or down. A re-cent Ipsos poll in the magazine Le Point showed that two-thirds of those questioned hoped Mr Le Pen would not obtain the 500

make it lose the identity which has created the success of Jean-Marie Le Pen."

The defection follows those of der and the restoration of the

Unemployment falls to lowest level for a year

BY GEORGE GRAHAM IN PARIS

UNEMPLOYMENT in France jobless out of the unemploy-fell by 2 per cent in September. ment statistics.

work dropped last month by boyed to around 1.9m, the level business or 10.5 no after seasonal adjustments or 10.5 no adjustments or 1 52,300 to 25m after seasonal aujustments, or 10.5 per cent of the active population, compared with an unemployment rate of 10.7 per cent the previous that another 10.7 per cent the previous that another 10.4 munemployed have been remonth, the Ministry of Social moved from the statistics by appearance of unemployed special job creation and training schames. Affairs announced yesterday.

The number of unemployed had shown an increase in August, when holidays had led to the closure of some of the training centres which have successfully taken large numbers of the arrival of school leavers on the labour market.

leaving the country's jobless rate at its lowest level for a mr Jacques Chirac hopes by March next year to have re-

ing schemes.
Before seasonal adjustments,

Tahiti riots add to instability in S Pacific

By Robin Pauley, Asia Editor THE SOUTH PACIFIC, destabilised by the coup in Fiji and un-rest in New Caledonia, has re-ceived a further jolt with riots in France's tropical island par-adise of Tahiti.

The French have been deeply unpopular in the South Pacific region for years because of their use of Mururos Atoll for

ren's presidential campaign committee.

The blue-blooded Mr d'Ormesson, mayor of his family fief of Ormesson-sur-Marne since 1947, said his withdrawal was caused by Mr Le Pen's remarks on the Nazi gas chambers and the radicalisation of the Front

The riots, which have resulted in the imposition of a state of emergency and a dusk to dawn curfew, followed violent inci-dents on Friday in which 500 striking dockworkers and youths smashed shops, set buildings and cars on fire and stoned police.

At least 30 people were injured and 60 arrested. The un-rest erupted when police evicted striking dockers from the main port.

France has been trying to improve its regional image by stepping up aid to the South Pacific and taking the leaders of the Cook Islands, Tonga and Western Samoa on tours of Mu-.

It also held limited joint naval exercises with Fiji last month despite Western criticism of the country's new military leader, Colonel Sitiveni

Paris also claimed to have put-an end to separatist demands in its South Pacific possession of New Caledonia when a referendum last month showed heavy backing for continued French rule. However most of the Kan-ak separatists boycotted the polis.

France's nuclear testing is against the treaty agreed by the South Pacific Forum to ban the use or development of nuclear weapons in the region.

Britain and the US refused to sign the treaty, principally be-cause of their ties with France.

EC to publish capital liberalisation plans

BY QUENTIN PEEL IN BRUSSELS

THE European Commission will the EC this week - in spite of only aggravate the sort of finan-last-minute doubts because of cial instability currently re-the current turbulence on inter-vealed in the international marnational stock markets.

plans for lifting all remaining sis, because EC residents in all restrictions on private capital the leading member states can transactions across EC borders. already freely buy stocks and The plans are expected to be shares across border

approved at the Commission formally publish its plans to meeting on Wednesday, in spite complete the final phase of liboral spite of some lingering doubts among cralising capital movements in Commissioners that they will

Mr Jacques Delors, the Com-Commission officials argue mission President, is determined to press ahead with the lation to the stock markets cri-

and Italy.

yesterday. These are all worry-ing from the point of view of controlling liquidity and the

TALKS CALLED ABOUT RADIATION STANDARDS

An emergency meeting of EC Foreign Ministers has been summoned for Thursday night to re-solve virtual deadlock over the safety standards to be set for radiation in foodstuffs in the event of a nuclear accident, writes Quentin Peel in

The ministers have a deadline of October 21 to

The ministers have a deadline of October 21 to agree on whether to continue the present regime introduced after the Chernobyl disaster in 1985 or allow a legal vacuum to ensue.

In spite of strong British, French and Spanish opposition, they are expected to agree on continuing the present relatively strict standards, pending a deal on the acceptable radiation levels to be fixed in the event of any future accident

Given the lack of exchange controls already in the UK and West Germany, as well as the Benelux countries, the main ef-fect of the plans being put to EC Finance Ministers will be to lib-

eralise transactions in France We are talking about personal cash transfers, purchasing short-term bonds and the like, a Commission spokesman said

If there is no agreement, then West Germany, Denmark and the Netherlands are expected to introduce their own national standards immediately - requiring border checks on food prod-acts, and widespread disruption of trade.

France, Spain and the UK, who between them command a blocking minority, have been fighting for radiation standards recommended by national scientists in the Euratom Article 31 com-

Other member states, led by West Germany, want stricter standards to reassure public opinion, whereas the European Commission has sought to propose a compromise in the middle.

monetary base, but they have no real relation to stock exchange transactions."

Mr Delors is none the less likely to take the opportunity to re-emphasise his belief in the need to reinforce the co-operation in the European Monetary System in conjunction with fur-ther capital liberalisation, to prevent widespread movement of speculative money across

The Commission's proposals also warn of likely problems in controlling tax evasion if individuals can move their cash about freely within the EC.

Those member states facing continuing serious balance of payments problems with the rest of the Community - such as Spain, Portugal, Greece and Ireland - would be allowed to maintain limited exchange controls at least until 1992, when the frontier-free internal mar-ket is supposed to come into ef-

fect.
The Commission has so far proposed that Spain and Ireland should phase out such controls by 1990, and Portugal and Greeceby 1992.



ahead with plan

The proposals will be put to next month's meeting of EC Fision by the EC monetary committee, which has been working with the Commission on their

French trawlers blockade Calais and Boulogne

BY KEVIN BROWN, TRANSPORT CORRESPONDENT

FRENCH FISHING trawlers said the French and Belgian blockaded the Channel ports of governments had been kept ful-Calais and Boulogne yesterday ly informed, but confirmed that in protest at an extension of UK both had recently sought urgent territorial waters from three to discussions. Talks are expected to take place in Proceedings

territorial waters from three to 12 miles.
Ferry services from Dover and Folkestone were suspended in mid-morning after the P & O European Ferries ship Free Enterprise IV was prevented from leaving Boulogne.
The blockade was mounted without warning, and the ferry companies were unaware of its purpose for the most of the day. There was no indication from the fishermen of when it would lifted.
The protest followed the extension of UK territorial waters on October 1 to match the 12 miles limits adopted by most other European Community countries.
EC fishermen retain access to fishing grounds with six and 12 miles, but are excluded from prime waters off the Thames Estinary by the Common Fisheries access within six miles of the coast to UK trawlers.
The British Foreign Office

nomic reform to improve living conditions, knowing that it could mean two to three years

Solidarity denounces Poland's economic reform referendum

BY OUR FOREIGN STAFF

POLAND'S banned indepen-dent trade union Solidarity res-terday denounced the Government's planned referendum on economic reform as solely propaganda and urged Poles to said the Government is discred-

boycott the vote.

In a communique issued by
Solidarity activists in Gdansk,
the union said it favoured economic and political reform, but said the announced questions

tion" that would broaden citi-

The country is being govern-

ed today by the same team that introduced martial law six years ago, quashing the demo-cratic aspirations of society,"

of a solely propaganda nature."

it said.

enterprises and allowing marthe statement followed a ket forces to influence prices
meeting of activists from and wages.

The second asks if Poles want around the country in Gdansk a Polish model of democratisation. Sunday night.

on Sunday night.
The reorganization announced by Solidarity consolidated a fragmented leadership structure that was split between a public "provisional coordinat-ing committee" and an under-

ground wing.

The statement said all the leadership would now be vested in a new national executive

said the announced questions for the referendum on November 29 were too general and presented no concrete steps towards democratisation.

Meanwhile the union announced that it was reorganising itself, by eliminating its underground branch and setting up a new national commission chaired by Mr Lech Walesa.

The Polish parliament, the Seim, on Friday made public the questions to be asked in the referendum.

The first question asks the Polish people if they approve of a radical programme of economic reform to improve living of a solely propaganda nature, of the statement said.

The government at that time solemnly pledged to introduce an economic reform and lead to introduce an economic reform and lead to the country out of its crisis. None of these promises has been kept, it added.

The union said the reference and two more will be solemnly pledged to introduce an economic reform and lead to the country out of its crisis. None of these promises has been kept, it added.

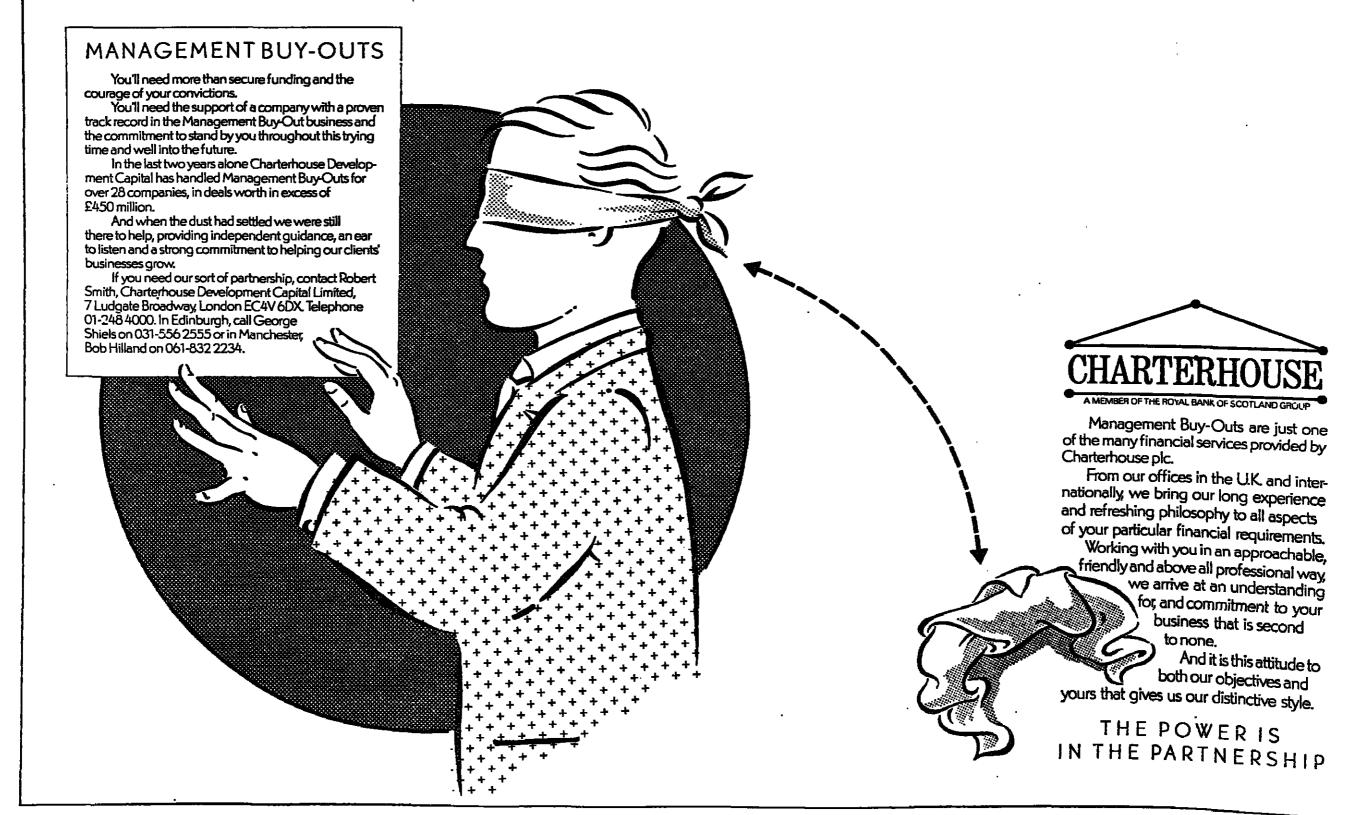
The union said the reference and two more will be some lower-level Solidarity leaders were named to the commission and two more will be some lower-level Solidarity leaders were named to the commission and two more will be some lower-level Solidarity leaders were named to the commission and two more will be some lower-level Solidarity leaders were named to the commission and two more will be some lower-level Solidarity leaders were named to the commission and two more will be some lower-level Solidarity leaders were named to the commission and two more will be solemnly pleaged to introduce an economic reform and lead to the country out of its crisis. None of these promises has been kept, it added.

The union said the reference and commission under Mr Walesa.

The polarity leaders were named to the commission and two more will be an economic reform and lead to the country out of its crisis. Some lower-level Solidarity leaders were named to the country out of its crisis.

Some lower-level Solidarity leaders were named to the country out of its crisis planning and management of enterprises and allowing mar-

Does going it alone mean going on your own?



KOREA

OSEQUL

SOUTH

KOREA

Kwangju

Malaysia to cut debt and sell company stakes

in Malaysian International Shipping Corporation is a con-

THE MALAYSIAN Government vantage of the low domestic in will prepay Ringgit 5bn (£1.2bn) terst rates to prepay Ringgit of its external debt later this 2.4bn of external loans from year to reduce the heavy bur-den of debt servicing. It will al-It said the Government den of debt servicing. It will all ts aid the Government had so sell off its stakes in the national airline and shipping line tion's debt servicing ratio (DSR) to Bank Negara, the central within the 20 per cent limit. The bank, to raise revenue to reduce
its budget deficit.

These are among some of the

.

These are among some of the cent for 1988.

These are among some of the cent for 1988.

Observers say the sale of the Malaysian budget presented by Mr Daim Zainuddin, the Filaysia Airlines and 30 per cent. nance Minister, to parliament

on Friday.

The minister said the Government intended to continue with the prepayment exercise into 1990 and this would save an estimated Ringit 528m in debt servicing.

Shipping Corporation is a convenient way to tap the central shank's large foreign exchange reserves for more urgent purposes. The Government's stake in the two companies was worth Ringit 2bn at last Friday's clos-

rated Ringgit 528m in debt servicing.

It is estimated that the Government's external debt (including those of its agencies) declined from Ringgit 43.1bn at the end of 1986 to Ringgit 41.5bn to 1987, while the national debt is expected to decline from Ringgit 50.6bn to Ringgit 49.2bn during the same period.

The Treasury economic reserved to decimal the two companies was worth Ringgit 2bn at last Friday's closing prices.

However, important policy decisions involving the two companies was worth Ringgit 2bn at last Friday's closing prices.

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The Treasury economic report, which accompanied the sion to increase oil production budget, noted that some of the from 494,000 barrets a day this syndicated market loans obtained between 1983-87 were ex-

floating notes.

The report added that the Government was also taking ad
floating notes.

Overall budget deficit will be Ringgit 6.8bn compared with Ringgit 10bn for 1977.

peace-keeping force.
"We are now in control except

Tamils hang on in their

"JAFFNA is now a free city." did the Sri Lankan army in its said Lt Gen Depinder Singh, Commander-in-Chief of the Indian army's southern command. He was announcing that the city had been completely encircled by the 20,000-strong Indian peace-keeping force.

"We are now in control except Tamil Eelam.

The latest figures given by

last Jaffna stronghold

Kuwait asks West to upgrade air defence

By Tony Walker in Kuwalt KUWAIT HAS asked a Western country to help upgrade its air defence system to counter the

missile menace from Iran. Requests are believed to have been made to Britain, France and the US. A representative of the West

ern government said the Kuwai-ti request was being studied, being told that Kuwait should have the capacity to deal with slow-flying Chinese Silkworm missiles with its own resources.

Kuwait has recently rede-ployed US supplied Hawk surface-to-air missiles on Fai-laka Island, about 10 miles offshore. The Hawks are now posi-tioned in the path of the Silkworms which are being fired from the Faw peninsula on Iraqi territory at the head of ing prices. on Iraqi on Iraqi the Gulf.

> The strike last Thursday against Kuwait's Sea Island oil loading terminal demonstrated the vulnerability of its oil installations to Iranian missiles
> The Kuwaitis may also have renewed their request for US Stinger shoulder-fired missiles in an effort to give themselves additional means to counter the

syndicated market today tained between 1983-87 were extended by the spensive, bearing interest rates of between 8 and 8.5 per cent. Some of these loans were refinanced through the issue of new Ringgit 27.6bn (unchanged), the overall budget deficit will be wait fired one of the Soviet proving notes.

The Government expects its revenues for 1983 to increase by another option for Kuwait is to seek extra help from the Moscow which had been supplying surface-to-air missiles. Kuwait fired one of the Soviet proving the second of the soviet proving the second of the soviet proving the second of the second jectiles at an incoming Silkworm which struck an American-owned Liberian flagged tanker in Kuwait har-bour on October 15.

A request for help to Mop-scow would be in keeping with Kuwait's attempts to involve both super powers in its de-

A Western attache said that one of the problems in discuss-ing air defence measures with the Kuwaitis was the contradiction between a desire to sell equipment and the military as-sessment that Kuwait has adequate resources.

The attache said that a difficulty facing Kuwait was the lack of highly skilled personnel needed to operate sophisticated anti-missile devices. This was something that could not be solved quickly without the closury involvement of foreign special er involvement of foreign spe

Kuwait has been extremely reluctant to involve the US more deeply in its defences fearing this would only increase Iran's displeasure.

peace-keeping force.

"We are now in control except for a small part of the old city" he said. But the Indian army's problems are not quite over. Though only a square mile in size, the old quarter is a congested area, where some 400 Tamil Tigers remain holed up, sworn to defend it to the last man. They have taken a "Black Tiger oath' to die fighting.

The number of civilians in this part of the old town is not known but but the chances are that the streets are land-mined and the buildings boobytrapped.

This much the Indian army has learned the hard way in its 15-day onstaught on Jaffna, as Meanwhile, Kuwait has been the focus in recent days of in-tense diplomatic activity follow-ing the Iranian missile attacks.

The path to democracy is littered with obstacles, Maggie Ford reports Rivalry threatens Seoul reforms

REGIONAL animosities and vi-olent incidents are marring mocracy, as the country strug-gles to cope with an outmoded electoral system still suffering from the constraints of an au-

thoritarian regime.

In the past few days public concern has mounted over a number of violent incidents mainly affecting the campaign rallies held by Mr Roh Tae Woo, candidate for the ruling Democratic Justice Party. Police have started to crack down on demonstrators who threw eggs and tear gas at Mr Roh. At the weekend a rally in his home town of Taegu, his most successful so far, was disrupted when stu-dents threw firebombs and

Opposition leaders have strongly urged students and dissidents to stop disrupting ruling party rallies and so far the violence has been fairly minor. But a firebombing of a police box in Seoul last week by students belonging to a radical group which wants the overthrow of the Government, rather than elections, added to concern. added to concern.

Today the nation votes in a referendum on the new constitution agreed by a bipartisan group and approved by the National Assembly earlier this month. The constitution is expected to be approved overwhelmingly, but if voting is dis-

the south-east of the country and Cholla in the south-west. The rivalry has been exacerbated by strong discrimination province in favour of those from thing.

Kyongsang under both the Park thing.

While both politicians are While both politicians are

Government and the present regime of President Chun.
Until recently, Cholla had received few of the benefits of the economic boom, either in indus-trial or social development, and Cholla people complain of dis-crimination in getting jobs with big companies and winning promotion in the bureaucracy. The underdevelopment in the

province has caused a mass migration of Cholla residents to
Seoul and Kyongsang provinces
where many have been forced
to take the most menial jobs,
creating an underclass. Their
feelings of resentment were increased by the Kwangju incident in 1980, when an uprising
in the Cholla capital to protest
against the jailing of Mr Kim
Dae Jung and the imposition of
martial law was put down by the
military, leading to the loss of at province has caused a mass mihome made tear gas at his motorcade.

A second presidential candidate, Mr Kim Jong Pil, who is standing on the record of the previous authoritarian government of President Park Chung Hee in which he was Prime Minister, also experienced disruption last week when demonstrators tried to tear down a podium where he was due to speak. Mr Kim has asked police not to arrest those responsible.

Concern over the violence is widespread, prompting fears of a hardline crackdown to protect stability. We are determined to have the election, one Seoul businessman said. But we are not sure how to stop this violence.

Opposition leaders have

province have enquired.

fear is thought to be particularly strong in some areas of the
July,

These problems will in the
These problems will in the Regional feeling divides the military, especially in the group two provinces of Kyongsang in of Chun supporters.

OPPOSITION SPLIT CLOSER

late to decide on a unified op-position candidate through a party convention. His aides were reported to be preparing to announce a new political party which would hold its convention early next month. On the eve of the national ref-erendum in South Korea to vote on a new democratic convote on a new democratic con-stitution, two top opposition leaders moved closer to a split enabling them both to run for president in the election due in December, Maggie Ford writes from Seoul. Mr Kim Dae Jung, who joint-ly leads the Reunification Democratic Party with his ri-val Mr Kim Young Sam, reiter-

@ Police arrested a total of 73 students following a demon-stration on Sunday after a rally at one of Seoul's leading uni-versities addressed by the two Kims.

spondents believed that regional feeling was the biggest issue against the people of Cholla in the election. Fifty one per province in favour of those from cent thought this was a bad

aware of the problems that re-gionalism is causing, and of the danger of destabilising violence produced by the mass rally system of campaigning, there ap-pears to be little that can be done about it without a government change of heart. A Western-style modern elec-

tion, with campaigning done mainly on television and some regional indoor meetings could regional (ndoor meetings could easily be mounted in South Korea, where TV set ownership is at European levels and the population is highly educated and almost 100 per cent literate.

But Mr Roh has failed to make good on his promise last June to introduce freedom of the media Great strides have been

dia. Great strides have been made in the independent news papers, now free of governmen interference, but television re mains under strict state control Mr Kim Young Sam last week described the television stations as Mr Roh's "personal advertising media" and public dis-gust at the bias on both news and feature programmes is clear. Mr Kim Dae Jung, for instance, has appeared in only two television interviews since his civil rights were restored in

end be a matter for Mr Roh, who introduced the democratic reforms in June. Since he is most affected by the violence, he may feel that taking the campaign off the streets is desirable. Such a decision would also enhance

a decision would also enhance his democratic credentials.
On the other hand, he may calculate that concern about the surge in regional rivalries could work in his favour if voters decide that supporting either Kim is too dangerous for future stability. But allowing the present situation to escalate may be dangerous for democracy too.

Gulf states fail to blame Iran

By Richard Johns

SAUDI ARABIA and Kuwait failed at a meeting of foreign ministers of the Gulf Co-operation Council at the weekend to obtain a whole-hearled condemnation of Iran for its missile attacks on one of the

six member states.
Fears felt by the United Arab
Emirates. Qatar and Oman
about escalating confrontation with the Islamic Republie were regarded by Western diplomats as accounting for the limp and tortuously phrased communique issued following the meeting in Ri-

yadh on Sunday. The statement issued after a long debate acknowledged that there had been a "dangerous escalation in the region represented by Iranian aggressions against Kuwait. Saudi Arabia signally failed to to obtain a call for UN sanctions against Iran.

Armacost to meet Aquino

By Richard Gourley in Manila

MR MICHAEL ARMACOST, US Under-Secretary of State, will meet President Corazon Aqui-no of the Philippines today as part of a visit to top political figures in the government and the opposition.

However, the low-key visit, which is part of a tour includ-ing South Korea, Japan, China and Malaysia, coincides with renewed interest in Manila in the role played by US diplo-mats seen with rebel military officers during a failed coup attempt in August

Mr Nicholas Platt, the US am-bassador, said last week that bassador, salu last week that the military attache seen with rebe! leader, Col Gregorio Honasan, was only doing his job," meaning the observation of key military events as they unfolded.

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Sarney faces threat from rightist party

tle over whether to withdraw next year's municipal elections ministers from President Jose Sarney's increasingly enfeebled administration.

come as a body blow to the Pres-ident after his Cabinet reshuf-mined to continue backing fle, announced last week, provoked widespread criticism for

also commands a majority in both houses of Congress. It would also have an impact on Brazil's foreign policy just as delicate negotiations on the country's \$115bn debt open and threats of a trade war with the US over harriers to American US over barriers to American information technology sales

are mounting.
The PMDB, itself an incoherent coalition of interests, is highly influenced by nationalist factions opposed to any compro-mise over the country's moratorium on \$68bn in commercial bank interest payments or the reservation of the informatics

market for domestic producers.
The PFL's central directorate is scheduled to meet on Thursday in Brasilia to decide the is-

LEADERS of Brazil's right-wing
Liberal Front Party (PFL) are
locked in a fierce internal batif it stays linked to an unpopu-lar government. But a faction of dministration.

Congressmen, led by Mr Antonio Carlos Magalhaes, the Com-

Ironically, a split in the PFL failing to consolidate his hold is the exact opposite of what the on the government. on the government.

If the PFL decides to opt for full-blooded opposition, Mr Sarney's so-called national unity government would be entirely dominated by the Democratic Movement Party (PMDB), which also commands a majority in PMDB and thereby creating a unity government was aimed at provoking a division in the PMDB and thereby creating a centre-right administration in which his influence would in-

unified and the PFL lapsed into damaging infighting. This latest humiliating rever-

sal for the president has further enhanced calls for direct presi-dential elections next year. An alternative scheme, gaining ground in the Constitutional As-sembly, is for the introduction of a parliamentary form of gov-ernment with reduced powers

Senator Maciel said last week Senator Maciel said last week that if the party voted to with-draw from government, he would back direct presidential elections next year. There is no sue, but it is already deeply split. Senator Marco Maciel, the party leader, is anxious to withdraw into opposition following pressure from grass-roots activity.

Argentine unions call 12-hour general strike

THE Argentine trade union

movement is once again on the warpath, having papered over its internal differences and announced over the weekend that a 12-hour nationwide general strike was to be organised for

The General Confederation of Workers ratified the go-ahead for industrial action following a surprise about-turn by one sec-tor of the CGT, which earlier in the week had resigned en masse from the confederation's direc-

over control of posts within the opposition Peronist party, and which are allocated to trade

union representatives.

The dissenting union leaders in the "orthodox" faction of the CGT, headed by Mr Lorenzo Miguel, the metalworkers' leader, decided however to drop their objections to the nominations favouring the other main faction led by Mr Saul Ubaldini, the CGT general secretary, when they realised they had insufficient support within the CGT to force the issue.

Consumer spending slows in US

US CONSUMER spending slowed in September, the first fall for eight months, despite a strong rise in personal incom the Commerce Department said

The 0.5 per cent fall in consumer spending was greater than many analysts had fore-cast, and it could fall further as a result of last week's stock market crash. Many Americans use the stock market to invest savings.

President Reagan warned the public several times last week that if consumers put off too many purchases of goods - such as refrigerators and cars -they could tip the US economy into

Yesterday's figures revealed Yesterdays tigures reveated a strong 0.7 per cent gain in personal income, up \$25bn from August's level. The rise followed a revised 0.6 per cent gair in August, compared with earlier estimates of 0.5 per cent. Spending fell by \$16bn (0.5 per cent) to a seasonally ad-

per cent) to a seasonally adjusted \$3bn in September. Spending rose by 1.7 per cent in August, compared to earlier estimates of 1.5 per cent.

Mr Beryl Sprinkel, outgoing chairman of the President's Council of Economic Advisers, said on US television that the Administration was not worried. Administration was not worried.

But when you lose a half trillion dollars in the market place, this is likely to encourage con-sumers to spend at a smaller clip."

Contra rebels 'meet Managua primate in NY'

Officials of the Nicaraguan Con-

PRESIDENT Reagan has never made a secret of his desire to Whether Mr Gorbachev would ever have allowed himself to be made a secret of his desire to play host to Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet leader, and on Thursday night he gave full rein to his imagination.

Yes, he confided to reporters camped at the White House for their first presidential news conference in Washington for seven months, he had thought about inviting Mr Gorbachev to California. He knew a little about the Soviet-style beach home, and he thought "it would be kinda nice to invite him to up to our 1,500 ft adobe shack built in 1872 and let him see how a so manipulated is open to question. But now the prospect of a Gorbachev visit has faded, and the Reagan Administration's

disappointment is palpable.
The bad news from Moscow came at the end of one of the blackest weeks of the Reagan presidency: a record stock market crash, the humiliating, if expected defeat in the US Senate of Mr Reagan's Supreme Court nominee, Judge Robert Bork, and finally the breast cancer surgery on the First Lady, Nancy, on whom Mr Reagan, 76, so

Educating Mikhail has been an enduring theme of the late years of the Reagan presidency. It began with Mr Reagan delivering an American history les-Mr Gorbachev may have decided to take full advantage of these tribulations when he backed away from an earlier written commitment to attend a treaty-signing summit. But he may also have sensed that the White House was panting a litwhite House was painting a lit-tie too hard for a telegenic sum-mit at which the screen-con-scious Mr Reagan would undoubtedly excel. When Mr Howard Baker, the former Republican Senate Ma-



Plans for educating Mikhail take nosedive

jority leader from Tennesse took over as White House chief of staff this year, he made clear he had set two goals to enable the President to recover from the Iran-Contra scandal: a budget deficit cutting deal and an arms control pact with the Sovi-ets eliminating medium range missiles. If successful, Mr Baker would

go down as the man who sal-vaged the Presidency. Equally important, he and the President

President Reagan was never going to agree to a summit in Washington at any price. The notion that he may at this stage agree to major concessions on the US Strategic Defence Initiative (SDI), the space based antimissile system, is even more far-fetched. Mr Reagan's legacy in history - so often mentioned as a key factor in White House thinking - is less determined by an INF arms deal than a desire

would build an attractive platform for the Republican challenger in the 1988 Presidential election based on the twin confusion in the Administrathemes of peace and prosperity. tion's dealings with the Demo-Last week's events appear to cratic majority in Congress, undermine the strategy. But it while it is true that the US Senwould be wrong to over-estimate the damage wrought by Mr
Gorbachev's last-minute switch
test and develop the SDI system as permitted under the 1972 ABM Treaty, it does not follow that Democrats are aligned with the Soviets on SDL

Many Democrat lawmakers also buck at pressure from the Soviets on a weakened US President, and are more likely, at least temporarily, to rally round the Administration.

Mr Reagan is down, but by no means out. His officials - led by Mr George Shultz - are adamant to protect and develop the SDI will not give more ground programme.

The commitment to SDI will The much-touted image of Mr scarcely diminish because of Gorbachev riding horses round Mr Gorbachev's opposition. If Rancho del Cielo was at the anything, it will strengthen Mr very least fanciful: Mr Gorbachev Page 1872 Reagan's resolve because it shows that he has one card in his hand which the Soviets fear.

ering an American history lesson at their first meeting in late 1985 in Geneva. It survived last year's glitsch at Reykjavík, and this year was due to peak with a Washington summit followed by a whistle stop tour of the US by Mr Gorbachev who would be given empirical evidence that capitalism works. Joseph Mann reports on a political contest already hotting up for next year's election

Venezuela resumes quest for a president

LIKE A political carousel that never stops turning. Venezuela's presidential contest is picking up speed as next year's election approaches. The country's two main political parties, the
ruling Democratic Action and
the Social Christian Party (Copei) have run prolonged, costly
and bitter internal campaigns
to decide on their presidential
candidates.

in 1872 and let him see how a capitalist spends his holidays."

Spirited political campaigning in Latin American democraing in Latin American democracies is nothing new, but in Venezuels the quest for the presidency never ends. Only days after Mr Jaime Lusinchi, the incumbent Democratic Action President, was elected to a five-year term at the end of 1983, members of his party were actively discussing who would be the candidate next time around.

Officials of the Nicaraguan Coutra rebels have had a secret meeting in New York with the Roman Catholic Primate of Nicaragua and discussed a cease-fire, the New York Times said yesterday, Reuter reperts.

The newspaper said the meeting was significant because Cardinal Miguel Obando y Bravo was regarded as someone who might be able to find a ceasefire formula by the November 7 deadline imposed by a new regional peace treaty.

1983, members of his party were actively discussing who would be the candidate next time around.

Since then, presidential hopefuls have been drumming up parties have been forms by responsible political leaders and electoral authorities to limit the period for "pre-presidential" campaigns.

For many months, Venezuelans have been bombarded with

For many months, Venezue-lans have been bombarded with gional peace treaty.

The New York Times said daily news reports on the candidates, television and radio in the candidates, television and radio in the candidates. terviews, testimonials, rallies

choosing a new president, na-tional congress and state legislatures next year, the pace is ac-celerating.

Mr Lasinchi, an obstetrician

turned politician, won a land-alide victory over Copei's Mr. Rafael Caldera, a former presi-dent, in the 1983 election. Mr Lusinchi, who leaves office in February 1989, obtained more than 56 per cent of the votes cast compared with almost 35 per cent for Mr Caldera. Demo-cratic Action also won a strong majority in the national con-gress and 20 state legislatures. Since Venezuela's last dictator was ousted in 1958, there have was ousted in Isos, there have been six presidential elections. Democratic Action has held the presidency four times and Copei twice, last time from 1979-84. A social democratic party and the country's largest political organisation, it chose its presidential standard heaven

its presidential standard bearer on October 11, after a fierce internal campaign that raised a real threat of division.

won the primary race, beating foreign petrpleum and iron ore Mr Octavio Lepage, the 64-year-old former interior minister and longtime party heavy-

weight.
Mr Perez, revealed by the polls to be the most popular po-litical figure in Venezuela today, overcame heavy internal



Lusinchi: failed to inspire private investors

oppositon to his candidacy and ternal campaign that raised a real threat of division.

Mr Carlos Andres Perez Rodriguez, a charismatic 65-year-old who was president during the oil boom years of 1974-79, won the primary race, beating Mr Octavio Lepage, the 64-year-order to his candidacy and secured his victory through the support of key labour leaders. The populist Mr Perez approved huge spending and borrowing programmes during his presidency and nationalised foreign petrpleum and iron ore

waste and corruption, but Mr Perez is also credited with ad-vancing important projects in aluminium, steel, hydroelectric power and petroleum.
Copei, Venezuela's Christian

Democrats, are the country's main opposition group and second-largest party. Two Copei leaders are fighting it out for the candidacy; Mr Rafael Calde-ra, now 71, one of the party's founders and former president from 1969-74, and Mr Eduardo Fernandez, aged 47, the party's secretary general and for many years a Caldera protege. Both Mr Caldera and Mr Fer-randez have vigorously attack-

nandez have vigorously attacked the Lusinchi administration, at the same time touting their own leadership qualities and directing jibes at each other. Mr directing jibes at each other. Mr Caldera stresses his experience and honesty. Mr Fernandez - re-ferring indirectly to Mr Calde-ra's record as Copei's perennial presidential candidate (he first ran for the presidency in the 1940s) - offers the conntry a "change and new development models." Delegates represent-ing Copei's membership will de-cide on a candidate on Novemcide on a candidate on Novem-

By law, both ex-presidents had to wait 10 years after leav-ing office before seeking the

Movement Towards Socialism (MAS), Venezuela's moderate socialist party, has chosen Mr Teodoro Petkoff as its presidential candidate for 1988. Mr Petkoff, who was the MAS candidate in the 1983 election, is a former guerrilla leader who for many years has worked peace. many years has worked peacefully within Venezuela's democratic system as a congressman

and tedious "pre-campaign" has been long on personalities and short on ideology or specific programmes. The main issues have been the Lusinchi administration's performance (espe-cially its mixed results in economic policy), inflation, unemployment, foreign debt, election reform, government in-efficiency and relations with

The Lusinchi administration pulled the economy out of several years of recession in 1986, straightened out most of its internal and external accounts and advanced a number of im-portant national projects. But the regime has not been able to restore widespread confidence among private investors

While it is still far from clear who the winner will be in 1988, it is obvious that the two main parties will continue to domi-nate the system



Engineers in the automobile industry are developing sensational ideas for replacing mechanical constructions with modern electronics. But some ideas are too advanced for practical application. For example the petrol cable.

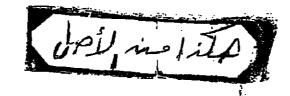
The idea is to install a tiny transmitter under the accelerator, which would send impulses to a precision receiver near the carburettor or the fuel injector. This receiver would control the fuel flow which the driver regulates via the accelerator pedal. But fine electronic components like these are extremely vulnerable.

A case was needed to protect the components from salt, moisture, oil and chemicals. One strong enough to hold up under extreme conditions. Including fluctuations from the lowest to the highest temperatures. And the impact of severe shocks.

The solution was found in the laboratories of DSM, one of Europe's leading chemical concerns. That's where some 1500 research employees daily develop new synthetics that keep the automobile industry moving.

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EC puts farm trade plan on **GATT** table

BY WILLIAM DULLFORCE IN GENEVA

THE EUROPEAN Community rather than price supports. Ne yesterday presented a two-stage gotiations in GATT, the EC proprogramme for the reform of posed, should lead to a phased world trade in farm products to reduction of farm supports in the group negotiating on agrithe main commodity sectors to culture in GATT's Uruguay be effective in two stages.

proposed that GATT countries sugar are now roughly double in a second stage undertake a the annual trade volumes and "significant concerted reduction" in overall farm supports.

But its programme fell far short of the sweeping proposals for the elimination of all production and export subsidies in 10 years, tabled by the US in Juments' for cereal subsitutes, the

could not agree to abolish all Mr Legras acknowledged. farm supports. The Community
would also have to retain the
double pricing which keeps the
prices paid to its farmers higher
than its export prices.

Other emergency measures
proposed by the EC included
agreements to reduce the quantities of sugar put on the world
market and to maintain present

Some protection for the domestic market was needed to markets. mercue market was needed to markets.

preserve the EC Common Agricultural Policy, Mr Legras said.

But he conceded EC had to move towards a new system in centives to farmers that were which farmers' income would "out of line with what the markets."

Under the second stage of the EC plan, countries would substantially reduce production incentives to farmers that were which farmers' income would "out of line with what the markets."

will supersede the existing law and is designed to increase Western investment in the country, AP reports.

The main features of the law

changes were under discussion in the Federal Assembly (Par-liament), but would not specu-late on when - or in what form-the new law might be adopted.

The main aims of the law are to decrease state control, allow

foreign partners the same rights as their Yugoslav opposite num-

ber and encourage investment by Western businesses in Yu-

were outlined in London by Mr
C Kovacevic of the Yugoslav
Federal Committee for Energy
and Industry. He said the
the extension

Yugoslav joint venture

law to boost investment

YUGOSLAVIA is introducing a promote small and mediumnew joint venture law, which sized business development.

The first, which would leave It called for emergency action, including pricing agreetact, would include measures to ments among big exporters, to improve the current market sitease tensions on cereals, sugar uation for key products. Inter-and dairy markets. The EC also national stocks of cereals and

ly, and by the 13-nation Cairns
Group last week

Mr Legras, the EC Commission's Director-General for Agriculture, emphasised the EC 12

could not agree to abolish all Mr Legras acknowledged.

tional competitors, together with looser crewing require-ments for which they have been

More autonomy is to be given joint venture companies. The

government says that, at pres-ent, there are too many regula-tions and that it is necessary to

deregulate investment as much

Another important change is

roundly and repeatedly con-demned by seamen's unions. The main beneficiaries have been Liberia, which has a large-ly US-owned fleet, and Panama, which has attracted mainly Jap-anese and European vessels,

trading conditions.

this month how far the Republic which excludes ships of less of Panama is prepared to go to maintain the rapid growth achieved by its "open register" shipping fleet in the last dethan 100 gross tonnes, most of the early growth went to the 772,000 gross tonnes in 1948 to tially since 1980 - Cyprus from 81.5m in 1979, before falling 2.1m gross tonnes to 10.6m, and

back to 52.6m at the end of last Latterly, Panama has led the way, with an increase from 6.2m tonnes in 1971 to 41.3m tonnes and cut the cost of joining.

But this may not be the end of has been since 1977, when the incentives on offer. Secnaves is understood to be considering further measures to fleets reflect this growth in mir-

ror image. The Norwegian fleet, What Panama decides to do for instance, was down to 9.2m will have a big impact on open gross tonnes last year from a peak of 27.9m townes in 1976, while the UK fleet fell to little more than 11m tonnes from more than 33m tonnes in 1975. Both have declined further this

because they are open to alishipowners without the inconve Europe is beginning to fight back, however. "Offshore" regis-ters which offer many of the benefits of open registry together with the retention of a traditional maritime flag, are being set up or expanded by several

> These include the Isle of Man, part of the UK register, the Nor-wegian International Register, and putative competitors in France, Denmark and Luxem-bourg. The latter is not deterred by the lack of a coastline from seeking to supply its flag to Bel-

gian shipping. Liberia and Panama also face threat from less well-established open registers such as modest increase of some Cyprus, which is attracting West gross tonnes as a result.

According to figures pro- German and Greek tonnage, and duced by Lloyd's Register, the Bahamas, which is increasingly popular with US owners. Both these fleets expanded by more than 2m gross tonnes in 1986, and both are up substan-

Kevin Brown reports on incentives for shipping to join Panama's open register

Panama fleet adopts a fighting strategy

Hector Alexander, Panama's Finance Minister: more initia-

the Bahamas from 87,000 tonner It was against this background that the two established open registers took action last year to protect their share of the market.

Liberia introduced registra-tion discounts of up to 22.5 per cent for most ships last year (33 per cent for fleets of 1m net tonnes or more) and claims a modest increase of some 500,000

ter's casualty rate.

The principal initiative, however, was a registration discount of 30 per cent for ships of 75,000 gross tonnes and above, equivalent to a cash rebate of at

believe this has had immediate beneficial effects, although comparisons are difficult because figures produced by Sec-100 gross tonnes and are there-fore not strictly comparable with Lloyd's figures. On this basis, however, Dr Hu-

go Torrijos, director-general of Secnaves, says the fleet has in-creased by 3.3m gross tonnes to 60m gross tonnes in the first 10 months of this year, half of which is attributable to the discount. He was sufficiently encour-

aged to announce last week that the scheme would be extended to all ships joining the register, regardless of size.

In addition, Dr Torrijos said

he was considering a further in-centive for owners of ships of more than 75,000 gross tonnes, which would allow them to their registration fees This woold amount to a signif-

icant concession to owners of large ships, since fees for a very large crude oil carrier can exceed **5200.000**

duction of examinations for of Torrijos and Mr Hector Alexanficers and ratings, and stepped der, Panama's Finance Minisup inspections of older ships in ter, in Geneva earlier this an attempt to reduce the regismonth during a gathering of Panamanian consuls from all

over Europe.

Among the proposals put forward - which are still under consideration by the authorities

least \$15,000 per ship.

The Panamanian authorities believe this has had immediate ships from \$1 per net tonne to 50

• A 50 per cent discount for ships of 50,000 net tonnes or A 50 per cent reduction in

the registration of title tax for ship transfers;
• Reduction or abolition of surcharges for late payment of

taxes;

• Waiving of inspection fees for laid-up ships;
• Reform of the accidents levy, which is used to finance casualty inquiries and Panamanian representation at interna-tional conferences.

The importance of the ship-

ping register to Panama cannot be overestimated - it is the sixth higgest revenue earner for the Government, providing \$40m in direct tax income per year, and is estimated to generate a further \$50m worth of business in associated service industries. Maritime income is of similar importance to Liberia, but Pan-ama's fighting strategy arouses

little sympathy with the regis-ter's US-based officials, who say These initiatives are relative-ty minor, however, compared to with rock bottom prices.

Cocom violation 'began in 1974'

By Karen Fossii in Oslo

ILLEGAL Norwegian exports of sensitive data equipment to the Soviet Union, violating Cocom regulations, began in 1974, when they did not involve To-shiba of Japan, said Mr John Bernard Green, a British for-mer director of Kongsberg Trade, the export arm of Norway's state-owned arms maker Kongsberg Vaapenfabrikk (KV) which is accused of breaking Cocom rules.

Recent investigations by Norwegan investigations by Nor-wegan police authorities aided by the US FBI reveal that KV. Toshiba and six European com-panies, including one in the UK, illegally supplied sophisticated technology for a decade to the Russians.

However, Mr Green said in an interview in the Bergen Times, illegal exports took place more than a decade ago with the full knowledge of the KV president and several other senior KV employees. Mr.Green, who was the first person charged by Norwegian authorities this spring for giving inaccurate informa-tion to US and Norwegian investigating officials, said negotia-tions between KV and Toshiba to collaborate on sales to the Soviet Union began in 1974.

He said that in 1980 the president of Toshiba met KV officials in Norway and by 1981 a deal was signed. The first illegal delivery made by KV and Toshiba to the Soviet Union did not occur until May 1982, Mr Green said, though other illegal deliveries to the Soviet Union
were made by KV before that
Mr Green said high ranking KV
personnel were, at that time,
aware that the delivery was in
violation of Cocom regulators and that information to Norwe-gian trade ministry officials was disguised in order to gain export approval.

It was this contract, he said, which alerted US Cocom officials, who met in Paris in 1981, to the possibility of Cocom violations by Norway, and it was also et this time when other European companies were impli-cated in the Cocom export viola-

The former KV director also said the Russians had re-quested other "advanced" equipment which KV refused to deliver, and that KV lost sever-al" contracts because of its refasal to supply this equipment.

Europe's motor parts industry faces long period of stagnation

FRESH warnings of stagnation, or decline, in some sectors of Western Europe's huge motor replacement parts, accessories and garage equipment sector, have been made after the Automotive Trade Show, a Society of Motor Manufacturers and Trad-ers-backed showcase for the UK motor aftermarket industry. The market for replacement

Two weeks ago Secnaves, the

Panamanian maritime director-

ate, announced the extension of

neasures introduced last year

What Panama decides to do

registers generally and on the future of a new breed of off-

shore" competitors springing up

The open registers - so called

nience of establishing an office

in the country of registry - have

expanded rapidly since the 1960s as owners have sought to cut costs in the face of difficult

They offer cheaper registra-tion fees than their more tradi-

to improve the register's image

defend its market share.

in Europe.

the extension of joint ventures to all sectors of the economy. The only exceptions will be so-cial services, education and in-surance. However, in the free customs zones, insurance and reinsurance joint ventures will car parts alone - excluding accessories - was worth \$17.2bn (£10.4bn) last year in Western Europe, according to a new study from market analysts Frost & Sullivan * be allowed.

Under the new law, individual Yugoslavs would only be al-lowed to enter into such congoslavia. It is also designed to tracts by buying securities.

mean the market is enjoying on- over is most constrained by im ly marginal growth. The study estimates it will still be below the \$18bn level, at constant 1986

By the study's estimates of the study's estimates it will still be below the \$18bn level, at constant 1986

the \$18bn level, at constant 1986 prices, in 1991, which means fiercer competition, nowhere more than in the "fast-fit" replacement parts sector.

A few days before the UK show opened, Mr Tom Farmer's Kwik-Fit Euro organisation announced sharply higher profits and the imminent addition of 25 outlets to its 359.strong UK outlets to its 359-strong UK chain of exhaust, tyre and other

component fast-fit centres.
According to the Frost & Sul-

By the study's estimate only 0.4 per cent growth can be expected in this area in Europe over the five years to 1991. The implication, given the success of concerns like Kwik-Fit Euro and the Pirelli-owned SMC chain, is that vehicle manufacturer-franchised dealerships and garages are most vulnera-

tomobile Parts: Can Europe's In-dependent Producers Survive? However, longer product life, livan study, it is the tyres, ex- Frost & Sullivan, 4. Grossenor service intervals and other hausts and other fast-moving Gardens, London SWIW ODH. quality and reliability factors parts sector whose total turn- \$2,700.

Japanese companies join Australian railway plan

building a railway in northern spokesman said.

Australia, a spokesman for Kumagai Gumi, one of the compacompany E and E

magai Gumi, one of the compa-nies, said yesterday, Renter re-perts from Tokye.

The Darwin-based joint ven-ture, Rail-North Proprietary Ltd, will study in greater detail a plan proposed last year by Australia's Northern Territory Government, he said.

A spokesman for Japan Rail-

COMPANIES from Japan and struction could start by 1990. Australia will form a joint ven-ture to study the feasibility of some Y60bn (\$418m), the JARTS

Japanese computer sales company E and E Co Ltd, Henry and Waiker Ltd of Darwin, and the Northern Territory government have agreed to join Kumagai Gami in the venture. Japanese companies included
The Long-term Credit Bank of
Japan, The Bank of Tokyo, The
Tokai Bank, C.Itoh and Co. Ma-

A spokesman for Japan Railway Technical Service (JARTS), an industry technical support group, said the railway would the Tokyo branch of Australia's span the 1,425 km between Alice Springs and Darwin and Freeman Fox International of spar development of the territory's natural resources. Contion conspiracy.

Industriekreditbank Reports

Strong Gains in 1986/87

Germany's Medium-Sized Companies Increasingly Dependent on Foreign Trade

Medium-sized firms are often more dependent on exports and imports than is generally assumed. Nearly every second job in West German industry is directly or indirectly dependent on exports - a trend that has steadily gathered strength since the 1970s. For this reason, in its 1986/87 annual report, IKB examines the effects that current world economic trends have had on business, in particular on foreign exchange rate movements, on changes in oil prices, on shifts in the structure of demand, on foreign investment, and on the competitive strength of other countries' exports. IKB's latest annual report, which draws some unexpected conclusions, is available upon request.

IKB in Perspective

Industriekreditbank (IKB) is a private-sector commercial bank specializing in medium and long-term fixed-rate loans of up to ten years and longer. The shareholders are mainly prominent institutions in the West German financial and business community. A representative of the Federal Government is on the Bank's supervisory board. IKB's clients comprise nearly 7,000 corporate borrowers - primarily medium-sized firms. Credit is provided largely for capital investments and export financing. Funding is arranged through the Bank's own long and medium-term bonds - financial instruments which are considered highly attractive for institutional investors seeking currency diversification in D-marks.

IKB Improved Profitability

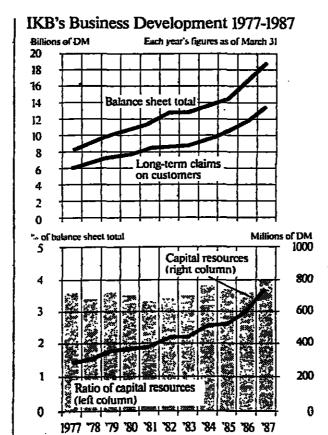
During the 1986/87 business year, IKB's net interest income grew by a healthy 13.7% to DM 256 million, with operating results increasing by 11.4% to DM 154 million. Out of total net income, DM 12 million was allocated to the provisions. The dividend remained unchanged at the previous year's level of DM 8 per DM 50 share despite a 16²/₃% growth in capital during the intervening period. As of March 31, 1987, IKB's capital resources amounted to DM 746 million and the ratio of capital resources was 4%.

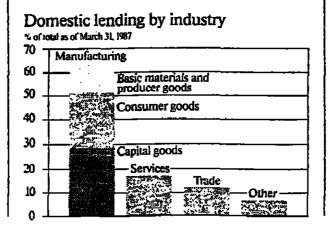
Credit Volume Grows

Claims on customers rose by DM 1.9 billion to DM 14.2 billion, with total loan disbursements exceeding DM 4 billion for the first time. More than 70% of total disbursements were in conjunction with credits of 10 years and longer. The average maturity rose from 5.3 to 6.3 years. As in the past, the manufacturing sector was the biggest borrower, representing a good 60% of the total. However, the service sector has accounted for an ever larger share in

Specialized Services

In addition to long-term lending, IKB offers a wide range of specialized financial services. For example, in Luxembourg, IKB's branch and subsidiary, Industriebank International S.A., have both achieved successes in international lending, money market trading, and the securities business. A wholly-owned subsidiary in Hamburg, IKB Leasing GmbH, is active in fixed asset leasing, and a joint venture of IKB with BHF-BANK specializes in real estate leasing. IKB's international business focuses primarily on long-term machinery and equipment export financing. The recently-established Corporate Finance Division provides specialized consulting services to companies on questions of capitalization, including stock exchange introductions. Together with other banks, IKB also maintains an active venture capital company as well as an investment company for companies not qualifying for a stock exchange listing. The expert counselling services of IKB Consult GmbH are available to corporations of all sizes.





Summary of Financial Figures (non-consolidated)

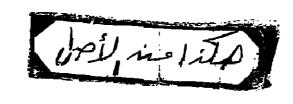
	-	
	Change	
18,814	16,661	+ 12.9
19,188	17.644	+ 8.8
14,16711	12,247	+ 15.7
13,718	11.787	+ 16.4
6,770	6,367	+ 6.3
4,751	4,279	+ 11.0
4,150	3,299	+ 25.8
745.5	6 01.5	+ 23.9
256.1	225.3	+ 13.7
45.6	40.8	+ 11.8
	18,814 19,188 14,167** 13,718 6,770 4,751 4,150 745.5 256.1	19,188 17.644 14,167" 12,247 13,718 11,787 6,770 6,367 4,751 4,279 4,150 3,299 745.5 601.5 256.1 225.3

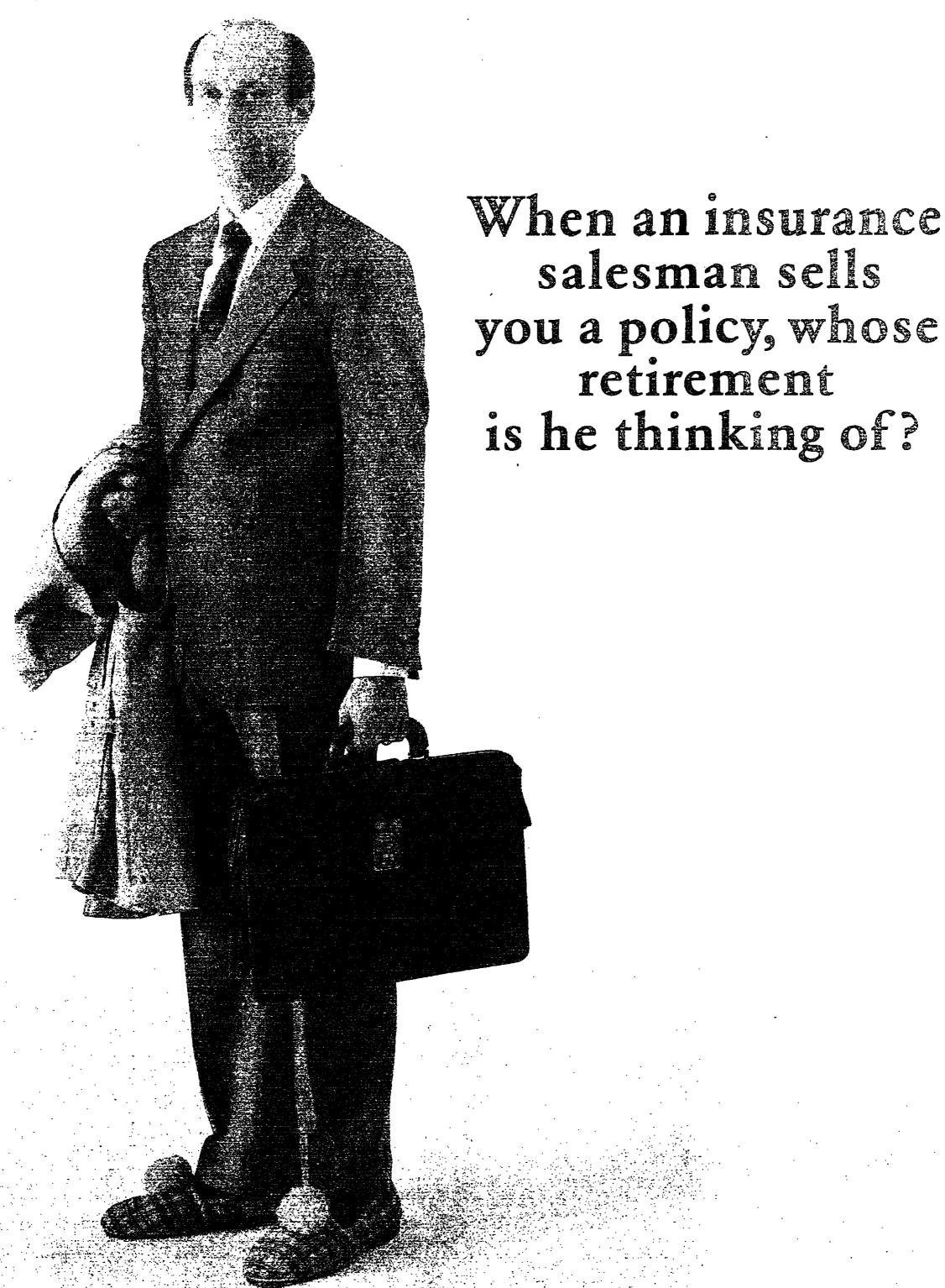
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FT LAW REPORTS

Commercial Court tightens time limits

COMMERCIAL COURT PRAC-TICE
Queeu's Bench Division (Commercial Court): Mr Justice
Hirst: October 23, 1987

His Lordship said: "Last term Mr Justice Staughton consulted the City of London Law Society and the London Common Law and Commercial Bar Associaand Commercial Bar Associa-tion concerning proposals for limitation of time for interlocu-tory hearings, which form such an important part of the Com-mercial Court's work.

This was supported by the so-dictions, but the Bar expressed two hours.

misgivings. After further consideration, the Commercial Court judges have decided to prescribe stricter control of time limits for a trial period of 12 months encompassing the legal year 1987.88 gal year 1987-88

gal year 1867-88.

Progress will be monitored meantime and any representations will be carefully considered when it comes under reered when it comes under re-view in the summer of 1988.

The efficient working of the system depends on accurate es-timates of the time needed for a summons. It is therefore incum-bent on counsel and solicitors to take special care in this re-spect. In future any summons which overruns its estimate will probably be adjourned.

Subject only to the exception specified below, the clerk to the Commercial Court will not accept estimates exceeding the control of the additional document. It is also tends to promote setcept estimates exceeding the following:

1. Summons to set aside service

etc – four hours. 2. Order XIV – four hours. 3. Set aside judgment in default -two hours. 4. Set aside or vary injunction -

5. Amendment of pleadings one hour.
6. Further discovery (including interrogatories) - one hour.
7. Further and better particu-

lars - half an hour.

8. Security for costs - half an inese are maxima, not guide-lines. Proper estimates in each category will often be much shorter and over-estimating is wasteful, not only of the court's time but also of the opportunity

for other litigants to get their summonses heard

more, the additional document specified in the Guide to Commercial Court Practice will also be required.
All estimates should be made

on the assumption that the judge would have read in ad-vance the affidavits and all written submissions, but not the exhibits.

exhibits.

Although a departure from previous practice, this is only a further small step towards reducing the present unacceptable delays in the Commercial Courts. However, it signifies a determination to continue to enhance our efficiency, though the score for improvement, parthe scope for improvement, par-ticularly in cutting waiting time for the longer trials, is limited by present resources. Other recent measures to im-

for other litigants to get their summonses heard.

A longer time will only be allocated upon application in writing by counsel to the judge in charge of the Commercial List, or such other judge as he may nominate, specifying the extra time required and the reasons why.

In all cases, whatever their duration, written outlines of the duration and expense of the

tlements. In future, the court will be unwilling to hear Summonses for Directions which do not comply with these require-ments, and may also impose

costs penalties. It is not always appreciated that this new regime requires not only the exchange of ex-perts' reports but also, in the normal run of case, the ex-change of written statements of the oral evidence of intended witnesses of fact, subject, of course, to all proper objections, such as in fraud cases. With this innovation such as in fraud cases. With this innovation, made possible under the recent enactment of Order 38 Rule 2A, the Commercial Court, together with the Chancery Division and the official referee's court, are breaking new ground in the procedure which should curtail the amount of oral evidence (particularly evidence, in chief) and alularly evidence-in-chief) and al-so reduce the number of wit-

By Rachel Davies

nesses who eventually need to be called."

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** THE BANKER **

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The Banker will publish its annual appraisal and listing of all foreign banks and banking institutions in London, in its

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DROP OFF,

SLEEP,

SLEEP,

SLEEP,

SLEEP,

SLEEP,

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THE CAPITAL GUARANTEE FUND

Lawson criticises German stance on interest rates

MR NIGEL LAWSON, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, yester-day launched a blunt attack on West Germany's Bundesbank over its reluctance to respond with lower interest rates to the turmoil on world stock markets.
In a speech originally intended to mark the first anniversary today of deregulation in the City of London, the Chancellor also repeated his call for further re-ductions in the US budget defi-

cit to help restore caim to the He blamed the US budget and trade deficits and the country's growing foreign indebtedness for friggering the worldwide

for inggering the worldwide fall on Wall Street.

Mr Lawson said that the continuing slides in equity prices did not signal that the world economy was fundamentally unsound. In particular, so far as Britain's economy was concerned, it had not been in better health at any time since the war.

war.
He added, however, that it was essential that governments avoided either a lurch into protectionism or "undue monetary tightening." It was this which had turned the stock market slump of 1929 into the great depression of the 1930s. ression of the 1930s. In a thinly-veiled reference to

West Germany's Bundesbank he then said: I believe that lesson



the German monetary authorities were to show more obvious awareness of this." awareness of this." |

The comment, which followed the Chancellor's own warnings last week about the need for the leading industrial nations to avoid public disagreements, was seen as underlining the extent of his irritation with the Bundesbank.

A public dispute two weeks

A public dispute two weeks ago between the US and West Germany over the same issue is widely thought to have been an important factor in the present

The Chancellor said that in general, however, cooperation between the major industrial nations was strong and that, with skill, I believe that we can turn what has happened to posi-

with skitt, I believe that we can turn what has happened to positive advantage."

It was encouraging, he said, that President Reagan appeared "fully seized" of the need for further reductions in the US budget deficit.

Mr Lawson said that it was neither unexpected nor in any way unprecedented that there had been a sizeable correction in stock markets. Share prices in London and New York had more or less trebled in real, or inflation-adjusted terms, over the past five years.

It had been the speed of the correction which had attracted attention. This to some extent was probably an inevitable characteristic of today's global markets and modern technology. It was equally likely to have been exaggerated, however, by the fact that it was the first major correction to have occurred since the new markets came into being. since the new markets came in-

since the new markets came in-to being.
"Clearly, the experience will need to be carefully analysed in tranquillity and lessons drawn. The electronic automation and globalisation of the herd in-stinct is not an impressive sight," he added.

Chairman of Stock Exchange defends Big Bang reforms

SIR NICHOLAS Goodison, the London Stock Exchange chairman, yesterday gave a confident defence of the achievements of leading US politiclans. The market is just the nessenger, industry since the Big Bang reforms were introduced on Octo-

At anniversary conferences for the press and industry Sir Nicholas said there was no evidence that London's new screen-based and telephone dealing system had exacerbated the volatility of the market over

the volatility of the market over the last eight days.

It is perhaps true that the set-backs were aggravated by so-called program trading in the US - a device which is scarcely used at all in London," he said. But those who criticise this exchange's price display system, and say that in some cases that caused the setbacks,

The performance of the Lon-The performance of the London market in handling the onslaught of selling orders compared well with that of other
markets, particularly the New
York Stock Exchange, where
trading had been halted in
many stocks, he said The London market would not be
closed, he said, unless "there
were severe problem of matching or settlements of some severe financial crisis."

were financial crisis."

The biggest disappointment since Big Bang, he said, had been the large backlog of unsettled bargains. Stock Exchange

officials said, however, that the number of unsettled bargains had been reduced by 15 to 20 per cent since July and August. The threat that trading restrictions would be imposed on the nine firms with the worst settlements.

Sir Nicholas said that as a result of the Big Bang reforms, the Stock Exchange was a much more liquid and visible market with substantially lower dealing costs. A survey just published by the exchange shows that, despite lower commission rates and finer spreads on dealing in equities, gilts and traded options, Stock Exchange firms had been benefitting from a 60 per cent increase in commission revenue because of higher turnover and share prices.

BT replies to critics on service

BRITISH TELECOM yesterday published targets for improving the quality of its service, in its most detailed response yet to widespread criticism earlier

widespread criticism earlier this year.

Performance targets might be built into the new rules governing BT's price rises to be considered next year by the Office of Telecommunications, the industry's regulatory body.

BT also bowed to pressure from Oftel and consumer groups by resuming twice-yearly publication of performance data. It stopped publishing this information before its privatisation, claiming the figures would be commercially sensitive.

commercially sensitive.

The latest figures show that complaints about deteriorating service following the industrial action by BT engineers this year were well-founded.

The main targets for improvement are:

ment are:

By next March, faults interrupting business lines should be cleared within five hours, and those on residential lines within one day.

Faults which do not interrupt service should be cleared within three days.

service should be cleared within three days.

From next April, calls to the
operator should be answered
within 15 seconds.

By next March, 90 per cent of
callboxes should be working at
any one time.

In 1988-89, all customers
should be given appointments
for line and equipment installation.

No targets have been set for reducing network faults, but BT said it would do so after more of the new digital exchanges had been installed.

. Oftel, which also issued a re-port yesterday on BT's quality of service, said complaints about BT had surged 130 per cent between June and September compared with last year.

It is to carry out a joint survey with BT of congestion of the di-rectory inquiries service, be-cause 18 per cent of calls this spring found the service en-gaged.

Oftel also reported fewer peo-ple getting their phones in-stalled in less than a month, widespread dissatisfaction with the way complaints about bills are handled and an increase in the percentage of missed ap-pointments.

In March, according to the Of-tel survey, more people (23 per cent) thought BT's service had worsened since privatisation than thought it had improved (8 per cent).

Benefits statement today

BY PETER RIDDELL, POLITICAL EDITOR

THE Government will this after- curity in the last parliament. noon announce the future of the universal child benefit system.

This will form part of a statement in the House of Commons on the annual unsetting of columns.

This coveriment will this arear-curty in the last partiament.

New levels of income support for the long-term unemployed and for lowest paid families in the last partiament.

on the annual upracing of social There has been speculation security benefits to take effect from next April.

The statement will include details of the new levels of benefits, such as child benefit and parts of the housing benefit system.

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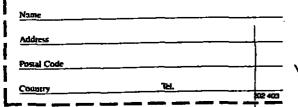
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Venture capital group launches £35m fund

BY CHARLES BATCHELOR

ECI VENTURES, a venture capital company previously known as Equity Capital for Industry, has set up a £35m fund called ECI International to invest in expanding companies, bay-outs and bay-ins, principally in the UK.

The latest fund takes the value of the ECI portfolio to £110m, of which £50m is available for new investments.

Mr Tony Lorenz, the manag-ing director, said ECI had set out to raise £20m but could have gone as high as £50m if it had accepted all of the offers made by institutions.

The creation of the new fund

will allow ECI to make larger investments - of £5m or more for the first time.

Apart from providing expan-

sion and buy-out funding it will also invest in special situations in quoted companies.

Up to 10 per cent of invest-ments will be outside the UK. ECI will also take over the sanagement of Innotech, the Man venture capital fund estab-lished by Mr David Sainsbury, thefinance director of the food

time that the management of a fund has changed hands, although other mergers among smaller funds are expected in

ECI International consists of three separate mini-funds to achieve the most favourable tax structure for its investors.

There is a limited partner-ship in the US, a limited partthe Innotech investments and a further £5m of funds provided by Mr Sainsbury) and a unit trust in Jersey.

Nearly 40 per cent of the funds raised have come from

non-UK investors.
Overseas investors include
Prudential Corporation of the
US, New York Life, Mutual Benefit of New York, Rockefeller & Co and Bever Investments of The Netherlands.

The ECI fund is the 20th venture capital or business expan-sion scheme fund to be complet-ed this year. It is a year which has set records in terms of the amounts raised by the industry. Am venture capital find established by Mr David Sainsbury, ishefinance director of the food etailing group.

This is believed to be the first in the whole of 1986.

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Accountant links with insurance brokers

By Richard Waters

FRAMPSHIRE accountancy firm Brooking Knowles Lawr-ence has set up a joint venture with two insurance broking firms. The move presents fresh evidence that the Financial Services Act is driving small firms into the arms of other

Bounting costs caused by the administrative burden of the act together with an expec-ted fall in commissions has caused concern about the fu-ture of small brokers. Until now, few links between bro-kers and accountants have

Brokers Anthony Harding and Partiers and Holland and Company have a 50 per cent stake in the new company, BKL Financial Services, which claims to offer a full many of many one of many one of many one of the claims investment. range of pensions, investi range of pensions, investment, insurance and tax advice.

Mr Tim Jobling, one of twe representatives of the accountants on the board of BKL, said: "They were relatively small businesses and could see the paraphernalia of the act causing them an administrative burdent"

tive burden." The new firm will pay a pro-ortion of its commissions to the accounting firm, which will then set this off against the fees it charges its clients.

Raymond Snoddy on the publishing world's growing interest in business information

Magazines press for financial market share

BIG BANG has led to an explo-sion of glossy magazines tar-had been digested at least some tential advertisers, although the geted at the captains of the fi-top professionals have received usual plan is to build a growing

sion of glossy magazines targeted at the captains of the fitancial and investment sector.

This month alone three new
magazines have landed on the
desix of the top players. The
first, Finance, "the new magazine for corporate decision
makers," all 130 pages of it, was
launched at the beginning of
October.

The quarterly magazine had been digested at least some
top professionals have received
Equity International, "the first
monthly magazine devoted to
covering the fast-growing crossborder equity market."

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covering the fast-growing crossborder equity market."

Equity International, edited
in the first monthly magazine devoted to
covering the fast-growing crosscovering the fast-growing cross-

The quarterly magazine, aimed at finance directors of leading British companies and other corporate decision makers, is published by SPL Associates, a division of Sterling publishing.

at a reception in London last right and in London last a reception la

Days later Global Finance, a ten patchy and unreliable," Mr US publication with offices in Shearlock says. He adds that New York, Tokyo and London, the magazine is going to take "a despatched its first issue to smash and grab approach" and 50,000 top financial and invest-ment professionals throughout

be lots of fun.
All three magazines are "con-

proportion of paying customers among those not on the magic distribution lists.

distribution lists.

The October new publication list follows the recent lannehes of the weekly paid-for Equities International and the April launch of Global Investor, part of Euromoney Publications, a controlled circulation and paid for publication with a 10 000 closes. for publication with a 10,000 cir-culation and nearly 2,500 paying

The magazines will be com-peting with established publi-cations such as the "grandad" of the industry, Institutional In-vestor, which recently celebrated its 20th anniversary, and Eu-

Yet more controlled circula-

alise in the technical, financial business market rather than be a 'let's jump on the bandwagon magazine', says Mr Kenneth Ib-bett, director of corporate strategy at EMAP.

The magazine will be aimed at the heads of investment in in-surance companies and pension funds and the treasurers of leading corporations.

To complete the picture Mr Robert Maxwell, publisher of Mirror Group Newspapers, has plans to launch Global Business next year with a controlled in-ternational circulation of more than 50,000.

Yet more controlled circula-tion financial magazines are on the way. EMAP, the former East predicting a shake-out in the

Midlands Allied Press, plans to booming financial publishing launch RISK before the end of sector. How many of the titles born in a bull market can surplied in the latest and the latest vive a bear market must now be

open to question. Mr Ibbett believes the battle will be won or lost on how well each does on "magazine page exposure." This tracks the quality of readers and the time they

spend on each page. But what do potential readers think of these often unsolicited outpourings of the publishing industry?

Most of the new magazines most of the new magazines pass across my desk very quickly indeed. There is plenty of information already," said Mr Archie Cox, managing director of Morgan Stanley International." suppose if a magazine provided additional information, or a new slant on things, people would start to look at it."

Stock market turmoil may hit shopping space growth

amount of shopping space in Britain will continue into next year but after that the speed of development could be reduced because of the present gyrations of the stock markets.

Retail property specialists are assessing the financial implications of stock market will have been opened so far this year, according to calculations by Hillier Parker, a firm of

THE SUSTAINED rise in the of severe pressure on local au-

chartered surveyors.

By early next year the total will have risen to 7.8m in 15 menths, of which 3.4m sq ft will be in town centres.

Hillier Parker's figures also show that the amount of retail floor space, embracing centres of more than 50,000 sq ft, and hence taking in a wider range of developments, was 4.7m sq ft in

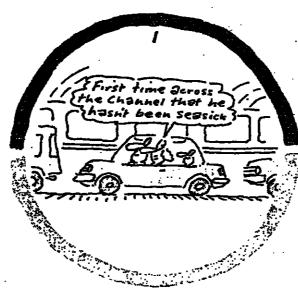
Funds for property develop-ments, including retail ven-tures, which spart from City of-fices have been a favoured fices have been a favoured destination.

The financial institutions

have put up some ? per cent in recent years. The stock market,

stocks, has put up 23 per cent and the banks have put up 70 per cent.

Reflecting a growing consen-Reflecting a growing consensus in the property industry. Dr. Russell Schiller, the head of Hillier Parker Research said that as prices moved savagely on the Stock Exchange "the funding of property through the stock market will stop dead."





Funny to think its

blowing a gale up there



A breakthrough for Britain



Eurotunnel has been granted the concession to operate the first-ever fixed link between Britain and the Continent. A fast, frequent and reliable service

is planned for cars, coaches and lorries,

as well as for train passengers and freight.

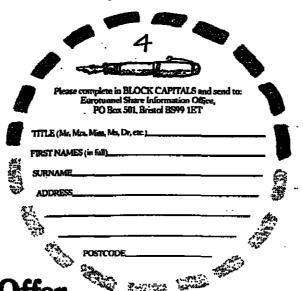
But before the grand opening (scheduled for 1993), there's another way

into Eurotunnel Next month, Eurotunnel shares will be offered for sale to the public and you can apply to be a shareholder.

As with any other investment, you should find out all you can about Eurotunnel before you commit yourself.

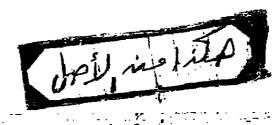
What services will be available? How will it compare with air travel How is the tunnel being constructed? How will it be paid for? Who'll use it? Phone 0272 277 007 or fill in the coupon. You'll be sent an information pack, a prospectus will be reserved for

you and further information will follow.



Eurotunnel Share Offer

Issued by Robert Fleming & Co. Limited, Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited and S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd. on behalf of Eurotunnel P.L.C. and Eurotunnel S.A.



Swindon office park would cost £250m

remainsion for a £250m cam-pus office park beside the M4 on they have formed a 50-50 joint the easters side of Swindon, venture called Coate Water Wiltshire, is, being sought by two private London remains

It is the first large property development plan to be au-nounced since the turmoil startnounced since the turmoil start-ed on the stock market last week and has its roots in the continued demand for space west of London and seeks to at-tract companies which are ei-ther seeking to relocate from the capital or are expanding in the Thames Valley area.

Gablecross Properties and Development would be Abbcott Projects yesterday un-veiled their plans for 2m sq ft of tial designs provide for 20 office Gablecross Properties and

made of 80 acres of the site and the rest would be parkland placed under the control of Thamesdown council.

General Insurance Association central London to Swindon in 1999 and is seeking additional space, plans to take 149,000 be frof offices. The hotel would be taken by Copthorne Hotels, a British Caledonian subsidiary.

office accommodation, a 150-units ranging between 50,000 sq bedroom notel, a country club ft and 400,000 sq ft.

Five largest supermarkets have 50% of grocery sales

all grocer sales and their market share is continuing to grow,

according to a report from the Institute of Grocery Distribu-Sainsbury, Tesco, Dee, Argyll and Asda control 52 per cent of

and Assakontrol 52 per cent of the f32bi food market, says Food Rebiling 1987, the institute's annual report.

"All ard increasingly providing higher levels of customer service, sticipating that in the 1990s, service will be the major factor if deciding customer choice office," it says.

Growth in customer services included the acceptance of

included the acceptance of credit cards, hag packing, carry-out sevices and hiring out party utesils.

In the last 10 years the number of gocery shops had de-clined from 75,000 to 47,000. The report forecasts the continued growth of superstores - those with more than 25,000 sq ft sell-ing space - in spite of some pes-

THE FIVE biggest supermarket Mackenzie, the stockbroking chains coarol more than half of firm, examines food retailing in all grocer, sales and their mar what he calls "limited range"

These include Kwik Save, Gateway, a Dee Corporation subsidiary, Lo Cost, a division of Argyll and Victor Value, a division of Bejam.

Their strategies are based on

their strategies are based on the concept of low operating costs. This is primarily reflect-ed in low levels of service, and of secondary or tertiary sites with typically second-hand buildings. Mr Smiddy says. The report estimates that some 30 per cent of households with an income of below £100 a week spend about £5.1bn on food.

It forecasts that the limited choice and low level of service format had an excellent future with continuing growth in the number of people with incomes below national earnings levels.
Food Retailing Institute of Grocery Distribution, Grange Lone,
Letchmore Heath, Watford, Herts.

In a separate report Mr Paul Mackenzie, 100 Wood Street, London EC2. £150.

Chemists urged to adopt better retailing methods BY LISAWOOD

BETTER retailing skills are a key requirement for traditional chemist, according to a report from Verdict, the market re-search organisation.

search organisation.
Verdit on Chemists and
Drugs Sores defines chemists
as retailers which incorporate a
pharmary to dispense prescriptions. Brug stores sell similar
goods but do not dispense prescriptions.

scriptions.

Verdit said the NHS provided a sold core of business for chemist but: "The profitability of phamacy operations has been lowered, the over-th-counter market continues to viden and therefore the chemist' dependence on dispensing is falling. Better retailing skills are a key requirement for the raditional chemist sector."

The sector, with the exception of Boots, which controls 9 per cent of all retail pharmacies, is highly fragmented with more than 11,000 outlets. However, the report says this is shapening. the report says this is changing. the report says this is changing.

Multiples had found expansion difficult by anything but acquisition but several acquisitive businesses were emerging including Lloyds, based in the Midlands, which recently acquired Billingtons, and Macarthys, which bought the Drummond chain from Guinness.

Verdict said few areas of retailing had shown such rapid growth rates as drug stores with sales growth of over 20 per cent per angum. Der annum.

Verdict on Chemists and Drug Stores. Verdict, 112 High Holborn; London WC1. £450.

Banks' credit card rates 'too high' BY WILLIAM COCHRANE

UK BAJKS charge higher interest rates on their credit cards than tapse in any other country and the difference does not seem to be explained fully by any difference in the cost of money in Britain compared with cher countries, according to the Consumers' Association.

In stidence to the Monopolies

Babcock Power to cut 475 jobs at Renfrew plant

BY JAMES BUXTON AND NICK GARNETT

This would cut the labour force at Renfrew from about 1,850 at present to under 1,400.

some overseas contracts and an unexpectedly long delay in the placing of orders by the Central placing of orders by the Central Electricity Generating Board for coal-fired power stations. It hopes to achieve the reduc-tions through early retirement

and voluntary redundancy.

BABCOCK POWER, the power cock's chief executive, has told station boiler manufacturing colleagues that employment at arm of FKI Babcock, is to shed those offices could be reduced 475 jobs at its plant at Renfrew, to 350. However, some City analysis of the control of the contr to 350. However, some City analysts believe the whole site will be closed eventually.

At the same time, the head-quarters staff of about 50 at the nounced 620 redundancies at confirmed from the west and co 2.570, because of the state of its of are to go. The headquarters for the combined business is to be based at Sowerby Bridge, near Halifax, the home of FKI.

FKI is expected to announce in about two weeks some elein about two weeks some ele-ments of the restructuring plan, on which a team of consultants is working. This will involve some site closures and cuts in the combined companies' work-force of 30.000.

and voluntary redundancy.

Mr Tom Heslin, joint staff convenor at Renfrew, said the request for extra lob losses was not unexpected but he claimed the company was "eating into the muscle" of the company's design staff and skilled manual workers by the scale of the redundancies.

Mr Heslin said the company had assured the unions that the job losses had nothing to do with the takeover of Babcock International by FKI in a £417m deal earlier this year.

However, the first repercussions of that merger are beginning to emerge. FKI announced at the weekend 150 job losses at Babcock's large engineering design and sales office in London, which employs 750.

Mr Tony Gartland, FKI Bab-

Contest for King's **Cross** project

By Paul Cheeseright, Property Correspondent

HE British Rail Property Board is to hold a competition between four teams of property and construction companies to develop 100 acres of land at King's Cross railway station in London.

The teams have been invited to submit design and financial proposals in line with planning guidelines issued by Camden Borough Council, which specify a mixed development of office, retail and leisure development. The four teams are: Rose-

augh Stanhope Developments; Greycoat and P&O; London and Edinburgh Trust, Tarmac and Balfour Beatty; and Speyhawk and Sir Robert McAlpine.

and Sir Robert McAlpine.

The plans are part of a programme by British Rail Property Board to exploit its central city property assets.

Rosehaugh Stanhope is developing the largest complex of offices in Europe at Liverpool Street station in the City of London, while Greycoat has recently put in place the financing for a development at Charing Cross in the West End.

This activity has prompted in-

THE Engineering Industry which companies are exempt Training Board has backed from paying levies because away from plans to tighten its their training programmes meet monitoring of company proset criteria. Proposals will be grammes in the face of strong put to the board's meeting in opposition from large concerns.

The board is to set up a working party to draw up proposals to modify the system under ees. It initially proposed three This activity has prompted in-creasing interest from develop-ers, forcing the Property Board into holding competitions for new developments.

Nick Garnett on the restructuring of an engineering industry

TI joins the machine tool reshuffle

this decade, but more than half
of this structural shift in ownership has occurred in the past 18
months.

There have also been a clutch
of buy-outs by managers and investors, reinforcing the trend
towards smaller companies sim-

months.

In the past couple of months alone, the 600 Group has sold its Somerset-based Edwards sheet metal forming machinery company to Beyeler of Switzerland and Devlice, which has a site at Lutterworth. Leicestershire, finds itself in new hands following an investor buy-out in the US.

Three trends are emerging to the immediate post war era when the industry was dominated by family-owned firms. Finally, the Americans have continued to retreat in the UK. Apart from Textron, White Continued to retreat in the UK. Apart from Textron, White Continued to retreat in the UK. Apart from Textron, White Some parent, Electrolux of Swedung. Three trends are emerging era.

US.

Three trends are emerging ers.
from this realignment which has affected some of the biggest names in the industry.

The hold of the larger corporate groups which bought into the industry during the late site.

BY CHARLES LEADBEATER

in the recent and dramatic res-in abandoning the machine tool tructuring of the machine tool sector and Textron of the US, industry.

About two dozen machine tool the UK, did the same at the end builders have changed hands of last year.

There have also been a clutch warmer spandoned the UK which owned two companies in the UK did the same at the end builders have changed hands of last year.

The UK machine tool industry this decade, but more than half

Training board backs down on monitoring plan

THE SALE of TI Machine Tools, confirmed yesterday, to a specially created company which is backed by Iraqi financing and cline has been substantially warner and Swasey, part of the 20 per cent owned by existing TI weakened. TI has now followed Staveley will begin a very small machine in the opposite of the confirmed was the anomaly of the confirmed in the opposite of the confirmed in the opposite of the confirmed in the opposite of the confirmed periods and whose operating the confirmed periods and the confirmed period of the industry's description of the confirmed periods and the confirmed periods are confirmed periods and the confirmed periods and the confirmed periods and the confirmed periods are confirmed periods and the confirmed periods and the confirmed periods are confirmed periods and the confir assembly operation in Telford. Warner abandoned the UK as a production base when it closed

> The UK machine tool industry employs about \$2,000 people and its production totalled \$930m (£560m) last year. The French machine tool industry, which is weaker than that of the UK has also been going through fundamental ownership restructuring which has seen the emergence of five Japanese machine tool groups.

The three main West Europe-an machine tool powers, West Germany, Italy and Switzerland have not witnessed any signifi-cant restructuring, but a few companies have changed their ownership profile.

options for reforming training:

a revised levy-exemption sys-tem, the introduction of a sys-tem of levies and grants, and re-

placement of exemptions with a non-returnable levy which would have funded training di-

rected by the board. cluding Austin Rover, Dowty,
Earlier this year the board Ford, Lucas, and Vickers.

ny, is part of Vickers, while But-ler Newall is part of the B. Elliott group. Ketlon, one of the Berisford companies, acquired Wickman Machine Tools (now Wickman Bennett) in 1984 and

was on the point of buying TI's machine tool operations two years ago at a rumoured price of t9m but the deal fell through. The 600 Group, with its Col-chester and Harrison lathe companies remains the largest machine tool group in the UK.

The changes since 1980 though have been fundamental. After selling off to their managers both Kearns-Richards and Asquith in the early 1980's, Staveley completed its depar-ture from the machine tool business this year by selling La-pointe, the broaching machinery maker, to Marbaix.

have not witnessed any significant restructuring, but a few companies have changed their ownership profile.

Some of the larger groups are still a force in the UK. KTM, the Brighton-based systems companies and significant restrictions. Apart from Edwards, the 600 group has this year sold its W E Sykes business, the UK's sole-remaining maker of gear-shaping machines, to PGM Balls-crews, part of the Irish Silver Mines Group.

proposed a modification of levy exemptions which would have

required companies to meet set ratios of training for groups of workers in order to qualify.

The proposals ran into oppo-sition from large companies in-

Shipbuilder issues redundancy warning

By James Buxton, Scottish

YARROW SHIPBUILDERS, a subsidiary of General Electric Company, which builds warships at Scotstoun, Glasgow, warned yesterday that it urgentto avoid significant redundancies by the middle of next year. Yarrow, which employs more than 4,000 people, says it is the

largest private employer in Scotland. The company said it was im-

perative that it win a contract to build Type 23 frigates. Mr George Younger, Defence

Secretary, committed the Government to ordering four such frigates during this month's Conservative Party conference. Mr Younger did not specify which yards would get orders. Yarrow is likely to face compe-

tition from Swan Hunter, Cam-mell-Laird and Vosper. Yarrow said it was still in dis-cussion with Pakistan and other countries for the sale of Type 23 frigates and their variants, but said that no contracts had been

The company has just begun final sea trials of HMS Cornwall, the first of the Batch Three Type 22 frigates, which with HMS Cumberland is due for delivery in 1988.

Universities given biotechnology grant

NATIONAL centres of biochem ical engineering are being set up at Birmingham University and University College, London, with the help of a £3.5m invest-ment by the biotechnology di-rectorate of the Government's Science and Engineering Research Council.

The investment will support a four-year programme in re-search and training in the phase between laboratory pro-cesses and industrial operations in biotechnology. The centres are also intended to co-operate closely with in-

mechanisms by which they were Mr Nick Emery, its director. He chosen from 21 submissions said the investment would be ere similar. He forecast that two more bio-

chemical engineering centres which his directorate hopes will be funded could be part of the programme of university research centres. His directorate spends about £3.5m a year on research grants

Dr Colin Thomas of University College, which receives £1.9m, said the college was already working with Unilever on the blochemical transformation of plant oils and fats into

high-grade fats.

London University is planning an advanced centre of biochemical engineering close to two leading London hospitals. University College Hospital and the Middlesex Hospital, by the

Birmingham University, which receives £1.6m, has already obtained £1.2m from the dustry.

Dr Geoffrey Potter, head of the biotechnology directorate, said that although the two centres were not officially among the university research centres planned by the Government, the mechanisms by which they were

> judged by the centre's success in attracting money from indusof biochemical engineering, with a gift of £25,000 a year for

four years initially.

Dr Potter said the director and a further film a year on stu-dentships.

Additional income for the re-with the intention of extending

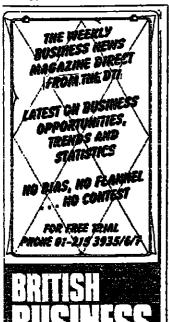
search centres is expected to it for four years as a token of its come from industry and will be faith in making long-term commatched by grants from the Department of Trade and Industry. **Engineers volunteer for** nuclear emergency work

BY DAVID FISHLOCK

Royal Society of the Fellowship of Engineering, all aged over 65, have volunteered to help survey conditions after a serious nuclear accident or nuclear weap-

They want to be included in government emergency plan-ning for any significant release of radiation, Professor Sir Fred-erick Warner told the Institute of Actuaries last night.

Sir Frederick was speaking on public and professional atti-tudes to risk in the annual Alfred Watson Memorial Lec-ture. A chemical engineer and visiting professor at Essex Uni-versity, he was chairman of a



ONE HUNDRED Fellows of the 1983 Royal Society study of risk. After the Chernobyl nuclear reactor explosion last year he began to recruit a corps of volunteers with technical exper-tise and of an age when brief exposure to relatively high lev-els of radiation could do little

> People over 65 can be exposed relatively safely to one gray of radiation, he believes. By comparison, the 31 who died after Chernobyl were exposed to between two and 10 gray.

Exposure to one gray would cause some self-repairing bone marrow damage and would in-crease the risk of contracting cancer, but over a period which the volunteers were unlikely to

There would be a temporary reduction in fertility but no real worry about genetic effects, he

He invited actuaries to estinate what additional premium his volunteers might have to pay on their already paid-up life in-

Sir Frederick said many political decisions were obliged to attach more weight to public perception of a risk than to its statistical assessment. He cited the Government's decision to lower the level of lead in petrol.

"It will not do to dismiss as irrational this disparity between assessments of risk and perceptions of those risks by people exposed to them. And it will not do to suppose that the disparity can be resolved by education."

The challenge for the decision-maker was to create an acceptable policy in light of the disparity. Underwriters were one class of experts who had successfully met this challenge.

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East Yorks

to privatise

all hospital

THE East Yorkshire Health Au-

thority has become the first to privatise all its hospital porter-

ing in a move designed to save a

net £64,000 a year.

The decision comes before

expected government advice to health authorities to expand

competitive tendering beyond cleaning, laundry and catering. An unusual aspect of the East Yorkshire privatisation is that porters will be paid above National Health Service wage

rates. However, they will be expected to work between 45 and 47 hours a week.

East Yorkshire, which includes Beverley and part of Hull, has awarded the contract

for portering on seven sites to Mediguard, part of the Securi-

guard Group, which has a simi-lar contract at East Birmingham

The company is likely to em-

ploy between 35 and 45 porters, compared with the current 60 or

so. The gross annual saving is expected to be £103,000. This will be reduced to £84,000 for

Mr. Derek Houghton, the authority's personnel manager. said yesterday a porter's overall remuneration would be about the same as at present. Pay rates and overtime would be higher, but holiday entitlement and subsesses and overtime.

and sickness pay lower. East Yorkshire is extending

competitive tendering beyond the three compulsory services

redundancy costs.

portering

Space efforts 'hindered by policy failings'

vantages, according to a report al Space Centre. from the Royal Institute of International Affairs.

ternational Affairs.

It says that, in contrast to other European nations such as France and West Germany, the UK has considered space activities in a badly co-ordinated way that has emphasised purely ture and process which militheir scientific nature and failed to take into account foreign-policy dimensions.

This body has only an indirect route to the centre of decision making in the Cabinet, and is considered in Whitehall to be peripheral. UK space programmes, the report says, have ture and process which militated against the emergence of a strategic view.

eign-policy dimensions.

The lack of government tocus
The report, which comes two has put UK companies in space
activities at a disadvantage weeks before the UK decides activities at a disadvantage whether to join an expanded compared with European rivals. European space programme, British space policy has also says Britain should increase its suffered, according to the instiannual spending of £116m on ci-vilian science and technology. sis" between the European ori-

To be credible with a depth of expertise, a sound industrial programmes, which are organ-base and the ability to deploy ised through ESA, and the US effective international influence requires investment well in which the UK commonly parbeyond current levels," the in-stitute says. the in-surveillance satellites for ex-

stitute says.

In recent weeks Mr Kenneth
Clarke, Trade and Industry Minister, has indicated that the Government is unlikely to increase its commitment to the as a choice over financing an armount of the considers space funding simply crease its commitment to the as a choice over financing an armount which is ea of research and develop-European programme, which is ea of research and develop-co-ordinated by the 13-nation ment. Space has far-reaching

According to the institute, the national Co-operation. Royal In-UK's space industry has for stitute for International Affairs, many years suffered from the 10, St James's Square, London lack of importance given in SW1Y 4LE. £6.95.

THE UK has had a fragmented whitehall to space activities, a approach to space policy that deficiency only partially rehas hindered efforts to gain solved by the creation, two technological and political adversage, of the British Nation-

This body has only an indirect.

co-ordinated by the 15-nation European Space Agency.

The final decision will be taken at an ESA ministerial meeting in The Hague on November of the Hague of the Hague

Architects 'losing work to competing professions'

ARCHITECTS ARE regarded as professions are able to offer an poor managers and are losing equivalent service to architects work to competing professions.

according to a survey published today.

The study, by Property Research Services, calculates that if architects become more in-

The study, by the Cities of volved in preliminary feasibili-London and Westminster Society and project management ety of Architects, was compiled work they could increase their from responses from more than share of potential fee income by 100 architects' clients. It finds 20 per cent. the profession has lost a large share of its market because of weak business skills.

The survey finds that 41 per cent of clients feel that other tests. It finds a per cent of a competitive market. Cities of London and Westminster Society of Architects, 66 Portland Place, London W1.

Stolport traffic 'needs to be built up'

BRYMON Airways and Eurocity Express, the two airlines which are the first to operate from the £32m London City Stolport which opened in Docklands yesterday, admitted that much work still has to be done to build up the volume of traffic.

Both yesterday began flights to Paris with Eurocity also fly-

although Mr Michael Bish-op, chairman of Eurocity, and Mr Charles Stuart, chairman of Brymon, were happy with the first results, it is clear that it will take time for the airport to become a major link between the City and the Continent.

One problem in attracting traffic is likely to be the diffi-culty of reaching it on public

transport. While chauffeur-driven City executives will find it convenient, most travellers will find getting to and from the airport

a struggle. The Docklands Light Railway does not yet serve it, and the British Rall North London line through Stratford, which connects with the Central Line Tube, and West Ham, which connects with the District Line, has a limited frequency. Even then passengers disembarking at Silvertown must walk several hundred yards. Efforts have been made by John Mowlem which built and

taxi drivers as to its location. Private car hire is available, however, and together with private cars seems likely to provide the bulk of transport to and from the Stolport until the Docklands Light Railway extension is available in about three years' time or until more taxis are willing to ply there

operates the airport, to educate

Both airlines were, nevertheless, yesterday expressing confidence, in spite of the traumas in financial markets.

It was stressed that the airport will be an integral part of the Docklands for the next 50 to 100 years and that short-term City financial diffishort-term City financial diffi-culties will have only a tempe-rary, if any, impact upon its long-term traffic growth.

Parallels were being drawn yesterday with Gatwick, which opened more than 30 years ago and was described as a white elephant.

SE firms stock up on earnings

Clive Wolman examines a survey of financial markets since Big Bang

THE STOCK Exchange survey of the quality of its markets that trading in smaller company stocks would dry up.

One area which has changed much less than was widely ansince Big Bang, published today but based on information col-lected before last week's crash, shows that, in spite of substansale with the state of the stat

This is a result of the upsurge in turnover during the past year, particularly from small in-vestors. In addition, in the 12 months since Big Bang, the amount of money raised by quoted UK companies has risen a record £29bn compared with £23bn during 1986 - and 193 companies have been given a listing on the exchange, a 25 per basis was about 33 per cent. Commission rates on larger

The only black spot revealed in the survey has been an increase in average dealing costs for small investors, mainly as a result of the inability of firms to process cheaply the settlement

of small bargains.

The survey, which covered all Stock Exchange member firms, indicates that the total commission income received by firms bas increased by 60 per cent since Big Bang. It is now running at an annualised rate of £1.16bn compared with £740m before Big Bang.
In the UK equity market, the

value of shares traded with cus-tomers (excluding deals between market-makers) in July, tween market-makers) in July, August and September aver-aged £1.1bn per day, approxi-mately double the figure for the same period last year.

The biggest increase in trad-ing came from foreign investors whose share of total trades by value has risen from 10.5 to 20 per cent. The dealing in stocks quoted on the Unlisted Securities Market in the first nine months of 1987 averaged £77m per day, an increase of 240 per

ticipated before Big Bang has been the proportion of deals carried out directly between investors and market-makers. with no commission paid.

Such "net" deals in recent months have accounted for only 27 per cent of turnover value, although in the immediate aftermath of Big Bang the proportion was more than 50 per cent. The proportion of larger transactions, worth more than £250,000, carried out on a net

deals with institutional inve tors have fallen substantially. On transactions of between £20,000 and £50,000 the average rate has fallen from 0.58 to 0.52 per cent (or 0.41 per cent when commission-free net deals are included in the total).

In the £50,000 to £100,000 range the rate has fallen from 0.41 to 0.34 per cent (or 0.28 per cent with net deals) and on deals between £250,000 and £1m, it has fallen from 0.31 to 0.25 per cent (0.17 per cent with net deals). For bargains above £1m the

rate has actually increased from 0.14 per cent to 0.20 per cent, but only 0.12 per cent in-cluding net deals. Before Big Bang, there were relatively few deals of more than £1m but now the figure includes many portfolio and basket trades, which barely existed before and on which higher commissions are

However, in smaller bargains the rate of commission has increased substantially from 1.53 to 1.93 per cent for bargains of between £600 and £2,000 and



Sir Nicholas Goodison, chairman of the Stock Exchange

from 1.26 to 1.43 per cent (1.27 per cent including net deals) for bargains between £2,000 and

risen slightly since Big Bang ed per day, a 180 per cent infrom 0.43 to 0.45 per cent but crease over the same period has fallen to 0.33 per cent when last year.

net deals are included.

Market-makers' spreads - or touches - between the best buytouches - between the best buythat have fallen substantially

ing and selling prices have continued to narrow since Big for larger deals. The average Bang, at least for the less liquid beta and gamma stocks. They narrowed from 1.82 to 1.58 per cent, about half the pre-Big cent in September for beta stocks and from 3.37 to 2.68 per Small investors now acount for gamma stocks. The for 59 per cent of all the contents of the co

In alpha stocks since Big Bang it has been possible to deal in much larger sizes without paying a price penalty. Of deals between 0.5m and 1m shares, 77.6 per cent are transacted at the quoted price appearing on the

In the gilts market, the daily value of transactions with cus-

value of transactions with customers: reached its peak in March at £2.99bn, compared with a 1986 average of £1.37bn but since then it has fallen back to only £1.75bn in September.

Total commission revenue has fallen by more than 50 per cent, mainly because of the growth of net dealing in medium and long-dated gilts, where the average commission on all deals has slumped from 0.051 to 0.004 per cent and the average 0.004 per cent and the average bargain size has more than doubled to £970,000.

Small investors now account for 50 per cent of total commis-The increase in average com-mission rates is a result of the spread between buying and withdrawal of low commission, selling prices on institutional execution-only dealing services transactions has halved to one earlier this year as 2

the settlements backlog.

As a result, the average commission rate on all UK equity options in which more than commission-bearing deals has 50,000 contracts have been trad-

they have fallen substantially for larger deals. The average

average touch on alpha stocks mission revenue in the options has increased from 0.75 to 0.84 market, a surprisingly high figure cent, as a result of the ure for a market that is often higher number of stocks in this thought to be dominated by institutional investors.

in an effort to make savings to finance a new general hospital. Portering services have also been privatised at Halton Gen-eral Hospital on Merseyside. The contract has gone to Medi-clean, part of Hawley Group. Local authorities with no experience of competitive tendering are being offered a package to help them through the pro-

cess when it becomes compulsory, writes Richard Evans.
Cipfa Services, an offshoot of
the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy, and Wandsworth London Be ough Council have co-operated to provide the guidance.

The package includes a step by step guide to competitive tendering and detailed advice in five key areas: service specification: selection of companies for tender; bids from the council's direct labour organisation; appraisal of tenders; and default provisions and termina-tion of contracts.

Seaq system shows 'great improvement'

BY CLIVE WOLMAN

THE PERFORMANCE of the Stock Exchange's computerised and screen-based price quotation system, the failings of which marred the first few weeks of the post-Big Bang stock market, has improved sub-stantially in recent months, according to figures released yes-

Last October, the Stock Ex-change Automated Quotations system, Seaq, through which the price quotations for listed shares are collected, was out of action for 2.5 per cent of the ime. The proportion fell to 1.25

has achieved almost 100 per cent availability. The average time between failures has im-proved from 10 to 15 hours last October and November to almost 800 hours last month.

on Seaq and displays it on screens used throughout the City, was out of action for 2.7 per cent of the time last Octoper cent of the time last Octo- The maximum number of dealing execution left. The proportion fell to price updates in a day last Octo- proved since Big Bang.

per cent in November and has about 0.5 per cent in November ber was 180,000. This rose to stayed below 0.5 per cent since last December.

For the past four months, it availability in September and ber was 180,000. This rose to 300,000 in Angust and then shot up to 404,000 last Tuesday as the stock market crashed. The maxand December and has improved to virtual 100 per cent availability in September and October. The average time between failures on Topic, which was only 12 hours last October and November, has now improved to 70-110 hours.

The improvements have been achieved despite the dealy numerical despite the dealy numer

The Topic system, which disseminates the price information ber of price updates and reon Seaq and displays it on quests for information from us-

ers setting new records almost Stock Exchange firms, found that 55 per cent thought that The maximum number of dealing execution had im-

imum number of requests for information from Topic in a day 5.7m in July and then to a reand their to a re-cord 6.8m last Tuesday.

An opinion poll carried out by
NOP seven weeks ago, based on
interviews with 156 investment managers and chief dealers in

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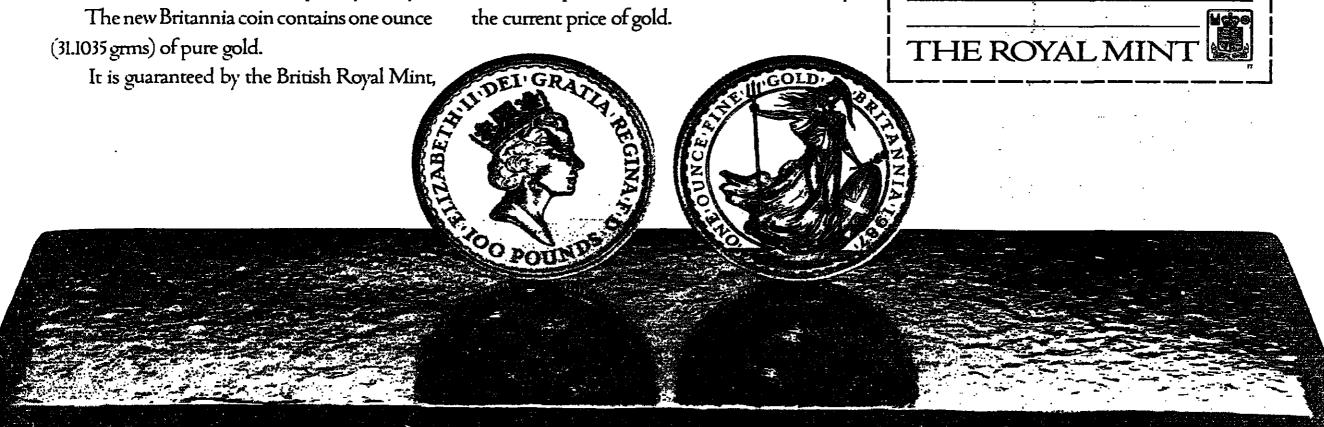
It is available from all banks and brokers.

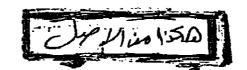
And there are three other coins, which contain half an ounce (15.55 grms), a quarter of an ounce (7.78 grms), and one tenth of an ounce (3.11grms) of gold.

Their price, of course, is determined by

Which, in the long term, has always risen. The new Britannia from The Royal Mint.

For details of l complete this co Mint, Llantrisan	oupon and s	send to: Bri	tannia Secti	on, Royal
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UK NEWS - LABOUR

TUC step in Ford single-union row

Attendance bonus 'fails

to cut absenteeism'

general secretary, yesterday intervened in the row over the
Amalgamated Engineering
Union's controversial singleunion deal for a components
plant to be built by Ford, the US
also threatens to disrupt the
long-established pattern of mul-

FEWER THAN half the employers who operate an attendance

sence among their workforces.

sence among their workforces.

The finding reflects the prevalent view among employers that absence is best tackled by monitoring and counselling, rather than provision of incen-

tives, although some companies believe strongly that incentives

MR NORMAN WILLIS. TUC of the Transport and General usual for the TUC general sec-general secretary, yesterday in-workers' Union, and Mr Bill retary to propose such a in September. The first meeting of the policy review committee

plant to be built by Ford, the US car manufacturer, in Dundee.

Mr Willis invited leaders of all unions at Ford to a meeting within Ford UK's manufacture to discuss the deal, which threatens to provoke the most serious rift yet within the TUC over a single-union agreement.

The move follows meetings yesterday between Mr Willis, Mr Ron Todd, general secretary

also threatens to disrupt the manufacturing union, and ASTMS, the white collar union, will press for the AEU to with-draw from the agreement.

John Gapper adds: A question-solitor is to be sent to all unions beginning of February at which affiliated to the TUC as the first it hopes to hear contributions move in the organisation's study of single-union deals under the putes procedure, it is most un-

Prison staff to meet today after break in peace talks

The Industrial Society's survey follows a similar exercise two years ago. The mean sickprison officers are to hold an bonus scheme believe it reduces worker absence, according to a survey published today.

Just over 12 per cent of those who responded to the survey

Although the relatively small reserving prison officers are to note an two years ago. The mean sick-emergency meeting today after ness absence rate is put at 5.05 local disputes over manning 4.76 per cent in 1985.

Although the relatively small Leaders of the Prison Offiwho responded to the survey said they had an attendance bonus scheme. But of them, only 48 per cent said they thought it had been successful in reducing absence rate had not ferto try solve a 12-week old discovered to the survey. Although the relatively small Leaders of the Prison Officerts Association said after meeting Prison Department of the 1987 respondents ficials that they had made an officerto try solve a 12-week old discovered to the survey.

gone down over the past five pute at Wandsworth Prison, years.

Absence was found to be low. Absence was found to be lowest in the finance sector and highest in transport and engi-neering. Regionally, it was found to be lowest in the south-west and highest in the Mr Douglas Hurd, Home Secretary, warned last week that the governors of prisons where officers were refusing to admit new inmates would start sus-pending officers without pay this week if they refused to re-new normal working. can play an important complementary role.

The survey, conducted by the Industrial Society, found the most common cause of absence reduction was "close monitoring", followed by "warning/discipline" and "interviewing/company" only 45 per cent of amplicant process.

mew normal working.

Mr John Bartell, POA chairman, said last night that Wandsworth officers had been prepared to allow about 250 new inmates into the prison in stages, provided the Home Office agreed to open talks with them on revised manning levels for introduction of the Fresh pline" and "interviewing/counselling." Of 275 employers, only five specifically cited attendance bonuses.

Only 45 per cent of employers said they always questioned absences on their first day back at work. dance bonuses.

Publication of the survey comes the day after the CBI control Policies; Publications Depublished its own study on the issue, concluding that worker absence was costing British business £5bn a year.

Study of Absence Rates and Control Policies; Publications Department, Industrial Society, Pelosa, Control House for introduction of the Fresh Start was agreed. The POA says that 950 officers were promised for the introduction of Fresh Start, but the Home Office argues that the figure was always the planned 750.

UNION LEADERS representing faith with regard to London we offered an orderly end to the dispute. That has been refused and you can draw your own con-clusions.

The Home Office said that officers at Chelmsford Prison in Essex, the only prison apart from Wandsworth where officers were still refusing to admit new inmates, had called off their industrial action in response to Mr Hurd's warning.

Home Office officials held separate talks yesterday with national officials of the POA and representatives of the union's branch at Wandsworth. The national talks failed to find a solution to differing claims over the number of officers the Home Office promised nationally for the introduction of Fresh

Mr Bartell said: We found the meeting to be frustrating. In fact the Home Office repeatedly asserted that we appeared to misunderstand the basis on which Fresh Start was agreed."

the conference that union op-postion to the industry being privatised piecemeal was a "non-starter", adding: "We do not think there is the slightest chance of changing the Government's mind on this ques-

> What the unions had to concentrate on, he said, was main-taining the integrity of the industry's generating and distributing functions and of the functions perfromed by the Electricity Council.

Electricity

forum 'to

Council pay

be retained'

THE Electricity Council has told trade unions that it ex-

peets national joint pay bar-gaining to remain in place in the electricity supply industry after privatisation, according

Mr John Lyons, general sec-retary of the Engineers' and Managers' said he had been told by the Electricity Council

that ail the electricity boards' existing responsibilities to employees should be trans-ferred unchanged even though the industry could be split up

He said: The next step is to

its said: The next step is to test the value of their currency by seeing whether they will take practical steps with the unions to bring about what they and we are now jointly committed to."

Mr Lyons was addressing a

special conference of the Elec-trical Power Engineers' Asso-

voted to allow the association's voted to allow the association a executive to negotiate with the Government to try to protect

The Electricity Council said

last night that while it hoped that existing collective bar-

chair existing collective dar-gaining arrangements would remain in place, the final deci-sion would be taken by man-agement after privatisation. It stressed that any change would be implemented follow-ing negotiations with the in-ductive unions.

Earlier, Mr Lyons had told

dustry's unious.

to a union leader.

Mr Lyons forecast that elec-tricity charges would rise by up to 25 per cent over the next three years. This was, he said, because the Government was pressing the industry to in-crease its rate of return to 6 per cent from the 2.75 per cent required over the past three

NEWNIERSARAIS

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PILKINGTON BROTHERS, the world's largest manufacturer of flat and safety glass, faces a potentially damaging pay dispute. Employees at the company's two floatglass plants at StHelens, Merseyside, are planning a 24-hour strike, with the possibility of further industrial action - including an indefinite strike - unless the company improves a pay offer of 5.4 per cent.

The dispute. which has almore than 1,200 workers. The plants are responsible for all the company's basic glass production in the UK and are important suppliers to the automotive and construction industries.

The company said yesterday if had made a "good" pay offer reflected neither motive and construction industries.

The company's profits nor the company's profits nor the motive and construction industries.

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Aurel

Receiving signals in the vineyards

Alan Friedman on the growth of an electronics company in an Italian wine-growing region

Italy? A tiny company that exports 30 per cent of its L9bn (£4.2m) of hybrid circuits and other components for the elec-tronics industry as well as so-phisticated laser-beam machinery used in the manufacture of

ery used in the manufacture of such circuits? It may sound improbable, but that is precisely what you will find 40 miles to the south east of Bologna, past the fertile hills of the Emilia Romagna region, an area better known for the cultivation of grapes used in making a delicate red wine than for the

a delicate red wine than for the manufacture of micro-electron-ic components and machinery. Aurel, the company in ques-tion, started 20 years ago, as three engineering students from the University of Bologna were spending the summer ball. were spending the summer holi-days in their native village of Modigliana (pop. 5,000). The students - who are now the senior executives at Aurel - used to spend their Saturdays in the backroom of a television repair shop experimenting with tran-sistors. As Silvano Valtangoli, who is now 39 years old, recalls:
"It was a time of student unrest
in Bologna, but I guess we were
the conservatives. Instead of
throwing bombs at the police and overturning cars we enjoyed doing electronics re-

One day, in 1967, Eugenio Montanari, the owner of a Bolo-gna company that made televi-sion aerials, walked into the shop in Modigliana and met the three students. Impressed by their boffin-like attitude, Mon-

The soft-spoken Montanari, who is 60 years old and started manufacturing aerials in the early 1950s, had a country house in Modigliana, where his wife came from. Montanari's early career included stints as a sales agent in Italy for Philips and a variety of West German and

Swiss electronics firms.

I wanted to create a high-tech business," he remembers. So Montanari invested the equivalent of several thousand dollars in sending the three students on visits to European electronics fairs and companies over a peri-

A HIGH-technology small busi-ness concern located in the wine-growing hills of central completed, Montanari founded completed, Montanari founded Aurel with an initial capital injection of just L2m (£1,000 at today's exchange rates) to manufacture low-cost circuits for television signal amplifiers.

> The company's first headquarters was an abandoned warehouse donated to Montan-ari by the Christian Democrat

The 'boys' soon moved from television components to Mon-tanari's real objective - the manufacture of ceramic-based hybrid circuits of semiconductors and transistors. The stu-dents admit they did not invent dents sometimes on the Italian anything, but in true Italian fashion they studied thick film technology from the United States and set out to copy it as



The story of how they began is nothing short of incredible. Luciano Frassineti - one of the students and now a joint managing director - recalls that the first semi-automatic screen printing machine, "was built by us largely from pistons, cylinders and other parts of an old Fiat 500 that we took apart and canni-balised."

vision components business, which was supplying Montanari's Bologna company, a furnace was bought (to fire the ceramic-

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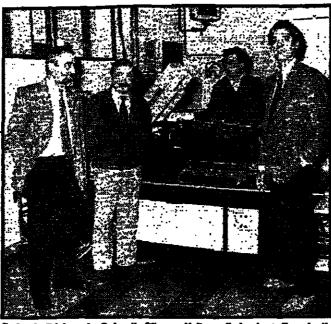
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rounds of companies such as GTE, Telettra and Olivetti in order to learn what kind of circuits were in demand. We went to the companies and proposed ourselves as suppliers of these components and then the components and then the component-manufacturing machinery. Based on preliminary orders we went ahead, recounts the 40-year old Frassineti.

By 1970 it was time for a capiand and externally audited balance the injection of L400m, half of sheet (even more noussal) and

tal injection of LA00m, half of sheet (even more unusual) and which came from Montanari's expects a 1987 net profit of cash flow at his Bologna company and the other half from subsidised low-interest loans from the regional Mediocredito state hank.

By 15/10 it was time for a capital and externally audited dather and externally audited dather and externally audited dather and externally audited dather dather and externally audited dather dather sheet (even more unusual) and expects a 1987 net profit of cash flow and 1.450m (£210,000) on total sales of L80n (£210,000) on total s

By the mid-1970s Aurel was at tanari and 12 per cent among not only producing its components on its own machinery, but reaching a 50-50 split between around L650m against share the sale of components and the sale of component-making machinery.

Street Production of the sale of component making machinery.

The Aurel plant, a mere 2,500 against in a converted.

easy, says indebrando Solaroli, panel instrumentation and, as the former student who is now of a few weeks ago, a sales agent sales manager. "We worked day was installed in a small German; and night for many years, and town.

almost all our weekends. But then we loved it and we still do,"

be says.

The Aurel executives talk and nattily dressed 28-year-old;

The Aurel executives talk and nattily dressed 28-year-old;

based circuits after printing) used in the manufacture of for L10m. Then the handful of pacemakers, land mines, air-Aurel employees made the craft systems, numerical control rounds of companies such as and factory automation systems,

chinery.

To watch these former stadents stand in front of one of the laser trimmers and explain 90. A further five employees, the way in which the laser beam cuts incisions in the circuit to achieve the desired resistance is to have one's faith in human based at Varese, north of Milan, ingenuity reaffirmed. It wasn't producing circuits for digital easy," says Ildebrando Solaroli, panel instrumentation and, as the former student who is now of a few weeks ago, a sales agent.

proudly about a visit last month Dario Montanari, says he isi from Ambassador Lunkov, the about to get more involved in Soviet ambassador in Rome. Aurel after spending five or six. "The Russians are interested in months a year for the last five or everything high-tech, and we six years...hanging out on the sell to them," comments Frassibach in California."

Previous articles in this series.

neti.

Previous articles in this series
The company now makes a were published on September 15
range of components that are and 29 and October 13.

WHEN PAUL Hornsey went in-to business he took the typical entrepreneurial attitude to training. He ignored it.

Now, 12 months on, Reel to Reel, the catering venture which he set up in Fulham, when he set up in runams,
West London, to provide meals
for film crews, has notched up
£60,000 of turnover and Hornsey
feels he needs to know a bit
more about the mechanics of
runaing a company. running a company.

running a company.

"I just fell into it, producing food on a small scale, and up to now everything has gone into getting it going," he said, after a day last week spent attending a course on basic accounting at the London Enterprise Agency (LEntA). "Now we are set up I want to understand more about running the business."

Harnsey is now persuaded of

Hornsey is now persuaded of the value of training and plans to attend courses; but all too often many small businesspeople regard it as a waste of time.

"This is the most notoriously difficult market to crack," notes LEnta's training manager, Tim Baldwin. "These people are already running to stand still so they have very little time to fill in questionnaires or come on

offer, according to the Govern-ment's figures.

ment's figures.

A number of surveys carried out over the past few years by the Forum of Private Business, one of the leading small business lobby groups, showed that 67 per cent of its members had never had any formal business training and - even more ominously-58 per cent did not want any. Forum members have responded more enthusiastically in a recently introduced to a recently introduced scheme, the Private Enterprise

The most common reasons for not taking up business training are a lack of time and the loss of revenues which would result from the boss being away from the shop.

Underlying the unwillingness of small businessmen to train is a deeper problem. They do not believe that formal training will add to the effectiveness of their

"The British don't look to edu-cation to help them in practical terms, certainly not when it comes to starting a business," comments Peter Saunders, a director at Cranfield School of

It is little consolation that big ompany managers in Britain are equally poorly trained. A report by Professor Charles Handy published last April was the latest in a series to point up the management shortcomings of many large UK firms.

The Americans, in contrast, are enthusiastic learners - whether they are running large

Too busy running a business to learn how to do it

BY CHARLES BATCHELOR



This assessment is borne out or small businesses. And inter-by the statistics. Fewer than 1 per cent of small firms take up per cent of small firms take up of the training courses on from several weeks to a few days. Video presentations are replacing old-fashioned "chalk and talk" techniques. The main provider of small business training in the UK is the Manpower Services Commission. It contracts out the ac-tual teaching courses to private training consultants, colleges and local enterprise agencies. The numbers taking the MSC's small business training courses have risen from just 32

around the world. The Italians are devoting increasing attention to it while teams from both France and Australia have recently looked at the work being done at Cranfield.

There is little doubt that training reduces the very high casualty rates of small firms in their early years. One in three start-up companies in Britain can be expected to fail within the first three years. The Manthe first three years. The Man-power Services Commission says its training programmes re-duce the mortality rate to just one in 10 companies over a two-

ear period. And businessmen who do take involves six days' training spread over a five week period in matters such as business structure, sources of finance and sales forecasting. The MSC plans to reach 50,000 people with this course, which is free, this year. a business course are over-whelmingly positive about what they have learned. A CBI survey carried out just over a year ago showed 77 per cent of owner-managers felt their training to have been either invaluable or

well worthwhile.

Certainly the number of people following training courses has increased sharply in recent years, partly because of the in-troduction of more attractive programmes provided at more convenient times. Courses have in some instances been reduced

MANAGEMENT ATTENDANCE OF TRAINING COURSES Owner-mors% Staff-mers%

FI plang/cap raising/proj appraisal

people 10 years ago to 67,000 in 1986/87. The main courses cur-

rently on offer from the MSC

The Business Enterprise Pro-

gramme. Aimed at people who have yet to start a business, it

involves six days' training

The Private Enterprise Programme. Consists of 13 one-day

or two-evening "modules" in subjects such as marketing, finding new products and man-aging growth. Courses are free to businesses less than one year

old but £35 a session for longer established companies.

The MSC hopes to provide The MSC hopes to provide 60,000 places on these courses this year but Graham Hyde, the organisation's head of enterprise training, acknowledges that the take-up has been

Ofirmstart An up-market pro-gramme aimed at people al-ready in business or with a sound business plan which is expected to create a sizeable company or a large number of jobs in a fairly short time. The course, which is free but subject to intense competition, is run part-time over 26 weeks at the course of the nine business schools and col-leges around the country. About 200 people will take the Firm-start course this year.

●The Graduate Gateway Programme. Gives new graduates 15 weeks' work experience in a small company. This programme provides work experience and may lead to a job with the host company. About 800 graduates are expected to enrol this year.

The MSC has been engaged in a tough cost-cutting operation in recent years, aiming for large increases in the numbers

This policy has run into fierce rms poncy has run into the co-ganisations which implement the MSC programmes. The com-mission has been accused of going for the maximum number of bums on seats' at the expense

The Private Enterprise Programme in particular has been criticised for presenting disjointed chunks of information out of context. PEP does not take the business and the individual together," complains one critic. "You just have knowledge put in front of you without hav-ing the opportunity to integrate

it into your business." Despite the progress which has been made in devising shorter, more focussed courses to meet the needs of small busi-ness, some of the trainers fear that the less tangible benefits which result from informal contacts between the students will

"The approach I take is to look at both the individual and the business, says Catherine Gurling, director of enterprise pro-

"For example, if you can't handle personal contacts you may screw up a sale. Being taught in a group brings that out. You have to recognise your weaknesses and plug the gaps. If I'm honest 50 per cent of what the students learn comes from being with others in the same situation."

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IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE .
CHANCERY DIVISION
Mr Registrar John Bradburn
Friday the 9th day of October, 1987 .
IN THE MATTER of E. R. (HOLDINGS) #C AND IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the notice is nexely Given that the Order of the High Court of Justice (Chancey Division) dated 9th October, 1987 confirming the reduction of the capital of the above named Company from £3,000,000 to £2,950,000 and the Minata approved by the Court showing with respect to the capital of the Company, as aftered the several particular required by the above-mentioned Act was seen tered by the Registrar of Companies (20th October, 1987, Data

20th October, 1987.
Dated this 22nd day of October 1987.
Jaques & Lewis,
2, South Square,
Gray's Inn,
London WCIR SHR.
Soliches for the store samed Company.

R.K.U. LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I, URJIT KUMAR SINGLA, FCA of Single SURJIT KUMAR SINGLA, FCA of Singla
C.O., Chartered Accountants, of Athert,
Buildings, 49 Queen Victoria Street, London EC4R IBR was appointed Administrative Receiver on 20th October 1987,
of all assets by Mount Credit Corporation
Limited, under the power's contained in a
debenture dated the 31st January 1984.

Administrative Decoder.

Office Equipment RGIAN ANTIQUE PARTNERS desk resis. Spotiese condition, Temphone 01Kingdom of Sweden FF800,000,000

3%%/8% Bonds due 1991 consisting of equal amounts of Series A Bonds ("Bull Bonds")

Company Notices

and Series B Bonds ("Bear Bonds")

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to paragraph "Redemption" of the terms and conditions of the Series A Bonds and of the Series B Bonds, the redemption price of each Series A Bond has been set at 88.976% of the principal amount thereof, and the redemption price of each Series B Bond has been set at 111.0625% of the principal amount thereof.

Luxembourg, October 27, 1987



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1-2953 LUXEMBOURG Notice to Shareholders The directors have resolved that the suspension of subscriptions and redemptions with effect from 20th October 1987 previously

announced shall be cancelled.

Consequently subscriptions and redemptions requests made to the fund since 20th October 1987 will be dealt with on 23rd October 1987 at the price per share calculated that day and requests received from the commencement of business on 23rd October 1987 will be dealt with in the normal manner.

by order of the board

Republic of Portugal FF700,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1995

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the interest period October 28, 1987 to January 26, 1988 . the Notes will carry an interest rate of 8-675% p.a.

The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, January 25, 1985 will be FF221-69 per Note of FF10,000 nominal and FF2,216-94 per Note of FF100,000 nominal



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he has done successfully. For the new or potential investor, it provides an invaluable introduction to the practices and procedures of the markethow to set up and manage an investment portfolio and how to make the best use of your capital.

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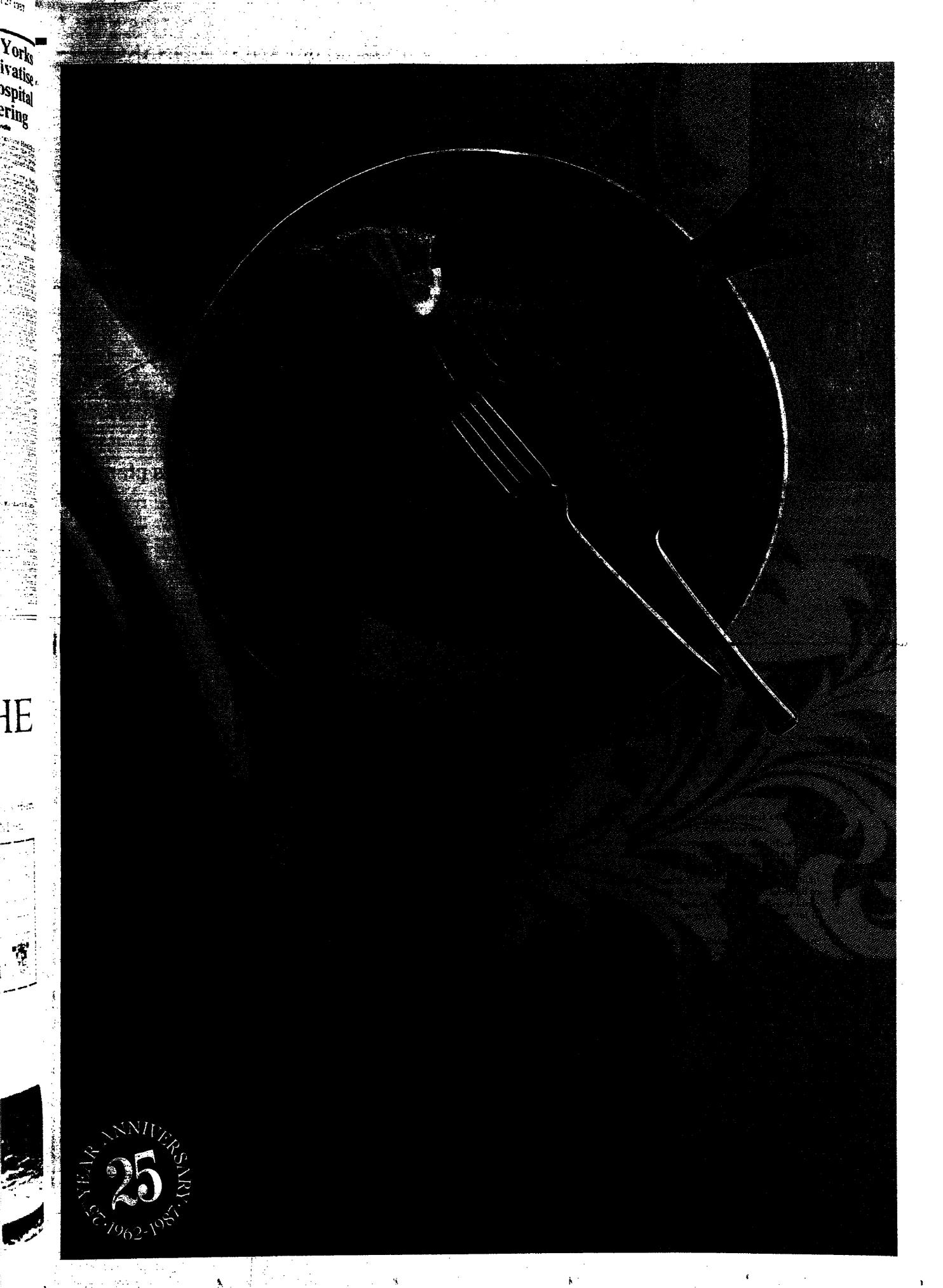
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Sharp gains at JVC and Hitachi

BY CARLA RAPOPORT IN TOKYO

22nd October, 1987

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Manufacturers Hanover Limited

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Cosmo Securities (Europe) Limited

Saitama Finance International Limited

'TWO OF Japan's largest electronics companies announced sharply increased profits yesterday, heralding the beginning of an industrial recovery from the trauma caused by the yen's appreciation.

JVC, Japan's leading maker of video cassette recorders, more than doubled its pre-tax profits in the six months ended last September, in spite of a sharp

drop in exports. Hitachi, Japan's leading manufacturer of electrical machinery, boosted pre-tax profits by 26 per cent and indicated that further recovery is expected in the months ahead. We think the worst is over," a Hitachi executive said yester-

in the autumn of 1985. Hitachi and JVC have engineered their profit recoveries by a combination of ruthless cost-cutting, improved manufacturing efficiency and a more so-

phisticated range of electronic

the yen's appreciation against

companies also cited strong domestic demand as a significant factor in offsetting

the drop in sales abroad. For the six months, when Hitachi's exports were off by 12 per cent, sales on an unconsoli-

dated basis dropped 4 per cent to Y1,436bn (\$10.07bn), while pre-tax profits climbed from Y45.6bn to Y57.6bn.

Y120bn. The interim dividend was unchanged at Y4.50.

JVC, with exports off by 11 per cent, managed to inch sales up Japanese industry has suf-fered a marked drop in exports and overall profits following

Significantly, Hitachi's costcutting exercises and its in-creased purchases of compo-nents from outside Japan heiped to shrink its cost of sales foreign currencies, which began by 8 per cent in the period, to just over Y1,000bn.

Hitachi's net earnings in the period were up 18 per cent to Y31.1bn. Its information and communication systems and electronic devices showed the best sales in the period, while consumer products fell by 17

per cent overall. For the full year, Hitachi ex-

by 1 per cent, to Y253.8bn. Pre-tax profits recovered to Y2.3bn from Y4bn last year. Net profits were up 21 per cent to Y2.9bn. For the full year, JVC is forecasting pre-tax profits of Y16bn. The dividend for the period was

held at Y6.25. JVC noted that housing investment and consumer de-mand showed steady improvement during the period. The company also anticipates that government measures, such as increased public spending and income tax cuts, will further stimulate domestic sales.

Hindujas and Fiat in Ashok Leyland deal

drew.

CONTROLLING stake in Ashok Leyland, India's second largest truck and bus manufacturer, is being sold by Rover Group of the UK to a joint ven-ture comprising India's Hinduja business family and Fiat Iveco of Italy for a figure believed to be about £28m-£30m (\$47m-\$50.4m).

The proposed deal gives the London-based Hindujas - an international trading family who recently acquired a big shareholding in Gulf Oil and Trading a high-profile entry into Indi-an manufacturing industry which they have been seeking

Their bid has beaten the next highest offer of about £25m-£28m submitted by Mr Rahul Bajaj, who runs Bajaj Auto, a

A third offer of about £20m was submitted by Mr Manu Chhabria, an Indian-born businessman based in Dubai, who has been buying controlling stakes in other Indian companies from Rritish interests. nies from British interests.

Rover Group is selling its 39 per cent stake in Ashok Leyland, and a 51 per cent stake in Ennore Foundries, an allied company, following the takeover earlier this year of its Leyland truck and bus interests by Defot the Netherlands. Daf of the Netherlands.

With an output of about 16,000 vehicles a year, Ashok Leyland has 30 per cent of the Indian truck and bus market, holding second place to Telco, which is part of the large Tata group.
Its profits rose to Rs64.1m (\$4.9m) last year, starting a re-

problems.

Ashok Leyland has a tie up with Hino, the Japanese truck maker, which considered submitting a bid but did not make the final shortlist. Daf also considered bidding, but then with-

The Hindujas are one of the most successful and controver-sial families of non-resident Indian entrepreneurs and they have extensive political connections in the UK and elsewhere.

They have repeatedly denied allegations that they are linked with Indian contracts for Bofors guns from Sweden and HDW submarines from West Ger-many, which have been the sub-ject of corruption allegations this year.

covery after several years of But for some time they have been trying without success to be accepted as partners in Indian industrial projects. They have recently submitted proposals with Bechtel of the US for three electric power projects in India, which would cost

> Ashok Leyland is the latest of a series of sales of British stakes in India involving com panies such as Chloride, GKN. Davy and Dunlop.

> The sales have been taking place either because of ration-alisation of the British parent's manufacturing operations, or because the Indian companies were in urgent need of fresh in-vestment funds and managerial

BHP to set up battery materials plant

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

BROKEN HILL Proprietary (BHP), Australia's largest company, is to spend up to A\$100m (US\$71.7m) on a plant to make 15,000 tonnes a year of high-grade electrolytic manganese dioxide (EMD).

It said vesterolay that the fa-

It said yesterday that the fa-cility, which its BHP-Utah Minerals division is due to open in 1990, would account for about 10per cent of world capacity for EMD, used most notably as the primary energy source for dry-

The plant will use manganese ore from the Groote Eylandt deday that it would develop the

CCM blames recession for slide into red

By Wong Sulong in Kusta

CREDIT CORPORATION of Malaysia (CCM), third largest of Mr'aysia's 45 finance companies, has reported a slide into an operating less of 56m ringgit (US\$42.4m) for 1886 from a profit of 5.3m ringgit in 1985, a setback which it blamed on bad debts arising from the Malaysian recession.

The loss was, however, reduced to 33.3m ringgit after accounting for deferred taxation of 22.8m ringgit.

The three shareholders - Australia Guarantee Curperation (with 49 per cent), Standard Chartered Bank of the UK (41 per cent) and Syarikat Permodalan Kebangsam, a Malay investment company (10 per cent) - have agreed to a capital injection of 28m ringgit to restate comption will injection.

there capital adequacy ratios.

The injection will increase to paid-up capital to S&m ring-it, but shareholders' funds

ing the reappointment of Mr Clem Just, an Australian, as its director and general man-ager. Mr Just held the same po-sition from 1976-79, when CCM rapidly expanded its business. The 1385-86 recession has hit finance companies as se-verely as commercial hanks, forcing them to make heavy provisions for bad debts and auspension of interest on non-performing leans.

OK Bazaars

raises profit

OK BAZAAES, one of South Africa's largest supermarket chains, increased sales by 16.9 per cent in the six ments to September 38, against a background of low growth in the disposable earnings of the lower and middle income groups. First-half sales rose to R1.29bm (\$630.5m) from R1.16bm in the corresponding period of 1986. The interim pre-tax profit increased to R11.66m from R9.33m.

Turnover totalled R2.26bm in

Turnover totalled R2.26m in the financial year to last March and the year's pre-tax profit was R29.11m.

A further increase in turnover and profits is expected in the expected in the expect of the country of the coun

over and profits is expected in the current six menths.
First-half not earnings rose to 44 cents a share from 35 cents and the interim dividend has been lifted to 24 cents from 21 cents. Last year's total earnings were 123.0 cents and the year's dividend was 73 cents.
OK Bazzars is a 70 per centowned subsidiary of South African Breweries.

posit, an aboriginal reserve off northern Queensland. BHP did not say, however, where the plant would be built. About 90 per cent of its output

would be exported to earn an estimated A\$30m a year. As part of its recent strategy As part of its recent strategy the group - which has interests in energy, steel, metals and minerals - has been seeking ways to take its raw materials output further downstream into refined or semi-finished prod-

BHP also announced yester-

Challis oilfield, situated about 400 miles west of Darwin in the Timor Sea. Production is due to begin by September 1989 at an initial rate of 24,000 barrels a

day (b/d). The Challis field, discovered in 1984, is 12 miles south of the Jabiru field which has been in

production for more than a year at about 27,000 b/d.

The decision to develop the field follows a government offer of a production licence. A new resources rent tax allows the company to avoid royalty and excise payments on high-cost

production areas, government officials said. Four wells drilled at Challis have tested at rates between 2,317 b/d and 10,000 b/d.

Partners in the field are BHF which is the operator and has a 50 per cent stake; Citco Australia Petroleum, a unit of Exxon of the US, which has 18.75 per cent; Norcen International with a 12.5 per cent; Peko Oil with 10.3 per cent; Ampol Explora-tion with 6.25 per cent; and Norpac Securities Australia and Brenda Mines which have 1.1

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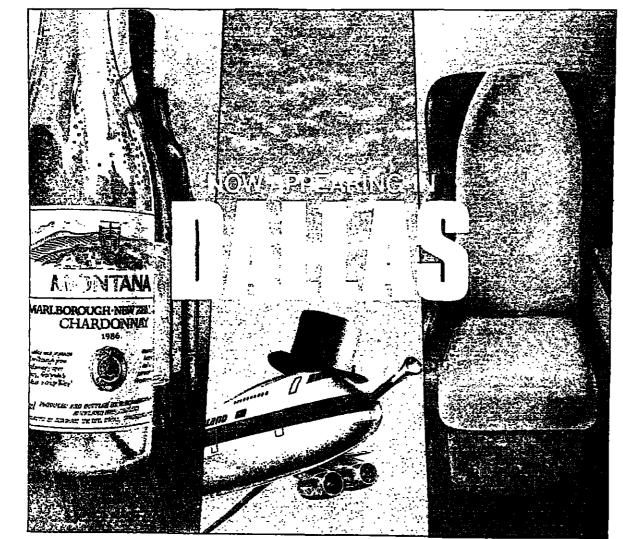
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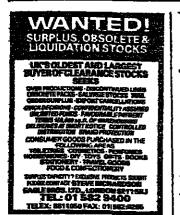
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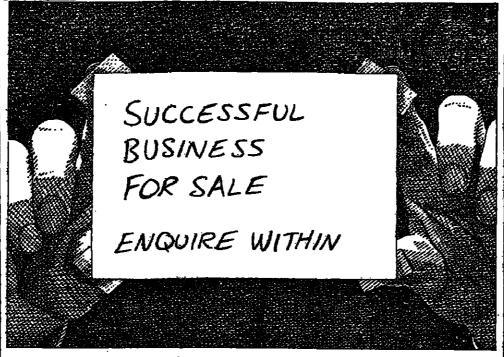
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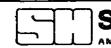
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The Faroes in the North Atlantic enjoy home rule under the Kingdom of Denmark. The

experiencing a booming economy, despite the problems in the fishing industry, as Hilary Barnes reports.

High standard of living

LIFE IN the Farces Islands has always been a balancing act between the improbable and the improssible, says Mr Oli Breckman, one of the islands' leading ported by sheep and meat and interest and inter

His view sums up neatly one's feeling as the aircraft comes in to land at Vagar, the islands only airport. The aircraft's wing-tips seem dangerously close to touching the fellsides which hem-in the airstrip. The Maersk Air Boeing 737 is fitted with special brakes to ensure that the machine stops before the short runway ends abruptly in a

the Vikings who arrived in the 10th century, have sustained the balancing act with remarkable success, earning the islands one of the highest standards of living in Europe, with a per capita income in 1986 of \$16,800. They are apt to point out, with justifiable pride, that there are

few small-island societies in the world which have succeeded not only in maintaining, but in steadily increasing the popula-tion, which has risen from 38,612 in 1970 to 46,312 in 1988. The 18 islands - 16 of them inhabited - are of volcanic origin. They rise almost sheer out of the North Atlantic about 600km west of Norway and 430km north-west of Scotland, provid-

eaked out a meagre living sup-ported by sheep and meat and blubber from the slaughter of pilot whales. A modest export of dried and salted cod, caught by sailing smacks, provided the ex-

The Farces are still almost entirely dependent on fisheries, which account for 94 per cent of their exports and a quarter of total production. The islands other main source of income is a generous subsidy from Den-mark, amounting last year to some 16 per cent of the gross do-

mestic product.
But in other respects they have have come a long way in the past half-century. The fish-ing fleet of today is as modern as any, and the top prices ob-tained by Faroese fish prod-ucts, wherever they are sold, at-test to the high quality.

With increasing wealth, the infrastructure has been devel-

oped. There are 400km of roads, open. There are worms or rooms, extensive ferry and bus ser-vices, and the banking system is all on-line. There are 17,000 reg-istered motor vehicles (most istered motor vehicles (most families in Torshavn, the capital, seem to have two), about one computer for every 60 persons, and a video recorder in virtually every home.

ing some of the most spectacular cliff scenery in Europe. The boom condition for several cliffs are famous for their colours, despite the ups and

created its own problems, in-cluding a current balance of payments deficit of about eight per cent of the GDP, or Dkr496m in 1986 (in 1984 it was as much

in 1985 (in 1994 it was as much as 1? per cent of the GDP), a net foreign debt equal to some 67 per cent of the GDP, and an acute labour shortage. This autumn there are shout 1.200 immigrant workers in the islands, which is roughly five per cent of the labour force.
Dependence on fish, however,

means that the economy is vulnerable, and many of the island society's present problems have arisen out of the need to make a radical adjustment of the fisheries industry when 200-mile zones were introduced in 1977. Until then, the Faroese fished wherever there were fish to be

"We've been thrown back on our own resources alone," says Mr Birgir Danielsen, chairman of Farce Seafoods, the co-oper-ative export marketing organi-sation which accounts for about 80 per cent of Farcese fish ex-

There was general concern in the mid-1970s that the new fish-eries regime might lead to unemployment, and therefore gov-ernment subsidies were used to encourage a renewal of the fishing fleet and diversification into other industries, notably

freight shipping.
"Unfortunately, we have become addicted to subsidies,"
says Mr Breckman, a member of the Loging and one of the Farces' two members of the Folketing in Denmark. The subsidies have contrib-

and the consequent balance of payments problems.

The Faroe Islands

"We are among the most in-debted countries in the world, but you must see the positive side of this as well," says Mr Atli Dam, the Prime Minister. "We have borrowed for investment in productive capacity, not for

consumption. The availability of credit guarantees from the Landssity, subsidised finance for ship-building both in the Faroes, Denmark and in Norway (where many Faroese ships

FAROES' INCOME

THE Faroe Islands are part of the Danish currency area, aithough the islands have their own bank s, issued by the National Bank of Denmark.

136,000 (equivalent to US\$16,800 at 1986 average exchange rate). ☐ Savings as % of GDP: 28%.

able national income:

☐ Gross domestic product: ☐ Transfers from De

□ lavestment: Dkg2.13bn. straent as % of GDP: 38% Dkr2.86hm Deports of fish, fish products,

build with almost no personal risk - and they have invested

heavily.

From an economic point of view, the value of these investments has to regarded as extremely modest, says the 1987 report on the Faroese economy by the Danish Government's ad-visory committee. Although Mr Dam has tried

hard to get his four-party coali-tion to restrict the subsidies, it has proved hard-going to break the babit, and, with a new elec-tion to the Logting in 1988, the climate does not favour financial stringency. As the Danish advisory committee said in July: "Public investment of Dkr700m in 1987 is making a major contribution to the shortage of labour, yet a 40 per cent increase in investment is forecast

Business is worried. There have been several big bankrupt-cies recently, including a shipping company operating three chemical carriers, another op-

"There has to be a set-back -and a fall in living standards," and a fall in living standards.

says Mr Johan Mortensen, fish ly Japanese, about 28 per cent exporter, who said that after a poor year so far in fishing, go and whoever you talk to you trawler-owners were in general feeling squeezed, and that this is beginning to affect the rest of feeling squeezed, and that this There's no Eurosclerosi is beginning to affect the rest of comments one observer.

he fears that the Faroes' traditional society could be totally submerged by an oil culture. As a graduate engineer who spent several years in Kuwait, he has

seen the process at work - and does not like it much. Although the Faroes' immediate economic problems look bad on paper, there are counter-factors as well. One is that most of the "foreign debt" is to Deumark, much of it for houses built with loans from the Dan-ish mortgage associations, and thus are not a foreign currency

One is that most of the foreign debt' is to Denmark, much of it for houses built with loans from the Danish mortgage associations, and therefore not a foreign currency debt.

Another important positive point is the great flexibility of the Faroese and their economy. There are no unemployment benefits on the Farces - and no unemployment - and few or no union job restrictions.

erating two gas tankers, and several trawler-owners.

"There has to be a set-back - are taxed at a flat rate of half a recitive.

On the sensitive issue with among the Faroese was the Danish Government of subsea oil and gas prospects around the Faroes, the crucial Faroes' adviser to the Faroes. point for Mr Dam is that the Foreign Ministry: We're facing Faroes should be able to condisaster. Unemployment, now trol the pace of exploration, as negative, may rise to zero."

Government and constitution

THE FAROE Islands (population, 46,300; capital, Thorshavn with a population of 12,000) are a part of the Kingdom of Denmark. The language is Faroese, closely related to Icelandic.

1948, the islands enjoy extensive autonomy. The judiciary and police, the church, fareign policy, defence, and the money system remain under Danish control. The Farces elect two members to the Danish Folketing.

The Farnese legislature, the Lagting, has 32 members. The executive, the Landsstyre, currestly a centre-left coalition of four parties, has six members, headed by the Lagmand (Prime Minister), Mr Atli Dam, Social Democrat. The composition of the current Lagting, elected in 1984, is: 80cial Democrats, 8; Independence Party, 2; Republicans, 6; Prog-ress and Fisheries Party, 2; People's Party, 7; and Unionist Party, 7.

A complex political pattern

FABOESE POLITICS are a curious mixture. There is the famil-ous mixture. There is the famil-our left-right conflict, but it is complicated by disagreement along a second axis, union or in-dependence from Denmark.

There are left and right-wing independence parties as well as left and right-wing unionist par-

ties.
The Republicans, a left-wing socialist party, want independence now, "preferably by noon," says one informant. The People's Party, a conser-vative-liberal party, would like independence soon; maybe next

year, while the Self-rule Party advocates independence someauvocates independence some-time (or never, say its critics).

As long as Denmark continues to provide a generous subsidy, it seems unlikely that there will be a mad rush for separation, especially as Denmark has gradually granted the Faroes more and more suferness general more and more autonomy over

eign affairs - the Faroese nego-tiate their own bilateral fishing The major outstanding issue between Denmark and the Farces is control of sub-sea shelf area resources. There appears to be a reasonable prospect that oil and gas will one day be discovered. But until the Danish-Faroes dispute over control is settled, there will be

The Danish Government view is that raw material resources are an issue which concern the Kingdom as a whole, a principle which cannot be abandoned

"without having major conse-quences," as Prime Minister Poul Schlueter puts it. It will have even greater consequences if control of Farcese raw material resources are not handed over to the Faroese," retorted Mr Dam in a recent exchange in the Folketing.

Mr Dam said that for him the

issue is not primarily economic. If a find is made which is big enough to exploit in the deep-water conditions on our shelf, it will be so big that there will be plenty of money for everyone."
The Farces have no foreign policy of their own, as defence

and fereign policy are the prov-ince of the metropolitan govern-

ment in Copenhagen.

But this does not prevent a lively debate in the Faroes on East-West issues. The Faroes are not members of the EEC. but are members of Nato (as part of the Kingdom of Den-

The Loging has on various oc-casions unanimously affirmed that, Nato membership not withstanding, the Faroes regard themselves as non-aligned, but the unanimity has recently end-ed. Mr Breckman's People's Party now wants the Faroes to give a positive affirmation of their support for Nato, and as Mr Breckman made substantial gains in the election to the Danish Polketing in September this year, he seems to have consider-

year, he seems to have considerable support.

Mr Dam and the Landsstyri, on the other hand, are more concerned with the question of the establishment of a superpower guaranteed Nordic nuclear-free zone, for which the Scardingtian Social Democrate Scandinavian Social Democratic parties are striving.

Should the Scandinvian pen-insular, Finland and Denmark become a formal nuclear-free zone, Mr Dam wants to make sure that the Faroes are not left

Meanwhile, the question of relations with the Soviet Union is of immediate practical concern. The Farces and the Soviet Union have a bilateral agreement awarding reciprocal fishing rights in each other's waters. Two of the three Faroese shippards also have agreements with the Soviet Union to repair

with the Soviet Union to repair Soviet trawlers.

"We regard this pragmatically," says Mr Dam. "All other Western European countries have commercial agreements with the Soviet Union. The Americans sell corn to the Russians don't they?" sians, don't they?"
Many Faroese are suspicious

of Soviet intentions; diplomats from Nato countries have their misgivings, too. But Mr Breck-man, whose views are strongly anti-Soviet, pointed out that nearly all Faroese are fanatically pro-western, while a big majority support Nato, and a majority probably even favours the retention of the Nato radar station on the islands. station on the islands.

"There is a strong feeling that
the Russians should be kept at

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FAROE ISLANDS 2

Fishing industry developments

The blue whiting gamble

THE FAROE Islanders have a dream: that the great blue whiting venture will renew the fortunes of the fishing fleet and fisheries industry.

The story starts in 1977, when the introduction of 200-mile economic zones threw the Faroese fishing fleet, which was used to fishing anywhere there were fish to catch, back on the resources of their own 200-mile zone - plus any fish it could 'swap' in other waters against

Faroese fish.
Resources of high-value cod and haddock in Faroese waters are limited - and they have been over-fished and are therefore in danger of depletion. But there are vast stocks of blue whiting, a small cod-like fish which inhab-its deeper waters. Blue whiting are used for human consump-tion in the Soviet Union, but not

in western Europe.

This enabled the Faroese to exchange a substantial blue whiting quota with the Soviet Union - currently 145,000 tonnes a year - against 21,500 tonnes of cod in Soviet (or Soviet-Norwe-

gian) waters.
But if the blue whiting could

But if the blue whiting could become an acceptable consumer fish in Western Europe (said the Farpese to themselves), they would have found a goldmine. Turned into boneless and skinless filets, its present price of around Dkr 1-50 per kilogram would rise to cod-like prices of around Dkr-5 per kg.

The idea seemed so good that neither the fishermen nor the Landsstyre could restrain their optimism, with the Landsstyre liberally handing out subsidies and credit guarantees, and the trawler shippers gleefully taking the chance to buy brand new trawlers at practically no risk to themselves.

Mr Birgir Danielson, grand old man of the Faroese fish-eries industry, who is chairman of Faroe Seafood, the co-operative business which markets about 80 per cent of the Faroese fish, says that nine trawlers have been built for the blue whiting fisheries. The total value of the new vessels is over

if blue whiting became an acceptable consumer fish in Western Europe, the islanders would find unlimited wealth

Dkrlbn, (US\$140m). None has yet earned a krone.

Mr Oli Breckman, oppositio member of the Loging, said that if refurbished and convert-ed trawlers are included, then the total investment in blue whiting may be nearer to Dkr2bn (equal to about 35 per cent of the gross domestic product, or US\$8,200 per capita).

Some progress has been made in improving the sales value of blue whiting, which is marketed as a high quality fish minee. Mr Johan Mortensen, manager of the Torshavn fish export company. pany, P. Marr, has co-operated with a fish-filleting company to turn blue whiting into surimi, which is the raw material for a which is the raw material for a popular Japanese product, crabsticks. After successful completion of a pilot product, Faroese surimi is now being made on Japanese machines and exported to a Japanese company in Glasgow.

But the great break-through, the mass production of a boneless and skinless hine whiting

less and skinless blue whiting fillet, is testing the ingenuity of

Trawler-owner Morten Johan-nesen, who has just taken delivery of a new 60-ton vessel, equipped to catch and fillet blue whiting on board, claims that he has made the breakthrough and will be turning out the fillets in the winter blue whiting season. whiting season.

witting season. Mr Kjartan Hoydal, the Landsstyri official in charge of fisheries, displays muted opti-mism - I think we are solving the problems, he says.

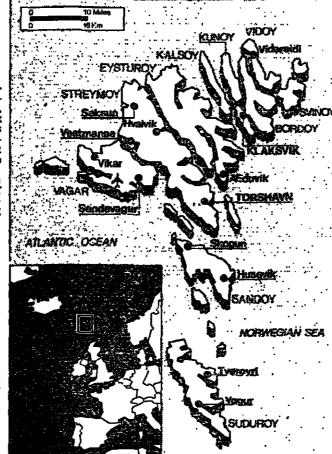
Everyone is crossing finger but most are still sceptical. It has proved extremely difficult to produce a fillet in which all the bones have been extracted. The fish are small. The ma-chines work very fast, and pro-

chines work very fast, and pro-duction cannot be controlled sufficiently well," comments Mr Danielson of Faroe Seafood.

He calls the blue whiting ven-ture "a dark chapter" in which far too much money had been invested before it was known whether production was really possible. Three of the new blue whiting trawlers had already gone bankrupt, he added, and another was in severe difficul-ties.

When the British occupied the Faroes in the Second World War, they called them The land of maybe, says Mr Mortensen, who is also British consul in Torshavn. "Maybe we shall suc-ceed with blue whiting fillets."

Local observers are asking what will happen if the entire blue whiting fleet goes bank-rupt? Since the Landsstyre has provided credit guarantees to the business sector for a total of Dkr952m at the end of 1986 (not all of it to fisheries, however), the Faroese tax-payers would foot a befty bill.



But some of the losses have been foreseen and are covered by allocations to reserve funds, and the final effect on the Faroese economy may be slight, suggests Mr Arni Olavsen of the Danish Foreign Ministry, Fish

farming
If blue whiting do not save the Faroese fish industry, fish farm-ing of salmon and salmon-trout may be more successful. The Faroese are quening to put their savings into fish farming, but so far only 52 licences have been issued to producers.

from 1,100 to 1,900 tonnes, worth about kr 66m. There will be a similar increase this year. In two to three years time production will rise to 10-12,000 tonnes with a value of kr 500m-600m, maning a 25 per cent increase in exports, said Mr Hoydal.

High-tech talent

ABOUT AS far out on the periphery of Europe as you can get, in the town of Klaksvig, a 75-minute drive and a balf-how ferry ride from Thorshavn, a small company, Com-Data, produces some of the world's most sophisticated equipment for the fish-processing industry.

Its founder and owner, Mr Liggias i Bo, says that Com-Data is the only company which pro-

been issued to producers.

Having adopted a ban on the interpret of smolts (young salmon) duces completely computering as a disease-prevention measure, it has taken time to build up stock, but production is now rising fast.

In 1986 production increased and, since its foundation seven from 1100 to 1000 to not seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and, since its foundation seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and, since its foundation seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and, since its foundation seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and, since its foundation seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and, since its foundation seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and since its foundation seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and since its foundation seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland and Canada, and seven the systems to Denmark, Norway, Greenland years ago, the company has dou-bled its turnover every year to

about DKr60m.

He says that it is not really so surprising to find the company located in the Farces - We have

such close contact with the in-dustry. I used to be a director of

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automatically. The trawl system also automatically adjusts the length of the trawl wires to keep the trawl parallel with the ship and to prevent the opening of the trawl from flapping. The soft-ware used by Oilwind is produced by Datronie, a five-per-son company based in Thorshavn.

Other evidence of high-tech

a filleting factory, so I know what the problems are," he says

So, indeed, does Mr Bjarn Joensen, at Midvagur, near the

ees, produces two pieces of equipment of which Mr Joensen is especially proud: a computer-ised reel and line, used in line-fishing for cod, and a computer-

ised trawl system.

talent in the Farces is seen at Elektron, owned by the Government, the telephone company and the banks, which has produced the software for the bank clearing system and the income tax administration.

The main contribution to feroese manufacturing, however, is made by the three ship-yards. Skala, owned by the Landdstyre, is the biggest of trawlers and freighters used by Lerwick (Shetlands), Bergen

trawiers and freignters used by the Faroese.

Torshavn Shipyard, owned by Mr Poul Mohr and family, pro-duces ships up to about 1,600grt and has, among other contracts supplied ferries for the Shet land inter-island service.

Vaag Shipyard is trying a new tack, importing hulls, which it them completes. Total turnover for the three shipbuilders last year was about Dkr244m, in-cluding Dkr10m from repair work on Soviet ships.

Strong views on whaling

FISH and fish products accounted for 94 per cent of the Faroes' exports last year. The fisheries employ 25 per cent of the labour force and provide 27 per cent of the national output, compared WE SHALL continue...I wouldn't feel Faroese any lon-ger if I couldn't eat whale meat and blubber once a week, declared Mr Atli Dam. He is as intransicent as the rest of the islanders on the vexing question of the traditional Faroese slaughter of pilot whales.

the national output, compared with a mere nine per cent for manufacturing.

The total 1986 catch was \$57,000 tonnes, of which half was caught in Faroese waters, about 16 per cent in EEC waters, 22 per cent in Arctic international waters, and the control of the cent in Arctic international waters. The Feroes have been inundated with protests from environmentalists and animal-lovters and the rest in Icelandic, Greenland, Norweglan, Soviet, and Canadian waters - most of whom had reciprocal fishing ers since television crews from around the world discovered that the slaughter of pilot whales, when the water is turnrights in Faroese waters.

Exports of fish and fish pred ed red by blood, makes spectacular - if gruesome - television.

ucts in 1986 totalled 192,500 tonnes, valued at Dkr1.83bn. The most outraged of the environmentalists claim that it is a conservationist issue, but this is fiercely rejected by the Faroese, who see it as basically a "cruelty-to-animals issue."

Joseph John May

Main

exports

The main markets were: Denmark, Dkr396m; the UK, Dkr266m; West. Germany, Dkr265m; the US, Dkr242m; France, Dkr297m. EEC countries accounted for three-quarters of all experts. "It's really a question of whether we should eat animals at all, says Mr Edmund Joensson, shrimp factory owner.

accounted for three-quarters or all exports.

Iced and frozen fillets (35,900 tonnes at Dk 688m), were the biggest earner, while 19,800 tonnes of salt fish (almost aff of it to Mediterranean Catholic countries) fetched Dkr428m; some 18,100 tonnes of shrimps and prawns fetched Dkr226m; and 2,457 tonnes of salmon and salmon-treat, fetched Dkr208m. Mr Dam points out that "the protesters live in big cities and can't see the connection be-tween the meat they eat and the fact that, to get the meat, ani-mals have to be slaughtered."

In another view, "about 150,000 pilot whales are caught, world-wide, each year, mostly by tuna fishermen, which makes all the fuss over the 1,700 whales or so that we catch, com-pletely misleading, claims Mrs Dorothea Bloch, a Faroes' 2001ogist and a leading authority on pilot whales.

In the Faroese drives for pilot whales, the schools of whales are driven into bays for slaughvagar Airport, who spends much of his time on board trawlers, trying out the products which his company, Oilwind, develops and produces. Oilwind, with about 65 employter. In most cases they are beached, but sometimes conditions for beaching do not exist and the whales are (or rather

were) gaffed and speared to In the fairly recent past pilot whale meat and blubber was a vital part of the food supply. It still accounted for abo the total meat production and a quarter of total meat consump-tion in 1986, according to the Faroese official account of the whale drives.

The line system enables fish-ermen to adjust the depth of the line, register the weight of fish on the line, adjust the length of the line and haul in the catch The whole drives, which are conducted communally and non-commercially, have always non-commercially, have always been regulated, but since the is-sue appeared on the world's television screens, the Faroese have tightened up the regulations, stopping the use of spears and gaffs and insisting that

How to get there

THERE IS a daily air service: Copenhagea-Vagar, with Danair, the Danish domestic airline, while legiandair operates a ser-vice, Reykjavík-Vagar-Glasgow, twice weekly in winter, but more often in summer.

Smyril Line, Tershavn, rans a passenger service calling at Hanstholm (Jutland, Denmark), (Norway) and Saydisfjerdur (Ice-

DFDS, the Danish company. operates a summer service be-tween Esbjerg (Denmark) and Torshavn.

Freight services are operated by Faroe Ship (Grimsby; Rotter-dam; Lysekil, Sweden; Stavanger; Galloway) and Star Line (Grims-by; Flushing; Vasa, Finland; Halmstad, Sweden; Brummen, Norway.



Mr Atil Dam: Intransigent about hale meat and blubber once a

whales are beached, where the jugular vein is cut - and death is rapid.

The local population is so incensed by the world's reaction to their traditional hunt that foreign journalists who want to observe the whale drives are not welcome.

We have a problem protect-ing them from the local people," says Mr Dam.

Big hopes for fish farming

IF BLUE whiting do not save the Faroese fish industry, fish farming of salmon and salmon-trout may be more successful. The Faroese are queueing to put their savings into fish farming, but so far only 52 licences have

been issued to producers. Having adopted a ban on the import of smolts (young salmon) as a disease-prevention measure, it has taken time to build up stock, but production is now ris-

ing fast.
In 1986 production increased from 1,100 to 1,890 tonnes, worth about Dkr65m. There will be a similar increase this year.

In two to three years' time, production will rise to 18-12,000 tonnes with a value of Dkr500m-600m, making a 25 per cent increase in exports," says Mr Kjartan Hoydal, the Landsstyri official overseeing the fisheries



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California's earthquakes have raised awareness of the need to protect computer systems, reports Louise Kehoe

"YOU CAN"T prevent an 'act of not wholly comparable in terms God,' but to be unprepared is an of physical devastation the act of ignorance, warns Frank events in California will proba-M. Piluso, vice president in bly strike a chord with systems charge of computing and communications at California Federal Savings in Rosemead, California Federal Savings in Rosemead, California Federal Savings in Rosemead, California will probably strike a chord with systems but satisfaction of the california will probably strike a chord with systems but satisfaction of the california will probably strike a chord with systems but satisfaction of the california will probably strike a chord with systems but satisfaction of the california will probably strike a chord with systems but satisfaction of the california will probably strike a chord with systems but strik fornia. The computer power failure resulting from equipment upon which so many the storms in southern England businesses have come to rely is just over a week ago. highly vulnerable, he points

"Nobody ever thinks it is going to happen to them, but every da-ta processing manager needs to know that disaster contingency devastating there was a sense

For Piluso and his colleagues For Filuso and his colleagues at California Federal, the fourth largest savings and loan institution in the US, disaster struck early on the morning of October 1 when a major earthquake shook the ground beneath the company's data processing centre in Rosemead.

Although CalFed's building escaped serious structural dam-

escaped serious structural damescaped serious structural damage, the interior was wrecked.
We lost 90,000 ceiling tiles.
They took eight tons of debris out of hera. We have ten miles of wiring that has to be re-placed, Piluso reports.

California Federal's data pro-cessing centre was back in operation just 29 hours after the earthquake struck and has remained operational despite several serious aftershocks. The important point is not how quickly we were able to get up, but that we were able to recover at all because we were pre-pared, says Piluso. We could have been looking at the real possibility of not being able to reconstruct," the company's executives believe.

The savings and loan managers feel driven to share their exeriences. We are some of the periences. We are some of the few people who have had to go through this. What we have learned needs to be shared," they say. "It might not be us next time." Their earthquake story is an eyeopener. Indeed, though

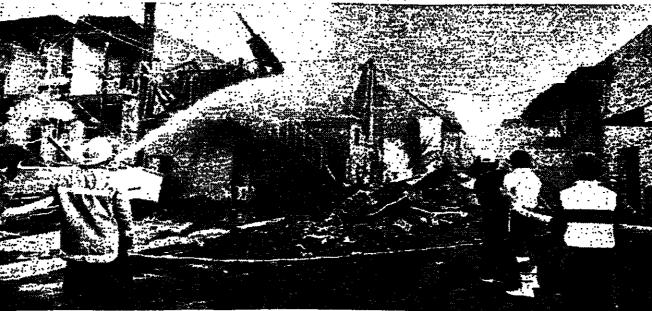
The first thing we did was to get the people out. Then we shut off the power and water at the mains. Teams of us went in to do planning is not just a profes-of disbelief. People were in sional responsibility, it is a shock We quickly discovered moral obligation." Piluso as-serts.

could prove invaluable, was to note deficiencies in the company's emergency plans during the recovery effort. We have 60 action points and we started implementing them immediately. We didn't wait for a single day. As a major financial institu-tion, California Federal is re-quired to maintain elaborate

contingency plans to cover com-puter failures. Every day, com-puter tapes are copied and transported to computer back-up sites where duplicate mainframe computers stand ready to take over. When the quake hit, people and tapes were sent off to the back-up sites which they expected to be operational within 24 hours. As the dust settled however, it became clear that the data processing centre

branch offices were able to maintain normal operations throughout the histus because they are equipped with "intelligent" terminals that can perform 95 per cent of the tasks normally handled by the mainmormally handled by the mainmormal broken main on the fourth floor.

Lesson number one, suggests that water and computers do not mix! What really got us was that we lost the phone what had happened," he recalls. The private branch exchange that controlled the office phone was determined by water. math of the quake. We had made that major investment in 1983-84, and it certainly paid



ergency electricity, conditioning and water plants (for computer cooling systems) are located at the data processing centre site, but these were all knocked out by the quake, as were the normal utility sup-plies.

In the event, however, it was not elaborate technology that saved the day. Whoever thought to put a stack of plastic sheeting in the computer room saved CalFed the cost of two new mainframe computers as they that the data processing centre could be restored and the back-up sites were not eventually used.

CalFed the cost of two new mainframe computers as they were doused with water from a broken main on the fourth floor. system was destroyed by water. We commandeered a cellular

al it could be monins, accord-ing to seismic experts, before the earth stops moving. Few have to learn the hard way how to deal with emergencies like earthquakes, but the lessons of the Los Angeles quake apply to any business that relies upon computers. The boy scout motio "be prepared" should also be the credo of the data processing manager if physical disasters are not also to become financial

earthquake has led to a height-ened awareness throughout California of the dangers they present. Says Tom Tobin, executive director of the State Seismic Commission in California: We are just beginning to become aware of the potential problems in Silicon Valley. sion's attention

For the people at California
Federal, the risks of yet more
disruption from aftershocks of
the October 1 quake are very real. It could be months, according to seismic experts before

The Northern California
could overwhelm the ability of
high technology enclave where
local fire and emergency response teams to deal with the
problems.

Could we have another Bohbuilt upon a begin of coord randy. built upon a basin of soft sandy soil - is particularly at risk. In an earthquake, according to ge-ologists, this land would shake

ologists, this land would "shake like a bowl of jelly," dramatical-ly increasing the damage to buildings and their contents. The use of highly toxic chemi-cals in semiconductor manufac-ture is a rising cause of concern. Several of the largest compa-nies in Silicon Valley have undertaken major efforts to en-sure the containment of toxics and to minimise the amounts of these substances stored at their Silicon Valley factories. But the problems may be

with the smaller companies," suggests Richard Eisner at BAREPP (the Bay Area Region-al Earthquake Preparedness Project). He fears the possibili-ty of several simultaneous toxic

"Could we have another Boh-pal on our hands? I don't know, but the possibilities are terrify-ing." Another threat to manufacmg. Another threat to manufac-turing industry, particularly in Silicon Valley, comes from the so-called "tilt-up" concrete structures that house most of the factories. In a major quake, these buildings are subject to collapse. The walls fall out and the roof falls in Several such buildings were badly damaged

buildings were badly damaged in the recent LA quakes. Building codes, upgraded following a 1971 quake in the San Fernando valley, have mandated construction elements that the the tilt up buildings together, but the buildings errected prior to 1976, during the Silicon Valley building boom, are still vulnerable.

Despite the apparent dangers, BAREPP reports that the ma-jority of companies in the San

preparing earthquake recovery plans or safeguarding their

There are some notable exceptions, such as IBM, which has spent heavily to upgrade the structures at its San Jose facilities. cility and Hewlett Packard which has recently begun a very ambitious earthquake pre-paredness programme, but of almost 900 companies surveyed recently by BAREPP, only 128 responded to questions con-cerning their earthquake plans.

What many business people do not appreciate, suggests Richard Eisner, is that their businesses can be destroyed by businesses can be destroyed by a less than catastrophic quake. The physical damage is only the tip of the iceberg he says. "Losses due to business disrup-tion will probably equal those due to property damage in Los Angeles," he predicts.

'How many of the small businesses in Whittier (the town at the centre of the LA quake) will be able to survive the interrup-tion of business? How many people will loose their jobs be-cause those businesses are closed?" "An earthquake is a fi-nancial disaster as well as a physical disaster," agrees Tom Tobin of the Seismic Safety Commission. Federal estimates of the cost of a massive quake in California run as high as \$44bn. that figure.

The necessity of back up data storage systems was dramatically demonstrated at Ticor Title Insurance Company's Southern California headquarters lo-cated just down the road from California Federal in Rose-mead. Ticor is one of the oldest and largest title insurance companies in the United States and its Southern California office holds title information on a very large portion of Los Angeles

development

Our minicomputer system fared quite well, but we lost a couple of disk drives and data storage units, says Steven Bennet, facilities manager. Forthernately, Ticor had a double back up system with both on-site and offsite couples of all its data off-site copies of all its data.
Those computers are our business, we can't afford not to have backups," he explains.

We were able to replace the hardware and recover data within a matter of hours, he says. "We are also in the process of replacing our computer sys-tem with newer models that will be easier to replace or repair in case of problems."

Although Ticor has managed to stay in business throughout the hiatus, it has done so only by taking extraordinary mea-sures and with the strong sup-port of its staff. Three weeks atter the quake, the company's "offices" are circus tents pitched in the parking lot. The tele-phone exchange system has been housed in a trailer, while computers and staff occupy the tents. The staff have been is-sued with morale boosting hard hats with the slogan "movers and shakers" and "We survived" T-shirts. The computers are nightly covered with plastic

"We thought that we were go-ing to be able to reoccupy the building fairly quickly, so we put up the tents as temporary accomodation," Bennet ex-plains. But in a second major quake, on October 4, the Ticor building, a 1979 "tilt-up" structure, sustained serious structur-al damage. Repair work is now expected to take four to six months, so Ticor is looking for more conventional accomoda-tion, "hopefully before the rain bits." says Bennet.

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under the sun

THE UK electronics group Plessey has developed a payphone that needs no phone cable or power line connections.

Intended for remote locations and developing countries, the unit derives power from a solar panel via a battery, and sends and receives speech signals ever a radio link which is connected into the national telephone network.

Although typical transmission distances are between 40km and 80km, radio repeater can be used to boost signals if the nearest national network connection point is further

The radio payphone can be supplied to accept coinage from over 20 countries and is able to work with telephone instruments from most makers. It is already in use in Switzer-land as part of a mobile post-office offering full service fa-cilities to remote villages and

The Swiss are also using the radio system in an emergency network above the Alpine

Colourful route to graphic descriptions

AN ELECTRONIC display sys-tem that can be used for colour page malo-up, slide prepara-tion, mapping and similar tasks is effected by Primagraphics of Royston in the UK.

It consists of a camera with a
colour filter that allows originals in any format from 35mm.

slides to an A2 sheet to be

anned and recorded, as sepa rate red, green and blue images, in about 15 seconds. These are held in a memory so that any part of the image can then be displayed on a high-resolution screen and worked on in a number of ways to pro-duce the desired results in terms of shapes and colours.
Subsequently, many processed images can be stored on
12-inch optical discs.

French drive eases mobility problems

TRANSPORT FOR the disa-bled has taken a useful turn in iles of St Gilles Croix de Vie is making a small car into which a wheelchair can be driven through a rear exit and straight into the driving posi-

The car has a floor which can be dropped to ground level and raised when the disabled driver is inside.

Called Handimobile, the little vehicle has a single-cylinder 225co or 426co avering

der 325ce or 430cc engine which drives the front wheels to give a speed of 30 mph (48 km/kr).

The controls have been sim-plified to just a steering wheel and a single lever which is pushed ferward for accelera-tion and pulled back to apply the brakes.

the brakes.

For many of the other func-tions, like operating the wip-ers or indicators, voice actua-tion is used. The driver uses specific code words and the system is designed to prevent accidental actuation of equip-ment by ordinary conversation.

GTE lights way for more information

GTE LABORATORIES of Wal-tham, Massachusetts in the US, has sharply increased the amount of information that can be sent down an optical fibre. This opens up the prospects of offering a large choice of vid-co, voice and data services to homes and businesses.

One of the problems to date has been that of altering the intensity of light in the fibre rapidly enough, and receiving the changes accurately enough, to give a high handwidth (that is, allow large amounts of information to be handled).

The GTE team has combined

The GTE team has combined high-speed lasers and light detectors with microwave techniques to allow 60 TV channels ar their equivalent to be sent.

Each video signal is made to

modulate its own carrier frequency, just as in 'eff-air' TV
where each station can then be
tuned by pressing a button on
the domestic TV set.

GTE has been able to put the equivalent of several coun-tries' TV stations down one fi-bre using a technique called -carrier multiplexing. This is a technically complex way of combining all the stations into a signal which allows all 60 to sent without using the very high data rates required when they are transmitted in sepa-

ordinary TV, fisher very high definition TV and 25 high quality audia, voice or comput-er data channels.

Unlocking security price barriers

ELECTRONIC LOCKS, usually found only on the doors of high security military and commercial establishments, rooms in hig hotels and some expensive cars, could soon be protecting ordinary beginners. ordinary businesses and even domestic premises where there is a special security risk.
Yale, which claims its me-chanical locks are on half the chanical locks are on half the front doors in Britain, has launched new electronic models. One of these, the CL70, uses a punched card "key" of the kind sometimes encountered in hig hotels.

However, the lock into which the card is inserted which the card is inserted needs no wiring back to a central computer, from which the lock is electrically prepared to receive the card that has been issued. The considerable cost of wiring the system and buying a computer is therefore eliminated.

Instead, the user is issued with a series of cards and will normally use the first, the pattern on which will open the door. If this is lost or stolen, only the next card in the series will work because a microprocessor "chip" in the lock can be instructed to compare its memory of the lost card with the new ane. Only a green that ory of the lost card with the new one. Only a successful comparison will open the door.

Yale, part of the Yale and Vaior Group, is aiming to sell the CL70 mainly to small hotels and businesses. The cost is expected to be about £30 per lack.

CONTACTS: Pleasey: UK, 0705 486391 Primagraphics: UK, 0763 62041. Gateau Automobiles: France, 51 552782 GTE: US, (617) 466 2329. Yale and Valor: London 995 4101.

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West Country Galleries/William Packer

Private places & faces

were invited north for the event.

By now, nearly 20 years after but the whole point of a point is Richard Long's first student to stretch it, and all this work is an ornament to the exhibition. Hamish Fulton's photographic such an exercise. What is more interesting is to see by how much - even within this show's much - even within this show's single image, taken from the fairly narrow scope - the genre has broadened into something so at the winter solstice, it convarious, romantic and authentily expressive since those first scriptive text that tells us where coretical demonstrations and he was, and when, and what epic

working visits there: the others their way as anything of Ansel were invited north for the event. Adams. Landscape is landscape:

walks he was making Richard

The Unpainted Landscape, an exhibition that has been on tour mostly unsurprising and unexing Scotland throughout the year, ceptionable, though the point is now comes south to the Arnolfistic stretched a bit by the inclusion first the bare account of his exernow comes south to the Arnolfini Gallery in Bristol (until November 15) for its final showing It was organised by the Graeme Murray Gallery of Edinburgh, the Coracle Press of London and the Scottish Arts Council, and takes as its subject the work of artists for whom the landscape is a principal resource and stimulus. Not all the artists involved in Scotland or make frequent working visits there: the others there is a bit by the inclusion first the bare account of his exercise "Ten. Days Walking And Sleeping On Natural Ground: A 134 Mile Meandering Walk; then a roundel consisting of evocative words and phrases, "Trace Of A Kill," "Old Slippery Root," "Mist All Day," "Droppings", "Fox," and finally the itinerary, set out in a quality that is almost Japanese tall column, carries us from Beinn A'Chait by way of such in Scotland or make frequent rockfalls on Skye are as fine in Mheadhonach, back again to Mheadhonach, back again to Beinn A'Achait.

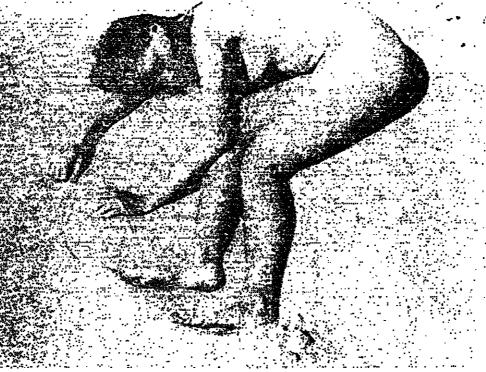
Beinn A'Achait.

David Nash shows the "Elemental Boat" he burned and cut out of a tree on an Ayrshire estate. Roger Ackling shows his delicately sun-scorched wooden fragments, worked by his burning glass at the places where he picked them up. Andy Goldsworthly has a set of the iceworks he made in the depths of last winter, freezing piece to piece beside the stream. And Chris Drury shows the four careful globes he shows the four careful globes he made, each larger than the one before, from the natural and related materials he found to hand high up on moor and deer forest: a ball composed entirely of deer scats, and one of deer bones in-terlaced, one of pine cones and finally one of pinewood frag-ments - as it were pine bones, as

The exhibition was still being arranged when I made my visit and so I was unable to see the work of all the artists. A useful companion book, with critical texts, essays and further documentation, is published at \$9.95.

A few miles away at the National Centre for Photography, the Royal Photographic Society's headquarters in Milsom Street, Bath, its major autumn exhibition, Private View, was even farther from readiness (sponsored by Amateur Photographer: October 31 until January 9). It is glossed as a study of The Erotic and Exotic in Photography and is ambitious in its scope, bringing us from such rarities as a pair of tiny, anonymous hand-coloured daguerrotype nudes of coloured daguerrotype nudes of about 1850, to the present day by way of manifest curiosities, sur-

prises and delights.
All kinds of things are there saucy postcards and stereo prints, frankly anatomical studies, artists' figure studies, an-thropological and sociological re-



"Nade on Sand" by Edward Weston, 1936

searches, high art and low, sym-bolism and surrealism, fashion into nakedness. What we are of

less by ancient taboo and present controversy, this nevertheless is a worthy subject; the human instinct of erotic curiosity and private speculation is unlikely ever to be eradicated, least of all by any social engineering. For it is the quality of "The Erotic" in general that intrigues the organisers, and in their choice effectively demonstrate the important point that it has no nee-

searches, high art and low, symbolism and surrealism, fashion plates and portraits. Some of it is fered is no unrelieved course of eroticism and titiliation but simple a thoughtful exercise in com-

plates and portraits. Some of it is comical, much of it lovely, a fraction disturbing, all of it interesting. But any broad view must either prove frustrating or serve merely as a useful introduction, for by its very nature this is a subject which needs endless sub-division and specialisation.

For all its inevitable dubiety, beset by ancient taboo and present controversy, this nevertheless is a worthy subject; the hu-

organisers, and in their choice effectively demonstrate the important point that it has no necessary connection with nudity or explicitly sexual imagery. Beauty is indeed in the eye of the beholder and pornography a state of mind.

Here it is often the portrait that is the more disturbing, with the nude, aesthetically immaculate, remaining dispassionate and aloof. It is the figure fully-clothed that excites the interest, the fashion model that seems at times more brazen than the prostitute, the permanent wave of the figure in the study of what he discovsike the interest that is the permanent wave of the protection (also until January 9), is a brief account of the practical researches that Edward Muybridge made, in the list of a series of autumn human locomotion. By elaborate and then the closely ordered series and Variations c.1845 is the first of a series of autumn human locomotion. By elaborate and then the closely ordered series and trips to achieve first the simultaneous and then the closely ordered series and then the closely ordered series and the Channel. Thermes and Variations c.1845 is the first of a series of autumn human locomotion. By elaborate and then the closely ordered series and then the closely ordered series and there the first the simultaneous and then the closely ordered series and trips to achieve first the simultaneous and then the closely ordered series and the figure in the exhibition in the Clore Gallery at the first of a series of autumn exhibitions in the Clore Gallery at the first of a series of autumn exhibitions in the Clore Gallery at the first of a series of autumn exhibitions in the Clore Gallery at the first of a series of autumn exhibitions in the Clore Gallery at the first of a series of autumn exhibitions in the Clore Gallery at the first of a series of autumn exhibitions in the Clore Gallery at the first of a series of autumn exhibition in the clore at the first of a the first of a series of autumn exhibition.

ered for granted that we perhaps forget its importance in its own time. But now we can appreciate his work in a way that perhaps would surprise him - for its unself-conscious and disciplined flickering art, as strangely beau-tiful in its serial rhythms and gestures as it is useful and defin-itive.

"Weeping Women" for the Tate

Picasso's "Weeping Woman," for many years on display at the Tate Gallery on loan from Sir Roland Penorse, is to enter the Tate's permanent collection following its acceptance in lieu of inheritance tax on Sir Roland's

Rostropovich/Festival Hall

Andrew Clements

reincarnation of a 19th-century travelling virtuoso, arriving in a town with a trunk full of concertos and hiring a scratch orchestra to accompany him, was not entirely dispelled by Friday evening's instalment of the Rostropvich Festival. The celloplaying was never less than superb, larger than life, technically dazzling the contributions from

the London Symphony Orchestra
were often perfunctory.
In Vivaldi's G major Cello Concerto P.120 not even Rostropovich's abundance of enthusiasm
could compensate for the lack of able to manage more convincing-ly with the minimum of direc-tion) and the ill-considered balance. Strauss's Don Quixote, which called upon Michael Til-son Thomas as conductor, had the basic constituents of a memorable performance - unfailingly eloquent solo playing, ably abet-ted by the viola of Alexander Taylor, with intelligently shaped and sharply conceived orchestral colouring from Tilson Thomas but it was undermined continu-ally by smudged and spotted textures, faulty intonation, uncer-tain wind and anemic string tone. If the LSO cannot rise to the challenge of a concert such as this, one wonders just what will motivate it nowadays.

The novelty was Penderecki's Second Cello Concerto, conduct-

Second Cello Concerto, conducted here by the composer. Rostropovich introduced it in 1984 and he lavishes upon it his prodigal expressive powers, thus lending the work a simulated intensity; and sensitive in Dutilleux, the thinness of the Ideas is almost disguised. But the 30-minute span of seven linked sections has few striking features: it is most convincing when the gestures are simple - accretions of scalic figures, chords splintered throughout the orchestra - drabtures are simple - accretions of scalic figures, chords splintered throughout the orchestra - drabbest when the quasi-romantic language is required to generate congested counterpoint.

Rostropovich had begun the concert by dedicating it to the memory of Jacqueline Du Pre. When after Don Quixote he was persuaded to give an encore, he

when after Don Quixote he was persuaded to give an encore, he offered the Sarabande from Bach's C minor Cello Suite as a deenly moving final tribute, noble tone of the soloist's praying of the soloist's praying different order from those of 'ordinary mortal' cellists; but on the whole Schumann Irail, tender inventions got a bruising. deeply moving final tribute, played with limpid, noble tone and peerless phrasing. For many of the audience it will surely

An image of Rostropivich as the prove the most abiding memory of the whole of festival.

> The London Symphony Orches-tra's Rostropovich 60th birthday jamboree continued on Sunday with performances of Schumann, Dutilleux and Brahms, all of them calling forth the enthusi-asm, passion and - sometimes, by no means always - the fine-de-tailed musicianship of the great Russian cellist.

Two of the most rewarding aspects of his musical persona, the certo P.120 not even Rostropovich's abundance of enthusiasm for a once neglected solo instructuol compensate for the lack of period niceties, the ragged ensemble (an experienced band like the LSO really ought to be able to manage more continent. Tout un monde lointain (1970), is a fastidiously fashioned, beauis a fastidiously fashioned, beau-tifully gauged response to the possibilities of writing a modern cello concerto for Rostropovich (though its composer calls it a "poem" for cello and orchestra); in the Brahms Double Concerto the violinist, Anne-Sophie Mut-ter, was evidently warmed by the example of her cello partner into playing with a good deal into playing with a good deal more fire than is her wont (without ever endangering her won-derful purity and assurance of

deriui purity and assurance of technique).

The "active" qualities of Ros-tropovich's music-making were here demonstrated at their most compelling, and for that one was prepared to forgive, if not forget, the casual air, slovenly passage-work, and loose coordination of the Schumana concepts perforner that shouted "read-through"
from beginning to end; Rostropovich souped up the slow movement (adding double-stopped
sixths to its final phrases) and
brought the finale to an end
rather earlier than Schumann
himself had done.

Even here the energy and scale
of the soloist's playing were of a
different order from those of "ordinary mortal" cellists: but on

Max Loppert

Carmina Quartet/Wigmore Hall

"Dear Scats, Deer Bones, Pine Cones, Pine Bones," by Chris Drury, 1985

Dominic GIII

When Max Loppert heard the Carmina String Quartet at the first Paolo Borciani Competition in Italy earlier this year, he reported on this page that they were one of the most remarkable quartets. I have over recoverable quartets I have ever encountered; I have no doubt they are destined for greatness." Most of the distinguished musicians on the jury also took that view, at though some characteristically Italian politicking behind the scenes ensured that in the event a first prize was not awarded, and that the Camrina received

only the second prize. But no matter. To judge from their meteoric success since the competition, justice has triumphed. And European news, for once, has evidently travelled faster than usual to this country for the Carmina's British debut the Schulder wicks were plaused to one of the reasons that their playing is so exciting is that the Carmina's British debut on Saturday night was played to a sold-out Wigmore Hall. And they are indeed a remarkable ensemble, a young international quartet founded three years ago whose members, barely out of their teens, have studied variously at the Juilliard School, Indiana University and the Menuhin Academy of Gstaad, and whose performances already have the maturity, unanimity and brilperformances already have the ther second movement assai agimaturity, unanimity and brilliance of players many times by unsure exactly how to their age.

GLENLIVES

عصرابرنسست ر وامان مد د

CERTIFIED

Every performance we heard from the Carmina on Saturday was a delight. The very sound they make has a depth and richness uncommon in quartets of any age, and as an experience in a triple constant and the statement of the statem string-quartet texture alone, their playing was sometimes lit-tle short of a revelation. The programme included Mozart, Ravel

suave and delicate Mozart K589 of the second movement, with its pungent bowed sforzandi and still more ringing pizzicatos - not a single risk was side-stepped. One of the reasons that their

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BANKING EQUITIES AND STOCK EXCHANGES

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malt whisky is also first choice

too cautiously) was quite the best I have ever heard, blown along by an irresistible melodic wind, underpinned with extraordinary fire and rhythmic verve.

The previous evening at the Eli-zabeth Hall, John Eliot Gardiner conducted the English Baroque suave and delicate Mozart Kötis in B flat, full of lively rhythmic interplay and sparkling points of light, the Carmina's Ravel quartet especially was a masterly change of scene. I loved the breathless high-altitude of flight of the second movement, with its them, and for each performance he was on his driest and most academic-sounding Mozartian form. It was an "authentic" evenform. It was an "authentic" evening, and thus the pianos used were modern copies of late 18th-century pianos. Mr Bilson touches the early pianoforte keyboard as if it were somehow a cross between a museum piece and a knitting-machine. Melvin Tan alone, partnering Mr Bilson and Robert Levin in the triple concerto, played (and touched) his piano as if it were the real expressive instrumment Mozart was enchanted by, and not some purely accidental foreign cousin of the piano we know today.

No More A-Roving/Orange Tree, Richmond

Martin Hoyle

It gets harder and harder to sepaa blown-up photograph of Olirate the audience from the stage vier and Merie Oberon in Wuthin the pocket-sized acting area ering Heights, but one suspects above the Orange Tree pub in Benedict's forte lies more in roRichmond, especially when the mances on Cornish cliffs with ing way to perceptive articulate (more or less) realistic actions of Margaret Lockwood.) Angus and brittle middle-class comedy stipulate sitting and dining-room cheerfully selfish Benedict, furniture which appears to childlike in his unmalicious egomerge with the front row. The tism and need of love and praise, slight self-consciousness of the never realised, while revealing frontline spectators seems at that he himself has always loved in period without being manfirst to have transmitted itself to Kirsty. The two former lovers slight self-consciousness of the frontline spectators seems at first to have transmitted itself to the two characters who open the play: a young couple greeting each other after eight years' separation, polite, almost stilted, he holding back in deliberate formality, she obviously bursting to be more demonstrative.

It soon emerges in Sam Walters's beautifully detailed production that this might sum up the play itself: an intriguing rediscovery from the bottom drawer of the late John Whiting, it comes over as Coward astringently rewritten for the age of austerity (it dates from 1946), Lonsdale with heart, and more than a dash of utility-label Maritans.

The reunion is in fact a three-some. To Angus' riverside cottage come old friends Kirsty and Benedict, the latter now a successful film actor. (Anne Gruenberg's set boasts what looks like

October 23-29

BBC Symphony/Festival Hall Richard Fairman

Among the best-known works of Berlioz, the song cycle Les Nuits d'ste occupies a special place. The unequal lengths of its phrases and the imaginative effects in the orchestra leave little room for doubt as to the identity of the composer, but the intimate scale of the songs may perhaps be unexpected: here Berlioz, the painter of grand and tragic canvases, is trying his hand (and most successfully too) at a miniature. Among the best-known works of less in its musicality and her re-

registered even more tellingly than usual. Many of the singers who choose to perform this cycle feel they should rein in their natural (usually operatic) vi-brancy, but the mezzo Ann Murbrancy, but the mezzo Ann Murray starts from the opposite
standpoint. For hers is, by nature, an inward-looking kind of
artistry, which needs encouragement to blossom and open out.

In songs which ask for spontaneity, as in the bitter despair of
"Sur les lagunes", she inevitably
fell some way short of the nasfell some way short of the pas-sion that this music can inspire. But there is still a great deal of pleasure to be had from singing which is, quite simply, so fault-

At Saturday night's concert Symphony Orchestra playing of given by the BBC Symphony Ormuch the same care and detail chestra the restraint of the music that they were later to bring to that they were later to bring to two works of the sea, Chaikov-sky's *The Tempest* and Debus-sy's *La Mer*.

Of these, the Debussy seemed

the less likely to respond to Elder's rigorous control over all aspects of the music-making (every rhythm was gripped tightly in its place); but in the event there was nothing exaggerated about the performance and a good deal to be gained from his quick ear for detail and exact orchestral balance. A pair of brief tone po-ems by Lyadov - Baba-Yaga and The Enchanted Lake - completed the evening, a characteristic piece of inventive BBC program-

Saleroom/Antony Thorncroft

All things American

the week end he gave some confidence to the art markets by paying \$77,000 for a love letter by Abraham Lincoln. Or rather an anti-love letter for Lincoln an anti-love letter for Lincoln, was painting a depressing view of life in Springfield and discouraging Mary Owens from joining him there. But, ever the gentleman, he left the final decision up

man, he left the final decision up to her. She declined his offer.

The letter was part of a Sotheby's sale of Americana which totalled \$753,000 with only 3 per cent unsold its price was at the flower end of the estimate as was the \$82,500 paid by a collector for a page of notes by Lincoln, giving his arguments against slavery. The Virginia Resolves of 1769, a key document in the run up to the American Revolution, sold for \$38,500, way above the top estimate of \$5,000.

Americans love all things American, at least in the sale-

Americans love an unity American, at least in the sale-room, and a Chippendale style lowboy made by Thomas Affleck in Philadelphia in the 1770s, was

just on target at \$165,000. A primitive painting showing the liore at the Springfield armoury in 1824 sold for \$19,800. It was part of the American folk art collection of Mr and Mrs H.John Thayet which totalled \$ 379,000. There was a less warm re-sponse for seven incanabula, books printed before 1500, which Sotheby's offered on Friday On-ly two found buyers, Caxton's "The Dicts of the Philososphers", the first dated book printed in

Malcolm Forbes, whose devotion to capitalism has made him one of the richest men in the world, was offering re assuring advice about Wall Street last week. At at \$19,800.

Phillips is to sell the personal archive of the tenor Richard archive of the tenor Richard Tauber on November 25th. Among the items on offer are Lehar's original manuscript of the song "You are my hearts delight," which carries a top estumaie of \$2,000, and a Mickey Mouse cartoon of Tauber and his wife, signed by Wait Disney which could sell for \$1,000. On the same day Phillips is offerng a letter by 9 year old Eileen Lenox Conyngham to her governess penned on the day that the Titanic left Southampton on its first, and last, journey.

ton on its first, and last, journey. The little girl writes of the prob-lems in getting the huge ship away. Fortunately she disem-barked it at its stop in Ireland, Even so the letter carries a \$500

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES

The Financial Times is proposing to publish this Survey on THURSDAY NOVEMBER 12 1987 For full details, contact: COLIN DAVIES on 01-236 1434 FINANCIAL TIMES Europe's Business Newspaper

Arts Guide

Opera and Ballet LONDON

Bayel Opera, Covent Garden: further performances of the new Nozze di Figaro, canducted by Bernard Rai-tink, produced by Johannes Schaaf, with a first-rate cast in-cluding Claudio Desderi, Thomas Allen, Karita Mattila, Marie McLaughlin and Sarah Walker (240 1000.

McLaughlin and Sarah Walker (240 1006).

Baglish National Opera, Coliscum: This week's ENO repertory consists of lively performances of Sondheim's Pacific Overtures (a brave, worthwhile venture) and Werther, both produced by Reith Warner, and musically excellent ones of The Pearl Fishers (although the production by Philip Prowse is weak and dull) (836 2161).

Ballet du Thesire Français de Nancy - Homage to Serge Lifar: Suite en Blunc in Picasso's decor with Pat-rick Dupond and Phaedre in Jean Coctean's decor with Marcia Hay-dec. Theatre des Champs Elysces (4770 2827)

Otella performed by the Opera de Nancy et de Lorraine conducted by Jerome Kaltenbach in Maguy Marin's production in Maison des Arts Creteil (4547 5353).

WEST GERMANY

Berlin, Deutsche Opera: The Vienna Opera in Wozzeck, an Adolf Dre-sen production with Franz Grun-cheber, Dunja Veyzovic, Heinz Zednik, Walter Raffeiner, Phillip Langridge and Guentar Raich, conducted by Claudio Abbado. The Panl Taylor Dance Company The Paul Taylor Dance Company of New York will perform twice (3 43 81).

43 51).

Hamburg, Staatsoper: The Magic Flute with Hesson Kwoa, Helen Donath, Ruediger Wohlers and Ralph Houston. Manon Lescaut has Mara Zampieri in the title role. Der Fliegende Hollander stars Simon Estes, Lishet Balalev and Norbert Orth. Zar und Zimmermann and Le Notze di Figaro are also in the repertory (35 11 51).

Cologne, Opera: Der Barbier von Sevilla has line interpretations by David Knebler, Carlos Feller and Kathleen Kuhlmann. Die Meister-

singer von Nuernberg has Theo Adam, Nadine Secunde and Robert Illosfalvy (20761). Stattgart, Wuertiembergisches Stattstheater. Otello brings Bernd Welkl, Gabriele Benackova, Roland Bracht and Vladimi Atlantow together (20321). Binnich, Bayerische Staatsoper: Daphne Evangelatos, Carmen Reppel and Claez H. Ahnsjo take the leads in Ariadne auf Naxos, and Doris Soffel, Julie Kaufmann and Alberto Rinaldi star in Jean-Pierre Ponnelle's production of La Canerentola. Le Nozze di Figaro has a particularly strong cast with Pamela Coburn, Helen Donath, Cornelia Wulkopf and Hermann Prey, Undine returns to the repertory (2 1851).

NETHERLANDS

Amsterdam, Muziektheater. The Netherlands Opera in Verdi's Don Carlos directed by Alberto Fassini to the mise-en-scene by Luchino Visconti. Hartmut Haenchen conducting the Netherlands Philbarmonic, with Neil Rosenshein in the title role, Susan Marie Pierson (Elizabeth), Harry Peeters (Philip II), and Mimi Lerner (Princess Eboli) (Tue). The National Ballet company in Shamrock, a new work by Carolyn Carlson to music by Gabriel Yared (Wed, Thur) (255 455). by Carolyn Carlson to music by Ga-briel Yared (Wed, Tunr) (256 455).

The National Ballet on tour with a Hans van Manen programme of Quintet (Mozari), Five Shetches (Hindemith), Sareasms (Proko-fiev), Twillight (Cage) and Adaglo Hammerklavier (Beethoven). Mon in Nijmegen, Schouwburg (22 11 00), Tue in Growingen, Schouwburg

00), Tue in Groningen, Schouwburg (12 56 45). Schereningen, Circus Theatre. The Lodz National Ballet from Poland with Amadeus, a dance version of Mozart's life (Tue). The Berjozka State Ensemble from the USSR (Wed) (55 88 00).

Arnhem, Schouwburg. The Chitresh Das Dance Company from India (Tue) (422 741). **NEW YORK**

NEW YORK

Metropolitan Opera (Opera House):
Das Rheingold leads the repertoire, conducted by James Levine
in Otto Schenk's new production
with Hildegard Behrens, Gwendolyn Brandley, Anne Gjevang, Peter
Hoffmann and Franz Mazura. The
week also features L'Elisia:
D'Amore conducted by Raif Weikert in Nathanlel Merrill's production with Dawn Upahaw, Carlo
Bergonzi and Brian Schexnayder;
Manon, conducted by Manuel Rosenthal in Jean-Pierre Ponnelle's
production with Catherine Malfitano and Arisdne auf Naxos, conducted by James Levine in Bodo
Igesz' production with Jessye Norman, Kathleen Battle and Tatiana
Troyanos. Lincoln Center (362
6000).

Stoop.

New Yerk City Opera: The week features Tosca, with Elizabeth Hollaque in the title role conducted by Alessandro Siciliani in Franc Corso's production, along with the Magic Plute, Madame Butterfly, Turandot and the Rake's Progress. Lincoln Center (270 5570).

Joffrey Ballet (City Center): The mouth-long schedule has three premieres, including a Robert Joffrey Nuteracker, Nijinsky's Le Sacre de Printemps and Three Preludes by Ben S.evenson set to Rachmaninov, along with Frederick Ashton's La Fille Mal Gardee and nearly 24 repertory favourites. Ends Nov 22, 55th e. of 7th Av. (547 5850).

5830). Feld Ballet Goyce: Two new ballets, Embraced Waltzes and A Dance for Two, highlight the mixed programmes of this 22-dancer company in its month-long season. Ends Oct 31, 175 8th Av. at 19th St. (242 0800).

SWITZERLAND-BANKING, FINANCE AND INVESTMENT

The FIRANCIAL TIMES proposes to publish this survey on Toesday, December 15, 1987.
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Tuesday October 27

Dislocation in Hong Kong

na would intervene in the event of severe internal disorder. There is therefore a strong po-litical dimension to the manner in which its latest financial cri-

sis has been handled.
Nevertheless, it was surely an overstatement by a tired and strained Financial Secretary that men in green caps might have been holding Sunday night's dramatic press conference had not stock market trading been suspended a week ago. The uniqueness of Hong Kong should not be allowed to divert questions raised by the crisis.
The decision to close the mar-

The decision to close the markets, though the target of widespread criticism, may turn out
to have been the most sensible
course in the circumstances.
The importance of ensuring a
marketplace for investors to
deal in at all times has to be set
against the bankruptcies and
other dislocations which might
have occurred given the futures other dislocations which might have occurred given the futures market's problems. The people of Hong Kong have been seen before lining up outside banks to withdraw their deposits. In that event the lifeboat might have had to be the size of a su-

Market falls

As it is, the adequacy or otherwise of the lifeboat has yet to be tested. All that can be said so far is that the Government acted sensibly in putting together a force of professionals, with ex-perience of Hong Kong, of cor-porate rescues and of futures markets, to attack the problem. The size of the lifeboat was set

there were serious deficiencies in the operation and backing of the Hong Kong Futures Exavert the closure of the market worthy of their confidence be-

HONG KONG, as its officials are again insisting after the events of the last week, is unique. It tent to which it was mostly local has had a unique relationship with its neighbour, China, for many years. In ten years' time sovereignty over it will be transferred to Peking through a unique process supposed to guarantee its present way of life for 50 years.

It is usually thought that China would intervene in the event amarket in which international serious about this, it must offer a market in which international players are not asked to bail out local punters who have lost

> By making such a proposal last week, the Futures Exchange seriously damaged its credibility. This is the second time in the past decade that attempts to build a futures exchange in Hong Kong have foundered, and even under new management it will be difficult to restore the confidence of international players which have ternational players which have helped to give it liquidity.

Local customs

There are lessons for every financial centre. Given the close links which appear to have existed between the stock and fu-tures exchanges - it was potential futures losses which prompted the stock market's closure - the problems under-line the need for financially sound, independent futures ex-

For securities houses with global aspirations, they are yet another reminder of the perils of imposing an international marketplace on local customs. Though foreign firms account for 70 per cent of turnover, they had no say in the running of the market since they have no rep-resentation on the Stock Ex-change's council.

If London's celebrations for one year of Big Bang ring some-what hollow, so too must the fes-tivities in Hong Kong last night for the first birthday of the Uni-fied Stock Exchange - a body de-signed to Joseph the colory's to cope with a certain magni-tude of drop when markets re-opened yesterday, and will have to be reviewed if they fall fur-resilient to huge financial er. shocks. But however strong the What is clear, however, is that fundamentals of the economy, sudden dislocations which expose weaknesses in the laissez-faire structure of Hong change. No amount of capital Kong's financial markets must backing or guarantee can take weaken the chances that invesaccount of every eventuality, tors, foreign banks and broking

Spain's version of socialism

THE RECENT split between the solidate the image of a respon THE RECENT split between the Socialist government of Felipe Gonzalez and the party's trade union arm, the UGT, has scarcely come as a surprise. Yet it raises a number of issues about the nature of Spain's socialist government which in turn cannot be discovered from internanot be divorced from interna-tional political trends. The success of Mr Gonzalez's

government has been to seize the middle ground of Spanish politics where the vast majority of votes lie, and to follow a pragmatic form of social democracy. His task has been made easier by the disintegration of other by the disintegration of other political parties, allowing the Socialists a broader consensus grouping whose ill-defined philosophy centres on modernising Spain. In terms of economic policy this has meant the pursuit of an orthodox fiscal and mone-tary approach which his economic team has correctly judged to be the best means of bringing the Spanish economy into line with the rest of Eu-

This is not socialism as either purists in Spain or the rest of Europe would traditionally recognise. Nor does it fit easily within the ideological framework of a party that formally calls itself a socialist workers' party. Under these circumstances, the relationship became increasingly strained between the government and the UGT, the official trade union arm of the party whose leaders sat on the party executive and in parliament. The UGT felt the government was betraying party ideals while the government treated the trade unions simply as one sector in society, not as privileged interlocutors.

Wages policy

In Spain trade unions are linked to political parties and are subservient to them, in contrast with traditional practice in Britain.Thus the UGT has been in a weak position to remind the party of its declared class role. The UGT leadership in this respect deserves credit for waiting so long to bring these contradictions into the open without destabilising the government. Certainly when Mr Gonzalez first came to power in 1982, the support of the UGT, the dominant trade union feder-ation, was essential both to consible socialist government and to pursue austerity policies which added to the already high

level of unemployment
However, this alliance had its limits, especially when the UGT had to protect its flank from encroachments from the rival communist-controlled trade union federation, the CCOO; and these limits have now been reached. The UGT is no longer reached. The UGT is no longer willing to give a blanket endorsement to the government's wages policy and the parliamentary link has been cut with the UGT leader, Mr Nicolas Redondo, resigning his seat. The UGT is now talking of making common cause with its former rival, the CCOO. In the past their rivalry has divided and weakened the trade union movement.

Welfare state

Whether such rivalry will now disappear is open to doubt; but in any case the freeing of UGT from its umbellical link with party and government is a healthy developent. Spanish trade unions have the lowest level of affiliation in Europe and they need to define their role more clearly.

They were an essential sup-port in the structure of Spain's democracy; but such a role is now superfluous. Since their legalisation a decade ago their control by the Socialist and Communist Parties has distract-ed them from their proper funtion of representing employees at the workplace. As in other parts of Europe, 2 more arm's length relationship with the parties should be in the inter-

ests of trade union members.
The split should also force the Spanish Socialists to define themselves better. The great so-cialist change that Mr Gonzalez. promised back in 1982 has been something more prosaic. The egalitarian ideals of the welfare state have been modified in practice.

Yet if old-fashioned cloth-cap socialism is on the way out, this does not obviate the need for Mr Gonzalez's party, like socialist: parties elsewhere, to redefine its goals and ideals. The disen-chantment of the trade union wing is a reminder that the pro-cess of redefinition is far from A year after Big Bang, BZW embodies the challenge the City faces. Hugo Dixon reports

There is a world elsewhere

WHEN BIG BANG was first proposed three years ago, the idea was to shake restrictive practices out of the UK securities markets. In the process, the City has acquired a wholly new form of financial institution - an amalgam of bank stockbroker and market-maker - the investment bank. ment bank.
One of the most ambitious of

One of the most ambitious of these is Barclays de Zoete Wedd, the subsidiary of Barclays Bank, which not only represents the City in its new form but also embodies Britain's hopes for a place in the global financial marketplace, where well-capitalised and multiskilled groups are expected to prevail.

With Big Bang one year old to day, BZW has proved that the investment banking idea can work, even as others, such as Midland Bank and Lloyds Bank, have retreated from their early Big Bang ambitions. BZW has not only made a profit; it has won respect, coming third in the FT poll of institutional investment of this week But tors published this week. But close observation of BZW also illustrates another point; that merging the different City cultures is proving far from easy, especially at a time of wild gyra-tions in the world's stock mar-The Barclays route into in-

vestment banking was, com-pared with that chosen by rivals like National Westminster Bank, an expensive one. The foundation stone was Barclays Merchant Bank, a second-rank merchant bank developed as an appendage to the clearer since 1972 and staffed largely by per-sonnel seconded from its corporate division. To this it added, at a cost of more than £100m, de at a cost of more than Etonia, the Zoete & Bevan, one of London's top 10 brokers, and Wedd Dur-lacher, one of only three job-bers that counted pre-Big Bang. The three were put together in Ebbgate House, north of the Thames close to London Bridge, and called Barclays de Zoete Wedd - BZW for short. The story of the last year has been one of attempts to reconcile the different cultures of broker, jobber and merchant banker while the functions of all three have been

functions of all three have been changing dramatically.
Integrating jobber with broker in UK equities has been the top priority. This is the heart of what Big Bang is about and where BZW, given its ingredients, was expected to excel. But making the coarse-humoured making the coarse-humoured Wedd jobbers and slick de Zoete brokers, who had previ-ously specialised in outwitting one another, work together has not been easy. "We were ene-mies," says one female jobber. The first step was to put them all in the same room. In keeping

with their position as the BZW flagship, this is a show-piece: a spacious trading floor, decked out with row upon row of the latest electronic screens, at the centre of which is a funnel carv-

A subsidiary of Amro, the Dutch banking group, the new broker is called Amro Interna-

tional Securities (AIS), and yes-terday it became a member of

the Stock Exchange. Its manag-ing director is Tim Readman, formerly with Merrill Lynch,

and a master of understatement as he surveyed the London

"The events of last week were a bit more dramatic than we planned," he said. "This is an in-

teresting moment to start."

To be sure, AIS is starting small, in offices in Devoushire

Square, and its risks will be slight. "We don't see any point being a market-maker until the blood has ceased to flow," says Readman.

That, of course, could be quite a long time. AIS is starting pure-

a long time. Als is starting purely as an agency broker, specialising in British engineering stocks, with a team of analysts led by Paul Burgess, previously with Albert E. Sharp, the Birmingham broker. But it expects

to announce shortly the formation of an electricals/electronics team, and it hopes to double

its three-person institutional sales force by Christmas.

But why start during the crash of '87, when the market is alive

with rumours of long-estab-

lished brokers and traders

One reason, says Readman, is that this is the anniversary of

Then again, as he put it in the stilted language of a press re-lease: "Despite last week's vola-

tility, we believe that there is an

important role in the market place for a niche agency broker

with a reputation for excellence in research.

Or, as he explained more col-loquially: "In times like these,

good advice is a good thing. And

quite honestly a lot of stocks are a lot cheaper than they were a

about to go belly-up?

Big Bang.

stock market scene.



The trading floor at BZW - "still not enough buzz"

ket-makers specialising in the same sector do not work closely enough together and analysts are still too cut off from the market-makers. "Our capacity to lose money can be huge if our market-makers don't know what is going on," he adds.

Therefore the trading floor is about to be reorganised. In the middle, under the funnel, will be the general salespeople and round them, organised by the sector they specialise in, will be market-makers, a growing breed of specialist salespeople and analysts. Specialist sales-people will be planted for short periods in the midst of the gen-eralists to pass on some of their expertise and everybody will be crammed closer together to make sure that analysts' ideas and market rumours flow rapidly round the room. De Zoete and Wedd will intermingle thor-

The process will be reinforced as more and more young graduates - 36 have been hired this year - are brought in. Such recruits, educated typically at a public school, followed by Oxford, Cambridge, Durham, Edinburgh or Bristol Universities, come out of one stable. centre of which is a funnel carving out a huge slice of the floor above. At one end of the room are the market-makers, as jobbers are now called. At the other are the salespeople, the new name for brokers. Round the edge are the analysts.

The seating arrangement has not been entirely successful. There is not enough buzz, says Howard Coates, head of research. Salespeople and mar-is also changing the way busi-

ness is done. Under Stock Exchange rules, brokers can only now working smoothly with de execute clients' orders with an in-house market-maker if it is market has been so poor this offering the best price in the market. However, BZW market-makers will usually be pre
But the newcomers, who have been brought in to build up Eu-

for one of their own clients, even if they are quoting a worse price to the outside world, and so most deals are completed in-house. As this relationship month, the swaps team felt the becomes closer, brokers that need to send a circular with the

robonds. US Treasury securities and teams to trade bond and foreign exchange swaps, still feel outsiders. Earlier this

Many of the staff in the banking division still seem closer to colleagues in the clearing bank than to BZW

have avoided market-making will be squeezed out, says Si-mon de Zoete, one of two mem-bers of the de Zoete family who still work for the firm. Clients will be able to get a better price by approaching BZW's salespeople or market-makers direct be some time before the Euroband team is able to do the same - so far this year it has be ad-managed only two issues, one of them for Barclays.

into swaps top 10° to remind col-leagues of its existence. It will be some time before the Euro-bond team is able to do the one of them for Barclays.

first division. This has been done partly by forging closer links with BZWs securities arms - the ability to distribute securities and a feel for the market has added to the services it can offer clients - and partly by strengthening the defeated to the services it can offer clients - and partly by strengthening the defeated to the services it can offer clients - and partly by strengthening the defeated to the services it can offer clients - and partly by strengthening the defeated to the services it can offer clients - and partly by strengthening the defeated to the services it can offer clients - and -

whole of Hill Samuel's corporate finance department fell through earlier this month, but BZW got part of it free when it poached 12 members last week. Corporate finance has also distanced itself from its unglamorous origins in Barclays Mer-chant Bank. "I wouldn't have joined if I hadn't known it was about to become BZW," says one young financier who was hired just before the merger. He chose BZW because he thought there would be opportunities to rise faster than in a better-established corporate finance de-partment. His eventual ambi-tion is to run a large publicly quoted company.

In the banking division, by contrast, the mentality of the clearing bank still lingers. Many of its employees are still on secondment from Barclays and give the impression of being closer to what they call "my colleagues in the clearing bank" than to the rest of BZW. Part of the evaluation could be that than to the rest of BZW. Part of the explanation could be that their salaries are closer to those of the clearing bank than to the hot shots of BZW. If much remains to be done in

market has added to the services it can offer clients - and
partly by strengthening the department. A plan to buy the

The first element of RZW 31nthe first element of RZW 31nthe

ward Coates, the research head. This will be done both by acqui-sition · BZW is in discussions to sition · BZW is in discussions to buy a Paris stockbroker - and by building on the Barclays heri-tage. BZW has already taken over Barclays' Amsterdam stockbroker and next year the parent's small securities buil-nesses in Milan and Madrid will nesses in Milan and Madrid will also be handed over.
The second element is to

make up for lost ground in Tok-yo, where BZW has been a late developer and has only just re-ceived its securities licence. It hopes soon to become a mem-ber of the Tokyo stock ex-

change.

The final element will be to The final element will be to do something in New York Just what, though, is the trickiest question, as BZW is stymied in that arena by its association with Barclays. Under the Glass-Steagall legislation, enacted as a result of the 1929 Wall Street crash, banks are not allowed to own corporate securities. That means BZW is prevented from engaging in most types of securities business except trading US Treasuries. **US Treasuries.**

One answer, being pressed by a lobby within BZW. is to persuade Barclays to divest itself of its US banking business. It is in the group's interest to sell off the retail network in the US, says Nick Sibley, head of international equities. The proceeds could then be used to buy a medium-size Wall Street house.

But there seems little chance

of this heresy being accepted by Barclays, as it would mean sacrificing its international corporate banking strategy. And the campaign to repeal Glass-Steagall has no doubt been set back by the stock market crash, so BZW seems likely to be pursuing its international expansion with a major handicap. We're running this business on the ba-sis that we're the wrong side of Glass-Steagall, says Sir Martin Jacomb, the BZW chairman who is also deputy chairman of the Barclays group.

Is also deputy chairman of the Barclays group.

To fund its expansion, BZW will need extra capital from its parent - several hundred million dollars over the next five years, says Sir Martin - for which it will have to demonstrate the right earnings power.

When BZW produced profits of £25m in the first half of this year, equivalent to an ennualised pre-tax return on capital of 20 per cent, despite spending many millions on expansion, it seemed that getting extra cash would be no problem. It will be a harder job, however, to explain the £20m or so its market-makers lost in the first day-and-a-half of last week's crash.

BZW has had to learn clearing bank diplomacy. After Lord Csmoys, its chief executive, suffered a stroke earlier this year, Andrew Buxton, vice-chairman of Barclays and possibly its furnire chairman, was brought in

of Barelays and possibly its fusame - so far this year it has lead-managed only two issues, one of them for Barclays.

Similarly, the corporate finance department has made a big effort to pull itself into the first division. This has been interest division. This has been into a large share of the IIK mar
sor Barclays and possibly its function of Barclays, de ture chairman, was brought in foil the post temporarily. When he goes back to the clearer, says Rex Cooper, BZW's depmore needs to be done to build up the international side. Havinternational side. Havinter

well educated in the peculiaring a large share of the UK market, BZW realises, is relatively insignificant from a global perspective.

The first element of BZW's international strategy is to carve is to make it as a force on the specific and the strange for which years the strange for the strange of the strange global stage for which year one of Big Bang has belped prepare

New brokers Men and Matters in the market

It may be hard to believe, but it is true nonetheless. Yesterday as global equity markets plunged again, a plucky band of seven analysts and salesmen There are a number of things that are worth buying now - pro-vided you have your eyes wide launched a London stockbrok

Out of space

Not a few market-watchers ast Thursday had a false sense if relief upon arriving at the office in the morning and seeing on Topic's page 700 that the Tokyo Nikkei average had fallrokyo Nikkei average had fallen 120 points. Actually, of course, the point fall was 10 times that. The final digit was lopped off.

lopped off.
Yesterday morning both Hong
Kong and Tokyo were faithfully
registered with their thousand
plus point falls, in Tokyo's case
because a thoughful operator
keyed in the closing index with
just one digit after the decimal,
thus leaving room for the full
four-digit fall.
The SEAQ page 200 is still going to have trouble if individual
share price changes start
bouncing over two digits. Charlie Kusoc, SEAQ service manager, says nothing can be done for

er, says nothing can be done for now, since the extra digit cannot be fitted in if all the stocks of the FT 100 share index are to be shown on the 40-column

The planned introduction of an 80 column service for company news, however, may provide the answer should, heaven help us, daily three-digit price fluc-tuations become common.

The FT has been similarly plagued recently, with the elec-tronic market index board in front of Bracken House last week unable to reflect the big swings in the FT 30 share index or the 100 share index. The dis-play board will be reprogram-

Silent majority

Labour's anger yesterday over the reluctance of Nigel Lawson,



broker not a jockey, you know."

statement on the turmoil in the international financial markets reflects the suspicion on the Op-position benches that, in crisis situations, Conservative ministers tend to find rules and con-ventions working in their fa-

Tam Dalyell clearly had this in mind when he urged the Speaker, Bernard Weatherill, to study the precedent when - unlike yesterday - just before the devaluation of the pound in 1985, the then Labour Chancellor, James Callaghan, was forced to respond to a private notice question about the run on sterling.

That question was asked from the Labour backbenches by Robert Sheldon. Ritualistic forecasts by Callaghan that speculators would get their "fin-gers burned" could get their "fingers burned" could not disguise his resentment at being re-Chancellor of the Exchequer, to volunteer a parliamentary time.

The Labour Cabinet of the day felt all the more aggrieved because it was the first Labour MP to hold the office of Speaker - the late Horace King - who permitted the question to be put. As a footnote to history, Sheldon was among those who protested at Lawson's reticence in the Commons yesterday.

Three stages

A rare bird has just flown in and out of London: Harald Mandl is in charge of the fi-nances of one of the larger Aus-trian engineering concerns; he is also a novelist of some repute is also a novelist of some repute in the German-speaking world.
Mandl's company, Waagner-Biro, claims to be one of the world's leaders (along with a British competitor, Telestage) in the esoteric business of designing and building the box of tricks that goes into the stage-shifting machinery of an opera house. Waagner-Biro's work includes the Sydney Opera House and the opera house now building in Genoa. ing in Genoa.

But during his brief visit to

But during his brief visit to Britain, which was sponsored by the Austrian Institute, Mandi was not selling stages. He came to read from his novels to audiences at Oxford, Swansea, Nottingham and London. Two 800-page volumes of a trilogy are out so far.

Mandi sign between at several

Mandi also lectures at several.
Austrian universities and has been invited to do so in Budapest. The subject: corporate culture, which he defines as that raison d'etre for a business which does not show in the bal-ance sheet. One wonders what the Communist-reared students in Hungary will make of that.

Cover note

Only partly in jest, British in-stitutional investors have warn-ed John Woodhouse that they may run for cover the next time ne comes to brief them about Sysco Corporation, the largest US food distribution company, of which he is chairman and chief executive. His last London visit coincided with the US bombing of Libya...and he's back again this week.

Observer

CHRISTIES-

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Christie's in the City will hold two events at the Institute of Chartered Accountants on

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Letters to the Editor

All is not entirely well - Labour's view

From the Opposition Treasury Sir, - Malcolm Rutherford's sweeping dismissal of Labour's economic analysis last Friday was breathtaking in the falsity-and arrogance - of its two basic assumptions: first, that all was basically well in the current UK economic world; and second, that Labour was inadequately equipping itself to address the realitites of this more or less

All is not entirely well. The Chancellor - in an unconscious echo of President Hoover in 1929 - told us last week that the fundamentals of the economy were sound. He's obviously were sound. He's obviously turned a blind eye to the July and September money supply figures (once the lynchpin of Thatcherite policy), which show borrowing at a record level -with little evidence that the borrowed funds are being used for wealth-making investment. He's conveniently forgotten our populling record in training. and in research and develop-ment, both of which are key facment both of which are key fac-tors in future growth prospects. And above all, he has failed to recognise that 3m.unemployed between the transfer of alternatives. First, the bas missed nearly half of Britain's population. Not just people represent not just a so-the unemployed, but those on

some elements of modest suc- out. A truly successful economy, cess in recent years, and it with a burgeoning national

would be foolish not to admit it. prosperity based on real accre-Output is up, having just managed to reach again its 1979 level. Indeed, if you compare any economic factor with the savage low of 1981, deliberately induced as it was, you will record an improvement. Unemployment is now inching down-wards, far too slowly. Inflation, though higher than elsewhere, is not set to rocket. Considerable sections of the population are better off now than they prosperous and successful situwere six years ago. All of this is welcome. But none of it justifies the economic hype of success the economic hype of success that has characterised government pronouncements since the start of the year, and which seems to have been swallowed in its entirety by Malcolm Rutherford. It is as foolish and as reprehensible for a government artificially to "talk up" an economy as it is for an opposition to talk it down.

Three underlying economic factors, however, are of crucial importance; and these form the heart of our critique of government failure, and our establish recognise that 3m.unemproyed people represent not just a social disgrace but a grotesque waste of productive economic resources as well. None of these pension, and those on a basic pension. actors is sound. them women workers - in low Of course there have been paid jobs: they have all missed

serious concern only if it re-flects a reduction in expected

The recent fall in market lev-

els does not at this stage appear

ets does not at this stage appear to have arisen as a result of changed perceptions as to fu-ture dividend levels and ac-cordingly should not invalidate the results of recent actuarial valuations. Schemes would however be adversely affected if the fell bud some basels or of

if the fall had some knock-on ef-fect which ultimately led to re-ductions in dividend levels.

PN Thornton

tions of earned wealth, would be spreading those benefits a lot more widely than our economy is currently doing. It requires, however, a fairer approach to taxation and public spending policies, and a different vision of the untrammelled operation of the market, in order to achieve that Instead generations. der to achieve that. Instead we have a government whose policies have deliberately engendered disparity, not sought to

The second underlying factor

is one of international scope: the crucial need for the govern-ments of all seven leading west-ern economies to co-ordinate their efforts in order to avoid a US-led recession. With the continuing imbalance between the United States, and West Ger-United States, and West Germany and Japan, the Reagan budget deficit, and the blithe inaction of the Washington administration, it is small surprise that Wall Street got the Jitters. Yet the only bit of real economic co-operation between nations so far has been the Louvre accord, and even that - inad-equate as it was - is now creaking under pressure. The only really calming voice in the maelstrom of last week was that of Alan Greenspan. Where has the leadership gone that should be bringing together the Group of Seven, agreeing co-ordinated policies of expansion where required, setting out the ground rules to avert recession? Not a

word from the Bruiser Lawson whose magical punch Malcolm Rutherford so admires.

The third factor has been sharply highlighted by the events of the past week. In reevents of the past week in re-cent years there has been plen-ty of money available in the British economy, but far too lit-tie of it has been going into long-term productive invest-ment. Too much has been con-centrated, and still is, on asset purchase not based on produc-tion returns but on the specula-tive prospect of increasing valtive prospect of increasing val-ue. The recent CBI report on investment was unconvincing in some of its conclusions, but it did highlight the dual responsibillty of industrial management and of City finance to plan in-vestment strategies and look to future wealth creation. Britain has a poor record in this, and more than anything else it's

has a poor record in this, and more than anything else it's here that an improvement is re-quired if we are to have any prospect at all of prosperity in the twenty-first century. How inaccurate, therefore, of Malcolm Rutherford to award the victory to Bruiser Lawson before this parliament's battle has even passed the first round. The economic debate between Labour and the Government is indeed going to be central to our political life in the next four years. But it's not one the servatives are going to win.

Chris Smith

and rate of improvement in

Hong Kong was enough the overcome this allure and draw

students back home.

But the prospect of political

change is now driving Hong Kong residents elsewhere. Stu-dents studying abroad are no longer so keen to return home. If Hong Kong cannot develop a

technical university which at-tracts students now studying abroad and draws students

from other countries as well, it will face a severe brain drain which will quite rapidly erode the competitiveness of Hong

Kong's increasingly sophisti ed manufacturing sector. Michael J Schwartz,

Technology and Industry),

2 rue Andre-Pascal

Severn barrage inquiry

75775 Paris Cedez 16.



Student needs in Hong Kong

Future dividend levels come by way of dividends than with the current market values of ordinary shares. It follows that a fall in market values is of

From Mr P Thornton Sir. The recent significant fall in Stock Exchange levels has prompted comment in some quarters that this may adversev affect the financial position of pension schmes and could even invalidate the results of recent actuarial valuations where reduced levels of company contributions or repayments to the company have been implemented. I would point out that this is not generally the

In valuations of pension schemes the assets should be taken into account on a basis which is consistent with the valwhich is consistent with the val-ue placed upon the liabilities. This is normally achieved by projecting the anticipated fu-ture flow of money into the scheme from the assets, for comparison with the future outon benefits. Funds are therefore much more concerned with London Road the expected future flow of in-

Autonomy of universities

From the Director, The Shakespeare Institute

Sir, - It is sad to see that there is still little or no prospect of an informed discussion of the au-tonomy and responsibilities of

the universities.

Mr Kenneth Baker has let it be generally known that he is not to be deterred by opposinot to be deterred by opposi-tion. The Efficiency Report has not provided an apt basis for re-flection, and it is in practice proving very difficult for aca-demics from faculties of arts and humanities to find a plat-form from which to challenge the extraordinary confidence of those who believe that knowl-edge is meant to be competitive edge is meant to be competitive and education meant to be con-

once whipped out of the temple have now been whipped back in again, and it seems that the

in which quick-on-the-dray speakers talk for victory?

Measure of progress

From Dr M Cross.
Sir.- Over the last few days (October 17 and 19) Philip Basscribed the Confederation of

funiversities

fundad, as usual, well done. In your reference to the need for Hong Kong's manufacturers 'to 'graduate' from labour intensive to capital intensive, high technology industry', however, you failed to note that a very important element in this process is currently missing in Hong Kong - a strong technical university with close links to industry.

For many Hong Kong nationals studying abroad, the boom economy me

(Professor) Philip Brockbank, Stratford-upon-Avon.

sive if companies can demon-strate how quality, safety, unit costs, waste, asset turnover, and customer service (both internal tt, your Labour Editor has deand external) have improved and external) have improved over the last five - ten years. Underlying the improvement in these six key measures is the need to raise the competence and contribution of individuals and teams. Thus another key measure of progress should be the investment in people through on and off the job training and education. scribed the Confederation of British Industry's findings on pay and productivity. For those of us involved in trying to raise productivity and introduce changes in working practices it makes depressing reading.

Paying for change per se is not effective in the long run. In fact, it is close to being contradictory to the principles of the

dictory to the principles of the total quality programmes being adopted by many major manufacturers. Far more impressing and education. (Dr.) Michael Cross, 37 Balmoin Closs, Grange Road, W5.

We are much in need of states and patrons in the best Renais-sance tradition who are ready to allow values and perspec-tives within our centres of independent thought (including our best newspapers) which are very different from those which make money in the market-place without necessarily creat-ing wealth in the community. Is it not possible for the Financial Times to find scope for some-thing other than a school debate

From Dr D Elliott
Sir, - Writing on September
22, David Fishlock suggested
that "the Severn barrage inquiry will inevitably range more
widely" than the Sizewell B pubthe proposal by the CEGB for a pressurised water reactor at Hinkley Point will have to be rethought; for who would be the proposer then? Perhaps it

Sir. I found your survey "Hong Kong as a financial cen-tre" (October 14) very interest-ing and, as usual, well done. In

als studying abroad, the boom of the last decade or more cre-

ated many exciting new job op-portunities in Hong Kong. The lure of remaining in the coun-

tries in which they studied - the US, Canada, Australia - was al-

ways strong, but the dynamism

widely than the Sizewell B pub-lic inquiry. What barrage in-quiry? The Severn Tidal Power Group, the industrial consor-tium proposing the project, has made it very clear that if this is to be a privately funded project, as the Government wants, the private investors would not ac-cept the delay and cost of a pubcept the delay and cost of a pub-lic inquiry. Instead STPG pro-poses a Channel tunnel style parliamentary enabling Act, to-gether with local consultation. And this for what would be Britain's largest single civil engineering project - with very sig-nificant local and national implications. But an alternative procedure now presents itself.

If the CEGB is privatised, then it could be that the already

proposer then? Pernaps it might make sense to have a planning enquiry which looked at both technologies since they will clearly impact on the same region and have interactions with national level energy planning. If competition is so important to the Government, wouldn't it be useful to have a comparative economic, social and environmental assessment and environmental assessment of these, and possibly other technical options, with an in-quiry providing a democratic forum?

D A Elliott, Network for Alternative Technolo gy and Technology Assessmedat, announced public inquiry on

Banks' debt provisions and the negotiating table

From Mr H-J Ruff
Sir, - There is no need for banks to feel that the issuance of guidelines on provisions is a point of weakness. Nor is there any valid justification for the belief that if they are to im-posed at all then the details must remain strictly confidental and inestimable by debtor nations. On the contrary, the western financial community can summon strength from well-publicised provisions if it views the situation positively and not negatively as is currently the case.

A more positive approach comes by considering exactly what it is that brings debtor countries to reschedule rather that renege. In the final analysis it is their desire to maintain access to western capital markets. At the same time, what are in the enviable position of above all else brings bank creditors to those same negotiations a large part or all of their nonistheir need to recover the debt is a large part or all of their nonitself. While desire is a point of relative strength, need is a source of weakness in negotiasource of weakness in negotiations. Conventional missions the strength of the streng tions. Conventional wisdom fload its portfolio. Measured in therefore has it that the balance terms of minimising its losses, of negotiating power lies in fa- this may be infinitely prefera-

they merely desire access to being forced to provide new sition.

Taking everything into account, the regulatory authoritatined in the financial system as a whole.

Taking everything into account, the regulatory authorities may as a result place greater as may also be the mature on (secondary) market for market determined values of the secondary market for markets whereas the being forced to provide new sition.

Taking everything into account, the regulatory authorities may as a result place great the package. tained in the financial system as a whole.

ing and education. (Dr) Michael Cross,

The balance of power, however, can be redressed if the following is borne in mind. Banks that are able to write off their debt have the choice of whether or not they wish to negotiate with the debtor. This luxury of deciding whether or not to step towards the negotiation table is always a more powerful posi-tion to be in than the debtors who feel bound to negotiate in order to maintain access to

While all this may be generalbeing able to afford to write off

ing of the secondary market for debt. If the ability to make prodebt. If the ability to make provisions is regarded as a sign of strength, then those banks best able to afford to do so (ie the more profitable) could become market-makers by taking on poor performing debt for their own book instead of simply being traders or brokers in the secondary debt market. Prices may even edge upward to the benefit of all concerned as these newly-established marthese newly-established mar-ket-makers compete keenly to consolidate their position. This

creates an impetus to the matu-ration of the secondary market. In due course this process may strengthen the position of the banking community as a whole vis a vis debtors. As expowould become more concentrated in the hands of those banks best able to write off the debt, it will enable those banks, who invariably make up the negotiating steering committees, France.

such debt when formulating guidelines for provisions than is currently the case. At present the secondary market is com-monly regarded by many regulatory authorities as being too thin to provide a significant in put in determining the level of provisions. A more mature secondary market would provide a more natural and durable set of values. The more arbitrary committee-made values generated by the various schemes so far developed by authorities around the world appear united only in their non-conformity. Indeed, banks who operate inter-nationally would no doubt welcome being able to play according to just one set of rules written by the market and not the rule-makers.

H-J Ruff 25 Bd Jean Jaures. VISITORS to the US have often commented on Americans' proneness to rapid and extreme changes of national mood: for instance, from the enthusiastic pursuit of Kennedy's New Frontier to the deep, guilt-ridden trauma of the Vietnam syndrome, and back to the bombastic self-confidence and selfrighteousness of the middle Re-

agan years. We are now certainly well down the far side of that partic-ular hump in the roller-coaster. Looking back, one can see that the crest corresponded pretty closely with Mr Reagan's re-election in November 1984. Within four months of that, the dollar reached its peak. Anxi-eties about the trade gap, the federal deficit and the farm crisis nibbled slowly but remorse lessly at the edges of national morale through the ensuing year and a half, and then - just a year ago - two events coincided to bring the Reagan era to an ter being more and more obvi- dates are obliged to spend in orthe Senate and, of course, Iran-

After that the dollar contin-ued to fall without bringing any visible relief to the trade bal-ance, while hopes of balancing the federal budget through the Bork's nomination to the Su-preme Court showed that not ter admitting he had supplied all its idiosyneracies has only the President himself but the New York Times with the fa-the conservative values he symbolises have lost their hold on the centre ground of the centre ground of public

Last week the had news finally reached the stock market. Ironically, the one remaining hope of restoring some laster to the Reagan escutcheon before it is hung up in the ball of fame lies in the prospect of a new detente or entente with the Soviet

even of the President's bitterest opponents seem at all cheered by this turn of events. Reagan-Rev. Pat Robertson had lied ism is dead, but there is as yet about the date of his marriage. no bright new alternative "ism to take its place. The public desperately wants one, as the brief moralising effect. It is now fast but intense flurry of excitement ionable to bewail the demise provoked by Colonel Oliver American "statesmanship" an North during the Irangate hear to regard the American politings clearly showed. But they cal system as profoundly sick.

are not getting it.

Certainly not, in any case, Needless to say, there are from the political process. It plenty of rival diagnoses on of-would be hard to find any Amer. fer. It may be the fault of the media for concentrating on liberals would tell you that the Rev. Jesse Jackson is an excep-tion to that. But quite a few



Reaping the grim harvest of power

nomination.

Once upon a time, people went him from pursuing a coher were inspired by Gary Hart.

Then came the destruction of Gramm-Rudman process behis campaign by a sex scandal, came mired in the irreconcilable conflict of priorities between President and Congress. and the damage done to a third Earlier this month, the defeat in Democratic candidate, GoverCongress of Judge Robert nor Michael Dukakis, whose Bork's nomination to the Sucampaign manager resigned afpreme Court showed that not the Amay York Times with the feature of the New York Times with the New York Times with the feature of the New York Times with the New York Times with the feature of the New York Times with the New

abrupt and premature end: the ously those of yet another op- der to keep up with each other. Republican loss of control of portunist politician. In any Or even the separation of powcase, no one supposes he can ers itself, which makes it so dif-actually win the Democratic ficult for any president to deliv-nomination. particular, is now held to pre-vent him from pursuing a coher-

No doubt there is something in all of those explanations. I suspect, however, that the real trouble derives not from any defect in the political system - all political systems have their de-fects, and the American one for

America's search for a leader to restore its pre-eminence is bound to fail, says Edward Mortimer

mous "attack video" juxtaposing Union - and Mr Gorbachev, no Mr Biden's speech with the one doubt sensing this, is playing by Mr Neil Kinnock from which hard to get. it was copied. And then - just in Yet what is striking is how few case anyone thought that Republicans, or clergymen, were immune - it turned out that the

> All this has had a deeply demoralising effect. It is now fash-ionable to bewail the demise of American "statesmanship" and to regard the American politi-

would be hard to find any Amerier. It may be the faint of the ican just now, outside those acmedia, for concentrating on tually employed by the various candidates' private lives at the empraises, who would claim to expense of the issues. Or it may be the change in the rules of the inspired by any of the presidential candidates. Some white Democratic Party in the early liberals would tell you that the seventies, which took the choice of presidential candidate out of of presidential candidate out of tion to that But quite a few the traditional smoke-filled blacks would tell you they feel room and institutionalised the they have to support him in present gruelling obstacle-spite of rather than because of, course of primaries. Or simply his personal qualities - the lat-

the past two centuries - but from the nature of the problem it is being asked to solve.

That problem was admirably posed by Paul Kennedy in the August issue of the Atlantic Monthly, entitled The (Relative) Decline of America. The essence of it is that the US is still struggling to fulfil a formidable range of global commitments which it undertook in the years immediately after the Second World War, at a time when it produced nearly half the world's total output and had a massive trade surplus, with the result that it controlled three quarters of global gold reserves and was by far the biggest credi-

In absolute terms, of course the US is much richer today than it was in 1945. But for that matter, Mr Kennedy points out. Britain has far greater wealth today than it had in its mid-Victorian prime, and its armed forces possess far more power-ful weapons, but its share of

world product had shrunk from about 25 per cent to about three

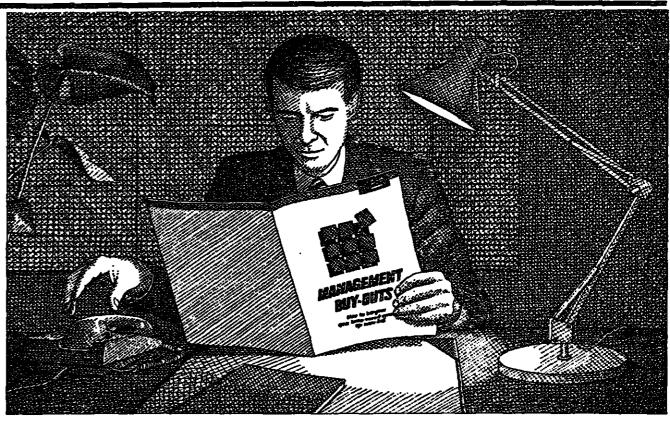
When it comes to being a world power, what counts is rel-ative not absolute wealth, and the United States today has roughly the same array of military obligations across the globe that it had a quarter century ago, when its shares of world GNP, military spending, and armed forces personnel were much larger than they are

There is nothing new about There is nothing new about this, he notes, in the perspective of world history. "Most of the historical examples suggest that the trajectory of a state's military-territorial influence lags noticeably behind the trajectory of its relative economic strength." Economic expansion comes first, bringing in its wake overseas interests and obliga-tions which become costlier to defend and maintain as they are challenged by the rise of rival economic powers. Thus, established powers tend to spend more on defence than rising ones and yet feel less secure; and the attempt to maintain a position of relative power to longer justified by its relative economic strength aggravates the economic problems and plunges the state into financial

In short, the US's relative de-cline is inevitable and the ef-forts of political leaders to stave it off are doomed to failure. The federal budget and foreign trade deficits, closely in-terrelated, are the outward and visible forms of this existential crisis, the essence of which is the incapacity of Americans to continue earning what it costs simultaneously to maintain themselves as the dominant world power and to enjoy the world's highest standard of liv-

They have no reason to be ashamed of this. But they have not yet realised that their quest for a "statesman" capable of restoring their former pre-emi-nence is part of the problem, not the solution. The statesman they really need is one capable of breaking this to them gently, and of managing the transition to a world order in which other powers will bear a larger share of the costs, but which will in consequence be less precisely tailored to American interests and American views than the one built at the zenith of American power after 1945.

Senator Bill Bradley, the po-tential candidate perhaps best qualified for this role if only because he has the best understanding of the world economy, is steadiastly refusing to throw his hat in the ring on the grounds that he does not feel ready". Maybe what he means is that Americans are not yet ready for him and for his message - but many of them must be readier now than they were two



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railway

Jubilant youths storm sacred Peking site

ABOUT 8,600 young Chinese evaded police road blocks last night and stormed into Tianan-men Square, the sacred site of Communism in the heart of Peking, to celebrate a Chinese football victory over Japan, writes Robert Thomson in Pe-

The victory drew to the surface the frustration many young Chinese feel about the country's backwardness rela-tive to the development of Ja-

pan.

After the youths had massed in Tiananmen, immediately in front of the Great Hall of the People, where the Communist Party Congress is being held, they dispersed and went to the diplomatic district in the eastern sector, chanting and singing along the way.

Police again closed off all roads around the area early this morning, and urged the jubilant youths to return

The show of dissent, while good-natured, will come as an embarrassment to Chinese leaders presiding over a Congress, which is intended to set a course for the country into the next decade, since party leaders have attempted to show

der tight coutrol.

Last night's gathering mo-mentarily threatened to turn nasty as thousands chanted for police to return a flag confiscated from one of the protesters, most of whom had come to

the square on bicycle. Several bandred youths had first cycled to the diplomatic district with the apparent aim of massing in front of the Jap-anese embassy; but hundreds of police blocked access and the youths turned towards

Police with load hallers

ing and 'obey road laws', while recorded messages broadcast from police vans warned them to be 'aware of bad elements wanting to cause distur-

When asked why he had come to Tiananmen, one student replied 'two to nil', while another said he was not concerned that the gathering could compromise the Con-

The Chinese have a deep rirairy with the Japanese - a frustration heightened by bit-ter memories of Japanese bru-tality during the war.

China's economic plans threatened

CHINA'S ambitious economic reform programme, now under review at a crucial Communist Party Congress, is in danger of losing direction because of sus-tained criticism by conservative Communists and an overheated

Senior economic officials were unable yesterday to say when controversial legislation on bankruptcy, share issues, and employment would be introduced or when price reform would be broadened.

This is despite the strong advocacy on Sunday by Zhao Zi-yang, acting general secretary, for the expansion of economic

The hiring of workers by private businessmen is one of the most sensitive issues as it raises the possibility of conflict with Marxist thinking on labour ex-ploitation. Yesterday Gao Shangquan,

vice-minister of the Economic Structural Reform Commission, said: We are still studying this

of creating anything like a Euro-

Europe nears deal

on defence policy

BY ROBERT MAUTHNER, DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENT,



Zhao Ziyang

the issue at its 13th Congress, which began here on Sunday, private businessmen are laying off shop assistants and labour-

iid: "We are still studying this ers.
uestion." Mr Gao admitted that some
While the party is examining enterprises have employed

more than 100 workers.
Inflation has already forced the Government to balt the introduction of reforms intended to make prices represent the cost of production.

Mr Gao could not say when these price reforms would be extended: "The people have many complaints about price rises," he said.

He also conceded that reform still faced considerable political opposition.

Inflation is officially running at just under 9 per cent, al-though the actual rate is closer to 15 per cept.

The economy is badly over-heated, with industrial output rising by 15 per cent this year -more than double the planned increase yet the supply of goods is insufficient to satisfy growing consumer and industri-

The problems are providing ammunition for conservative concern that the shift away from central control to a more mar-ket-based economy has caused

the economy to run out of con-Those conservatives are in fa-

vour of the party tightening its grip on the economy and coun-Conservatives have also op-posed the introduction of a bankruptcy law, which was free-ly discussed last year and a draft approved, but which was not mentioned by Zhao Ziyang during vesterdary's speech at the

during yesterday's speech at the end of the Congress. Asked whether the dramatic fall in foreign share prices would influence China's use of

shares, Gao Shangquan said that Chinese-style shares would not be as volatile as convention The few issued have been more like bonds and cannot be

freely traded.

The fact that Zhao Ziyang's speech concentrated on gener-alities about a market-based economy and private enter-prise, but did not introduce spe cific new ideas on economic re form, reflected the pressure on the Chinese economy and on the

EC calls for halt to farm subsidies war

BY WILLIAM DULLFORCE IN GENEVA

FOREIGN and defence minis- have on a forthcoming Italian ters of the seven-nation West-referendum on civil nuclear other cereal exporting nations are fully formed out most of their dis-drop its reservations.

THE world's major wheat and exports grow 26 per cent in volutional transformation with the condition of their cereal exporting nations are but only 6 per cent in volutional transformation with their subsidies war in the 12 months to the end of seven and agree minimum export. agreements over a new policy Although the European de-document intended to give Eu-fence platform is not specific

rope a distinctive defence iden-tity. enough to result in any immedi-ate practical steps, it was seen tity.

The document, which is due by officials of most of the memto be adopted formally by the ber countries as the first step along a long road towards a real ministers today, is couched in along a long road towards a real general terms and falls far short European defence personality. The European Community

of creating anything like a European defence community. Indeed, it is called a 'platform', one official said. 'It evolved rather than a 'charter' as was originally proposed by Mr Jacques Chirac, the French Prime Minister.

The European Community was not built in one day either,' one official said. 'It evolved slowly.'

Meanwhile, during a discussion on the consequences of last week's meeting in Moscow between the same of t

Britain and Holland in particular had opposed such grandiouse terminology, because it might have offended the US and the other NATO members.

The platform is understood to The proposed such grandious was sounded by Sir Geoffrey Howe, the British Foreign Sectors of the WEI Proposed such grandious was sounded by Sir Geoffrey Howe, the British Foreign Sectors of the WEI Proposed such grandious was sounded by Sir Geoffrey Howe, the British Foreign Sectors of the WEI Proposed such grandious was sounded by Sir Geoffrey Howe, the British Foreign Sectors of the WEI Proposed such grandious was sounded by Sir Geoffrey was sounded by Sir Geoffrey Research was sounded by Sir Geoff

The platform is understood to refer specifically to the WEU members' solidarity with the Atlantic alliance and the US.

Significantly, it also underlines the need for European delines the hased on a mixture

fence to be based on a mixture of nuclear and conventional ardy.

He referred to a press conferweapons.

Six of the members - Britain,
France. West Germany. Belgium
the Netherlands and Luxembourg - had insisted from the
outset that Europe must not be
denuclearised following a super-power agreement on intermediate-range nuclear forces

(INF)

He referred to a press conference given by the Soviet Foreign Minister following his
meeting with Mr Shultz in
which Mr Shevardnadze said
the question was not whether or
not there would be an agreement, but who would sign it.
Sir Geoffrey also said that
once an INF agreement had

and agree minimum export prices, the European Communi-ty has urged in proposals for reforming world farm trade put

forward yesterday.

But the Community has again rejected calls from the US and elsewhere for a total end to all export subsidies.
Its package, presented in Geneva to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade group han-

dling the reform of world agri-cultural trade, was immediately described as disappointing by

the US.
President Ronald Reagan proposed in July that govern-ments should abolish by the end of the century all production and export subsidies on farm

Cairns Group.

The EC, however, insisted yesterday that the Community must retain its dual pricing system, which keeps prices paid to its farmers higher than its expectation, but this part of its proposal lacked details of the countries, including the US, welcomed the Community's acknowledgement that for the countries.

port prices.
Nonetheless, Mr Guy Legras,

THE world's major wheat and exports grow 26 per cent in vol-

Price agreements could help to restore order to world mar-kets, relieve the difficulties of small exporting nations and create a climate of confidence for the Gatt negotiations, Mr Le

Reform should start with emergency measures to ease the strains in markets, where surpluses were distorting trade, the EC proposals say. These in-clude sugar and dairy products as well as cereals.

These steps would be followed by undertakings, negoti-ated on a reciprocal basis, to reduce farm supports in key sectors. None of the initial mea-sures would call in question do-

and export subsidies on farm sures would call in question doproduce. Last week Mr Bob Hawke, the Australian Prime Minister, unveiled a more detailed programme for a 10-year nity envisaged a "significant, phase-out of farm supports, elaborated by the 13-nation Cairns Group.

The EC, however, insisted vesterday that the Community

far-reaching change was needed in world farm trade as the European Commission's di-rector-general for agriculture, on previous EC positions.

Netherlands.
When fully operational, the

fore the present chaos in world be neither of those, but a calculation of whether pulling out The European Commission would be worse politically than has proposed that EC funds be going on, and whether it would made available for this and other transport projects, though the consideration is likely to be neither of those, but a calculation of whether pulling out would be worse politically than has proposed that EC funds be going on, and whether it would made available for this and other transport projects, though the consideration is likely to be neither of those, but a calculation of whether pulling out would be worse politically than the consideration is likely to be neither of those, but a calculation of whether pulling out would be worse politically than the consideration is likely to be neither of those, but a calculation of whether pulling out would be worse politically than the consideration is likely to be neither of those, but a calculation of whether pulling out would be worse politically than the consideration of the pulling out would be worse politically than the consideration of the pulling out would be worse politically than the consideration of the pulling out would be worse politically than the consideration of the pulling out would be worse politically than the consideration of the pulling out would be worse politically than the consideration of the pulling out would be worse politically than the consideration of the pulling out would be worse politically than the consideration of the pulling out would be worse politically than the consideration of the pulling out would be worse politically than the consideration of the con

Another uncertainty is Britain's refusal to modernise

the track from Dover to London The rights issue, having already to take faster and wider contibeen sold to the Treasury, nental rolling stock, on the would have to proceed. But if to take faster and wider continents rolling stock, on the grounds that it is impractical. In main issue were pulled the Government would presumably port Secretary, said yesterday that British Rail was due to retain the problem next year. port on the problem next year.
"I would not like to prejudge
what they come up with," he

The main cost of the overall from the point of view of the project will be building a new Public Accounts Committee, the line, estimated at Ecu2.09bn at 1984 prices, followed by improvements to existing track, estimated at Ecu1.12bn. New trains and rolling stock will add another Ecu 1.22bn. project will be building a new line, estimated at Ecu2.09bn at

THE LEX COLUMN

Trying not to be part of BP

Another dogged day for London equities, with the market beat-en back beyond the 1650 line, then rallying to a level just 5 TRANSPORT Ministers from five northern European countries gave the political all-clear yesterday for a high-speed rail-way network to link Paris, Lon-don, Brussels, Amsterdam and Cologne.

The total return in the don, Brussels, Amsterdam and close, according to Wood Mack-Cologne.

They agreed at a meeting in brussels to ask national railway operators to produce outline addetails by next March of how to put the ambitious project into effect. The total cost will be Ecus.8bn (87.84bn) and the work 19 stocks in the FT-SE index fell could be completed by 1992 the lonly by single figures vesterday. could be completed by 1992, the only by single figures yesterday, target set by the EC for the completion of a fully free internal market, according to a prelimitary report prepared by officials from Belgium, Britain, Balfway down from its peak in France, West Germany and the

When fully operational, the network will carry an estimated 40m passengers annually, or 110,000 per day, says the report. It will be built to carry trains that can travel at up to 300km per hour (186 mph). Once the Channel Tunnel is open in 1903, the report estimates that the best journey time from London does not necessarily imply a Channel Tunnel is open in 1993, the report estimates that the best journey time from London to Brussels will be almost halved from the present 300 change of heart; the underwriters halved from the present 300 minutes to 155, while London to Paris trips will be cut from 312 minutes to 178.

One big uncertainty, however, is funding. Fourteen banks, including the European Investment Bank, have shown provisional interest in raising cash. Independent consultants esti-

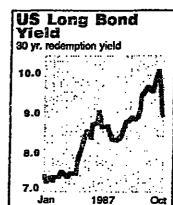
ment Bank, have shown provisional interest in raising cash,
Independent consultants estimate that Ecu 4bn to Ecu 5bn
could be raised through a private placing, while the Ecu
1.8bn balance could come from
a public share issue, though
that estimate was compiled before the present chaos in world.

that idea has come up against gramme.

strong objections on budget strong objections on budget grounds from all of the signatories to yesterday's agreement, except for Belgium.

Another uncertainty is Britain's refusal to moderation made good in the cilt market. good in the gill market

holding being actually in-creased.



pulled when underwriters are in trouble, there is a good case for never underwriting at all But the real issue is a practical one. If the underwriters are able to show the Treasury that any loss they might suffer would harm the wider financial frame-work, or if BP risks damage as an operating entity, the Govern-ment should face the political music and call the whole thing off But otherwise, surely, not.

Hong Kong

If the Hong Kong stock market had reopened even 500 points lower, there was a feeling that this would have been manage-able. But a fall of 1120 points sent panic waves throughout the Far Eastern financial community yesterday and overshadowed news of a run on Roth-wells. a well- connected Australian merchant bank. The Australian merchant bank. The continuing sharp falls in Hong Kong share prices in London last night, coming after Monday's one-third fall in the Hang Seng index, underline the scale of the financial crisis now factors the colony and mices the ing the colony and raises the question of whether the HK\$2bn (\$256m) rescue package, which has been mounted for the local futures exchange, fidence The sight of reputable inter-

national firms being forced to put up capital to rescue a bunch of gamblers who would not al-low them to sit on the board of the casino has undoubtedly tarnished Hong Kong's image as an international financial centre. But it had to be done. The Hang Seng contract is one of the Hang Seng contract is one of the world's most heavily traded stock-index contracts, and the possibility that one of the world's biggest futures exchanges could go bust would have had repercussions in futures exchanges far beyond

Hong Kong The only question now is whether the lifeboat will be increased Judging by the performance of Hong Kong share prices in London last night, it may well have to be. Despite the events of the last few days it would be dangerous to sound the deathknell on Hong Kong's future as a finan-

frong Kong's toture as a mana-cial centre. It has always had far more liquidity than rival centres such as Singapore, and provided the lifeboat is man-naged wisely there is no reason why this should not continue to be an attraction. Meanwhile, be an attraction. Meanwhile, there is a danger of cveren-phasising the importance of Hong Kong's dramatic collapse for world markets generally. It is, after all, only the eleventh largest sinck market in the world, and accounts for a mere 1.1 per cent of the world in-

Lucas

In last week's market there was not much rationality in the choice of stocks to dump. Lucas choice of stocks to dump. Lucas shares suffered rather worse than the generality on the grounds that pre-tax profits are £23m a year better off for its pension fund contribution holiday and that might have been threatened by the falling market. Yesterday the company explained that since the final legislation. plained that since the fund is valued on the basis of its income stream, not its market val-ue, the holiday was not affected Once investors understood that the share price fell less than the market yesterday; closing only 5.3 per cent lower at 490p.

The Lucas pension fund would suffer if things got so bad that dividend growth came to a standstill or worse if companies started cutting their dividends. Sarring that, the fund benefits from the market fall in that yields rise and reinvested income and cashflow from the em-ployee's contributions (they get no holiday) ought to earn a higher return. The holiday might even be extended yet again - and when payments do resume they ought to be lower

than before.

The other valuation question raised by the market collapse is what multiple is put on earnings. In Lucas's case, 499p buys. 8.2 times last year's and around 6.7 times forecast earnings. It is hard to say whether that is cheap or dear in current conditions. Lucas was loss-making in the depths of the last recession, but it has spent a few hundred million pounds trying to avoid that happening again. Now the greater risk is from an inability to make acquisitions because of its low rating than from the next recession - real or imaginary.

mediate-range nuclear forces (INF). Italy, which was at first anxious to avoid any reference to nuclear defence because of the said the Community's proposals for an end to the subsidies war should appeal particularly to the US. Washington, spending s26bn (£15.4m) annually in farm managed agricultural system. presumed effect that might ventional arms agreements. supports, had seen agricultural Background, Page 8

news the Treasury nad caused a meeting today with the underwriters of British Petroleum share issue, prompting speculation the Government may be considering calling off the sale.

British shares also found some resilience in the face of Wall Street's continuing plunge considering calling off the sale.

British shares also found some resilience in the face of Wall Street's continuing plunge from speculation that the UK authorities will cut base rates again.

The Bank of England vester.

The market stabilised after news the Treasury had called a meeting today with the underwriters of British Petroleum share issue, promuting soecula-

The Bank of England yestertions that it would issue stock in ay intervened heavily against the UK Government bond maray intervened heavily against the UK Government bond marthe UK Government bond marsources of financial institutions day intervened heavily against the UK Government bond marsterling on foreign exchanges, ket which closed yesterday at a time when the UK authori- \$1.6770.

Chons equity crisis enters second week continued from Page 1

lowest level since the beginning of January. The FT Ordinary index closed 89.1 lower at 1,307.1.

The Bank is believed to bave around two points higher. In more normal circumstances, the dollar but its action was mainly motivated by a desire to store the second opportunity of a strongly-rising market to sell more gilts.

in London, the dollar closed pportunity of a strongly-rising at DM 1.7755 compared with Fri-arket to sell more gilts.

The Bank's decision not to day's closing DM 1.7865 and at Y142.20 after Y142.65. In after-

investors switching out of equi-pared with Friday's closing 73.5. ties.

In addition, the offer of new gilt-edged stock would repre-

Top British law officer in sudden resignation By Peter Riddell, Political Editor

LORD HAVERS, the British Governments most senior law officer, resigned yesterday for health reasons after just over four months in office Lord Havers, 64, the former Attorney General in the House

of Commons, had a major heart operation two years ago and has recently been ill. There has been speculation about his future for some time. He said he returned to work last week feeling much better, but he found "the burden too

much" and did not feel satisifed he could do the job properly.

The timing has presented Mrs
Thatcher, the prime minister, with an awkward problem.
One of the leading candidates is Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Foreign Secretary, but this would mean a by-election which it is understood she does not want so soon in this session of Parlia-

The new Lord Chancellor who has a seat in the Cabinet, is Lord Mackay, 60. Since 1984 he has served

briefly as a senior Scottish judge and as a Law Lord since 1985. He is the first member of the Scottish bar to become Lord Educated at both Scottish and English universities, Lord Mackay was a mathematics lec-

turer before becoming a lawyer.
As Lord Chancellor he will not only preside over the House of Lords but will also be head of the judiciary and sit in on Lords appealate committee. Lord Havers served as Attorney General from 1979 up to this June's general election, having

been Solicitor General between 1972 and 1974. A likeable and clubbable Mr Li had said he was willing quent controversy, notably to blough over HK\$2bn into his when pressing for full discloman, he was involved in fre-

CREDIT LYONNAIS WILL SOON, SUBJECT **TO REGULATORY** APPROVALS, BECOME THE NEW PARENT OF **ALEXANDERS LAING** & CRUICKSHANK HOLDINGS LTD. AS ONE OF THE **WORLD'S LARGEST** BANKS, THEY AIM TO **PROVIDE US WITH** ADDITIONAL CAPITAL RESOURCES. REINFORCE OUR SPECIALIST STRENGTHS AND COMBINE SOME OF THEIR EXPERTISE WITH OURS.

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Continued from Page 1 Hong Kong market

the market opening as prices crashed to "limit down" levels. The spot October price, in which no limits were operating, went into free fall to end the deposit 1075.

Also the territory's takeover panel gave reluctant approval to a proposal by Mr Li Kashing, whose companies account for almost one-fifth of Hong Kong's crock market capitalisation.

left before these October con-tracts mature, the moment of reckoning was yesterday understood to be close for a number of small brokers. Stock market traders ignored two snippets of positive news. A Philippine-backed company bid

ing in November and December land - an encouraging sign that Hang Seng Index contracts was property prices have held halted within three minutes of steady.

With just four trading days stock market capitalisation. over the next month to allow shareholders to buy their own shares beyond the 35 per cent level at which they would nor-mally trigger a full bid.

Philippine-backed company bid to plough over HK\$2bn into his HK\$500m at auction for a resion own and other shares in an effect of the restore confidence, when pressing for full disclosure over the recent Westland helicopter affair.



SECTION II – COMPANIES AND MARKETS

FINANCIALTIMES

Tuesday October 27 1987



Ford profits at \$703m as growth decelerates

BY ANATOLE KALETSKY IN NEW YORK

FORD MOTOR, the second-largest cor good results yesterday, with net in-come of \$703m, or \$2.76 a share, in

The third quarter is tradi

Although these profits were only 1 per cent up on the year-ago figure of \$893m, or \$2.61, last year's result included a one-off gain of \$102m from the sale of Ford's US paint op-erations and its interest in Starnet,

was 105 per cent higher than a year earlier. In the second quarter the

npany earned \$1.5bn again, cent higher than a year ago at US car maker, reported moderately marking an increase of 39 per cent \$15.2bn, but sales volumes were

The third quarter is traditionally a weak one in the motor industry because the introduction of new models in October forces the manufacturers to engage in costly re-bates and financing subsidies to move their dealers' stocks.

well show a loss at the net level. well show a loss at the net level. costs associated with expansion Ford said world sales were 6 per and falling net interest margins.

down 7 per cent at 1.24m units. In the US market Ford sold 727,000 units, down 9.7 per cent from the year before, although revenues climbed by 2 per cent to \$10.1bn.
Ford's US market share in-

creased 2.3 percentage points to 20.1 per cent, the highest level since erations and its interest in Starnet, a satellite communications business. Excluding this special item, net income was 19 per cent higher than a year ago.

Nevertheless, this rate of earnings growth represented a significant deceleration from Ford's spectacular profit performance during the first half of the year. In the first quarter Ford's net income of \$1.5bn and the first profits have a loss at the net level.

But last year's third quarter saw mprecedented price cutting and credit wars. The fact that Ford's net income documents in the latest quarter were only modestly ahead suggests the credit competition was costly this year as well.

This augurs badly for General Motors, the biggest US motor manufacturer, which is due to report its results later this week and may well show a loss at the net level. 1979. Apart from motor manufac

olunge put a cold damper on the ex- tor. uberance of Silicon Valley's high- The semiconductor makers them- Company

ecutives, the greatest concern is pheral companies. If personal computer sales slow capital and consumer spending. Although analysts say that it is down, much of the electronics into soon to gauge public sentiment dustry could also be dragged down, and that much will depend on Apple Computer, the second-largest until the economic outlook is clear, analysts note.

Washington's reaction to the stock US personal computer manufacturmarket crisis, they acknowledge er, monitors sales on a daily basis, that a drop in spending could have a serious ripple effect throughout slowdown last week. It may, however, be several weeks before the impact on new orders is felt.

sales, would have a significant effect on the semiconductor industry, may be particularly vulnerable to spending cuts because a large pora a partner in Kleiner Perkins Can-

DU PONT, the largest US chemicals

cent rise in third-quarter net earn-

ings to \$452m, or \$1.67 a share, from \$343m, or \$1.42, a year earlier, ref-

The latest quarter included a

\$31m gain from the sale of a Texas

chlorine and caustic soda plant, whereas the 1988 quarter included a

The company said the increase was attributable to strong perfor-

mances by a number of segments, notably fibres, agricultural and in-dustrial chemicals, and coal, and

substantially improved results from

Total earnings benefited from in-creased demand and higher crude

oil prices, partly offset by lower

earnings from downstream petro-leum, as refined product margins

Nine-month net earnings

\$1.35bn, or \$5.57 a share, against \$1.2bn, or \$4.97, in the first nine

months of 1986. Sales rose 10 per

cent to \$22.5bn, with the third-quar

ter contribution rising 19 per cent to

At Union Carbide, third-quarte

net income from continuing opera-tions rose 76 per cent to \$74m, or 57 cents, from \$42m, or 43 cents, for

the same period last year. The 1986 figures exclude a one-time net gain

of \$252m, primarly from the sale of

the home and car products busi

quarter, helped by a strong performance in chemicals and plastics (up 35 per cent to \$148m) and industrial

gases (up 9 per cent to \$82m), rose to \$229m – a gain of 22 per cent ove the same quarter a year ago.

458.7m 31.4m 0.54

net benefit of \$21m.

year's levels.

tech industries, where recent record sales and earnings had raised expectations of a major electronics boom.

The semiconductor makers them selves will be cautious about committing themselves to major capital Advanced Micro expenditures, he predicts, which in turn will have an impact on the Hewlett-Packard

boom.

Semiconductor and computer companies were among those most badly hit by the stock market crash.

Since October 1, many have seen their stock prices tumble by 30 to 40 per cent. Stocks of the smaller companies, expecially those quoted on the over-the-counter market, have been particularly volatile.

Among electronics is with greatest concern is that economic uncertainties may slow capital and consumers.

mitting themselves to major capital Apple Computer 581, 355g and Advanced Micro Devices 24 1113g Advanced Micro Devices 24 2034g Illuster 1113g Amount 112g Amount 112g Amount 113g Amount 113g

A slowdown, for example, in car impact on new orders is felt.

Louise Kehoe examines the recent fortunes of US microchip groups

Silicon Valley buffeted by shares storm

tempts, especially from cash-rich foreign investors.

SILICON VALLEY STOCK PRICES cisco venture capital company, venture capital funds, suggests Mr Oct 1 Oct 23 notes: "Most of the assets of the Jack Wilson, vice president at Datahigh-tech companies walk out of quest, the market research firm. the door each evening. Unfriendly

> A more significant effect of the stock options that can be somewhat stock options that stock options that can be somewhat stock options that can be somewhat when the market dropped.

We filed with the SEC on October major concern among workers. but now everything is on hold," says Mr Rodney Smith, president of around here all week," says Apple Altera Corporation, a semiconduc-

"We are profitable and we have a wait and see what happens to the market," he adds.

He says start-up companies may takeovers generally don't work also find it harder to attract talent ed engineers, without the lure of A more significant effect of the stock options that can be sold when

the rise and fall of stock prices is a

It has been gallows humou ployees own company stock. Ap-We are profitable and we have a ple's stock price dropped from \$38% good cash position so we will just on October 1 to \$35% on Friday.

However, it was Silicon Valley's narket," he adds.

For companies that need cash, biggest hit last week. As stock the halt in the IPO market could, prices plunged their paper fortunes however, have more serious conseduindled. But most did not seem quences, and no one is willing to too upset. One of the industries predict how long it will be until multi-millionaires says: "If you market conditions become more fa-If the "paralysis" lasts too long, and \$20 a share isn't that great."

LaSalle bids for Lane **Financial**

By Our Financial Staff

LASALLE NATIONAL, the US bank holding company whose par-ent is Algemene Bank Nederland, has offered to pay about \$200m for Lane Financial, a Chicago based bank holding company.

Lane said the proposed purchase price was about 2.5 times its book value based on its equity at September 30. It said the combined assets of the two holding companies would exceed \$3.4bn.

The Chicago company owns Northwest National Bank of Chicago, Lake View Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago, Northbrook Trust and Savings Bank and Bank of

LaSalle is holding company for LaSalle National Bank and LaSalle Bank of Lisle

Mr Asher Edelman, the US inves tor, said a group of parties affiliated to him had acquired about 11.5 per cent of the outstanding shares of Foster Wheeler, the US engineering and construction group, and had told the company it wanted to dis-

Mr Edelman said he had contact-Foster Wheeler, in order to arrange a prompt meeting to discuss a poss ble transaction. Mr Azzato had re plied that "management did not in-tend to meet with Mr Edelman at any time because it was their intention and the intention of the company's board of directors that the company remain independent," Mr Ed-

elman said. Meanwhile Telex, the Tulsabased telecommunications group, said it and financial adviser Drexel Burnham Lambert would investigate alternatives to maximise shareholder value by seeking a purchaser for the company, or recapitaled buyout.

The company said it was holding talks with other unidentified parties concerning a possible acquisi-tion of the company. Telex faces an unsolicited \$65-a-share bid from Mr

Pressure on energy costs affects Exxon

BY OUR NEW YORK STAFF

EXXON, the biggest US oil compa-ry, yesterday reported flat earnings below acceptable levels," said Mr in the third quarter, reflecting the John Rawls, chairman.

\$1.05bn, or 73 cents, it had earned the year before. For the first nine months of the year, Exxon's profits, at \$3.3bn, were more than 15 per cent down

was 29 per cent up at \$21.9bn.

in the third quarter, reflecting the continuing downward pressure on energy costs in the retail and wholesale markets, despite the strengthening of crude oil prices.

Excon made net profits of \$1,06bn, or 75 cents a share, in the third quarter, 2.7 per cent up on the third quarter, 2.7 per cent up on the coming from Exxon's operations outside the IIS outside the US.

The company's total worldwide petroleum product sales were down, marginally in volume terms, from 4.04m to 4.01m barrels a day. Its toon the corresponding period last year. Revenue for the latest quarter tal production of oil and liquids was up 2 per cent at 1.83m b/d while natural gas output was down 10 per cent at 3.7bn cubic feet daily.

The company gained substantially from higher crude oil prices, which slumped to their lowest point during the third quarter of last year. The higher prices boosted Expons worldwide oil exploration and earned a year earlier. Its earnings per common share rose much more production profits by 73 per cent to per common share rose much more largely offset by the company's inability to pass on the crude price rises to its customers. As a second of the crude price rises to its customers. As a second of the crude price rises to its customers.

earnings from refining and market- due to higher oil prices and better ing slumped to \$60m compared with results from chemical and agribusiness operations, partly offset by ness operations, partly offset by

Intel launches PC aid

NORTH AMERICAN QUARTERLY RESULTS

BY OUR SAN FRANCISCO CORRESPONDENT

cessor manufacturer, yesterday launched a product that will enable millions of personal computer users to upgrade the performance of their old machines to meet the standards set by the latest 32-bit personal

The Inboard 386/PC, priced at \$995, gives standard IBM XT's many of the features of \$8,000 models currently offered by IBM, Compaq and

although Intel says that it has yet to puter.

INTEL, the leading US micropro- test the board in dozens of varieties

Intel claims that the circuit board acreases the speed of a standard XT by a factor of 10. It also gives the machines the "multi-tasking" capabilities of newer models that can run several applications simul-

The Inboard 388 contains a 32-bit sor and one megabyte of additional computer memory I The circuit board plugs directly along with circuits and software into the widely-used IBM XT personal computer and compatible monitor, disk drives and keymodels from other manufacturers board of the original personal com-

Earnings at | Henley Group stages third-quarter upturn **Du Pont jump 32%**

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

HENLEY GROUP, the US company comprising a diverse collection of unprofitable businesses and assets spun off from Allied-Signal in May 1986, has reported third-quarter net group, yesterday reported a 32 per income of \$39m, or 40 cents a share, compared with net losses of \$30m, or 29 cents, for the same three lecting continuing strength in many of its worldwide businesses.

months last year.

This reduced the losses for the nine months to September 30 to \$81m, or 81 cents, against losses last time of \$72m, or \$1. The result reflects a gain of \$75m from the initial public offering of a minority in-terest in Henley's Wheelabrator Technologies.

Earnings were partly offset by the continued amortisation of goodwill and other non-cash accounting charges as well as higher interesi

Goodwill, which originated with predecessor companies' purchases of many of the businesses which became Henley units, was reduced to \$400m from \$467m at the 1986 year

months were \$872m, against \$821m in the same period last year, bringing the total for the nine months to \$2.65m compared with \$2.35m.

Canadian pulp groups helped by higher prices

BY ROBERT GIBBENS IN MONTREAL

panies, particularly those with most cents. of their sales in the US and overhigher prices and peak operating rates and are posting a major resurgence in earnings. Profit levels in real terms are generally approaching the 1981 highs.

The standard policy approaching the 1981 highs.

The standard policy are take-off in world pulp prices followed by recovery in newsprint.

Donohue, controlled by Montreal publisher Mr Pierre Pelandeau and Philippel Pelandeau and Philippel Pelandeau.

ucts, a large market pulp, timber and newsprint producer, earned C\$28.9m, or C\$1.73 a share, up from C\$39.5m (US\$76m), or C\$1.75 a share, in the first nine months, up from C\$34.3m, or 67 cents, a year The third quarter was flat because consists of C\$10.0m against C\$356m.

CANADIAN PULP and paper com- equalled 80 cents a share against 18 The company was acquired by seas, are benefiting strongly from Fletcher Challenge of New Zealand nearly two years ago just before the

ing the 1981 highs.

British Columbia Forest ProdBritish publisher Mr Robert Maxearlier, on sales of C\$1.04bn against one of its mills was on strike for a C\$852m. Third-quarter profit month.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only

NEW ISSUE

26th October, 1987

TOYOTA

TOYOTA MOTOR FINANCE (NETHERLANDS) B.V.

U.S.\$150,000,000 95% per cent. Bonds 1990

Issue Price 101.175 per cent.

Nomura International Limited

Chase Investment Bank Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Mitsui Finance International Limited The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.

Bank of Tokyo Capital Markets Group

BNP Capital Markets Limited

S. G. Warburg Securities

Bankers Trust International Limited Citicorp Investment Bank Limited Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited LTCB International Limited **Morgan Stanley International** Sanwa International Limited

Daiwa Europe Limited **KOKUSAI Europe Limited** Morgan Guaranty Ltd Nippon Kangyo Kakumaru (Europe) Limited **Shearson Lehman Brothers International** Tokai International Limited

Bank of America

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited

83.9m 17.3m 0.88 1986 \$ 1.285 48.1s 0.68 437.1m 18.2m 0.88 \$ 490 20.3 1.29 1.03km 53.15m 0.78 400.40 115 3.73bn 147.5m 2.09 904.4m 56.3m 1.24 \$ 608m 12.8m 0.38 791.2m 15.3m 0.40 1,610a 41_1aa 1,23 ATIONAL DISTILLERS & CHEMICAL 1986 \$ 457.6m *9.3m *0.23 256m 256m 34.4m 0.60 1.39km '38.3m '0.95 1.25m 25.6m 0.65

959a 92.6a 2.01 946.2m 38.4m 2.23

Photo to Go, Inc. has been acquired by Moto Photo, Inc.

Moore & Schley Securities Corporation

initiated this transaction, assisted in the negotiations and served as financial advisor to Photo to Go. Inc.

Corporate Finance: 95 Madison Ave., Morristown, NJ 07060 (201) 540-0540 Telex: 127239

bank leumi (uk) plc

Interest Rates

Bank Leumi (UK) plc announces that with effect from the close of business on 27th October 1987 its base rate for lending is decreased from 10 per cent per annum to 9½ per cent per annum

bank leumi בנק לאומי 餓

The Republic of Argentina

NEW MONEY BOND DUE 1999

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that for the interest period beginning on October 26, 1987 and ending on April 25, 1988 the bond will carry a interest rate of 916% per

Banco Central de la Republica Argentina Republic of Argentina Financial Agent

PWH looks for partner as Otto Wolff retreats

group, its parent, to stop sup-porting a big restructuring at

PWH has been trying to recover from dramatic losses last year, caused mainly in France, and the Otto Wolff group, which owns 75 per cent of the stock, claims to have pumped in more than DM150m (\$82.9m) to help

put it back on its feet.
In July, PWH reported unexses of some DM128m, but the parent company said yesterday that the PWH board had since said the losses would

be even bigger.
PWH, in a sharply worded

PHB WESERHUETTE (PWB), company's West German manuthe big West German materials facturing capacity - were constanding equipment group, has begun an urgent search for a major new shareholder following a decision by the Otto Wolff PWH's numerous subsidiaries.

DM80m. PWH's other main shareholder is the Aachener and Muenchener insurance group, which holds around 25 per cent.

The company is one of the property to the company is one of the per cent.

Otto Wolff unexpectedly told the board of PHB Weserhuette on October 20 that because of this it could no longer go along with the recovery concept, said PWH said its board would immediately put rationalisation. proposals to its bankers, with a

view to continuing operating in its present form and 'at the mo-ment the board is having discus-sions with industrial partners." The Otto Wolff group, a medi-um-sized steel and engineering conglomerate, said it had been forced to refuse to promise PWH any more money because

PWH, in a sharply worded proper statement, said yesterday that it had developed a recovery strategy with McKinsey, the management consultant, and that two years, since the Hoesch ded rapidly under Mr Jungen, McKinsey had confirmed that measures already taken - the closure of 50 per cent of the

world's biggest builders and designers of heavy excavation, conveying and mining equip-ment and turns over around DM500m worldwide a year. It ran into trouble in France after buying the materials-handling subsidiary of the now-deceased Creusot Loire group in 1984 Creusot Loire was liquidated soon afterwards and the French business lost its biggest custom-

It has also been caught up in a public row with Mr Peter Jun-gen, its chairman until a year ago, over who was to blame for the losses. Both the Otto Wolff and PWH boards have held him

Peugeot sees strong advance

PEUGEOT-CITROEN expects to report a sharp rise in consoli-dated net profits this year, the private French motor group said in a statement.

The group, which reported net profits of FFr3.6bn (\$602.5m) last year, also said that first-half group sales rose 8.9 per cent to FFr58.5bn, comof per cent to FF roston, compared with the year before period. Sales of the Peugeot car division rose by 6.1 per cent in the first half, while sales of the Citaries of the ECA components da retain troen car division increased by

Pengeot-Citroen has also reorganised its car components and cycle operations. All com-ponents activities have now been grouped in a new subsid-iary, Equipements et Compo-sants pour l'Automobile (ECA). At the same time, the bicycle

for bicycles and the second for inotorcycles and scooters.

The motorcycle subsidiary will also absorb the cycle engine manufacturing company, Societe Mecanique du Haut-Rhin (SMHR), controlled by the Peugeot group, in which Honda Motors has a 25 per cent stake. The subsidiary, which will be known as Peugeot Motocycles, will now be 73.9 per cent owned by the French group, with Honby the French group, with Hor-da retaining its 25 per cent

Finnish insurer expects 8% decline

POHJOLA, Finland's largest in-surance company, expects an 8 crease in claims and by price the same period grew by 15 per surance company, expects an aper cent drop in operating results before taxes to FMI56m (\$35.7m) for 1987. According to the interim report released yesterday and forecasting key figures for the whole year, the constituted income before change solidated income before change in untaxed reserves and income tax will increase from FM9lm in 1986 to FM134m.

competition in the corporate in-surance sector. The margin of FM245m in 1986 is expected to nosedive to FM130m.

Pohjola estimates premium income from direct non-life insurance to increase by II per cent to FMI.9bn this year. Premium income during the first sight months of 1987 also in-The underwriting margin will creased by ll per cent, to

the same period grew by 15 per cent to FM899m.

The shrinking margin will be compensated for by the rapidly growing income from securities and real estate trading which will increase from FMil2m to FM230m in 1987.

The result was boosted by the rapidly rising share prices on the Helsinki stock exchange.

NEW ISSUE

State to take over 49% of **Fokker**

THE DUTCH Government will take over as much as 49 per cent of Folder, the financially ailing Dutch zerospace compa-ny, while The Hague and commercial banks together are providing F1 527m (\$252m) in fresh financing. The 11th-hour rescue pack-

fresh financing.

The 11th-hour rescue package, announced yesterday, also requires that Fakker actively search for a partner, with which to join forces, immediately strengthen its depleted management and drastically eut costs. Folder has plunged into financial difficulties because of soaring development costs for its two new airliners and serious delays in making and delivering them.

The Government will convert FI 645m of development credits for the new Fokker-50 and Fekker-100 into a maximum equity stake of 49 per cent and subordinated, convertible loans. This will also include fresh credit of FI 212m to help Fokker through its current cash flow crisis.

Commercial banks are furnishing FI 315m in new leans between now and 1963, while relaxing payment on FI 500m previously lent under state guarantees.

Fokker, which specialises in the manufacture of short to

guarantees.
Fokker, which specialises in the manufacture of short to medium haul airliners and during its 76-year history has never had government ownership, is one of the few Europeam aerospace companies to re-main private. But it has plunged into the red while try-ing to develop two new aircraft at once, the 50-seat F-50 turbo

One of the most likely candidates as a business partner for Fokker is Messerschmitt-Boelkow-Blochm(MBB), the West German aerospace company. Three weeks ago, Fokker and MBB signed a memorandum of understanding on cellabora-tion in research, production and marketing.

OSociete Generale de Beigique says existing shareholders subscribed for 1.26m of the 2.56m shares it offered in a one-for-10 rights issue between October 6 and 20. It said this represented 49.31 per cent of the total available shares and compared with a 91.25 per cent take-up of its previous rights issue in June 1988.

New offer by MoDo for Holmen control

paper group, has stepped up its the equity.
efforts to gain control of Hol- MoDo is i men, a rival domestic forest products group and Europe's leading newsprint producer, with a SKr14bn (\$222m) offer for the 31 per cent stake in Holman companies held be Maria. men currently held by Marie-

men currently held by Marie-berg, the newspaper and pub-lishing group.

The move, announced over the weekend, is intended to 'help build up a third powerful force within the Swedish forest-ry sector and challenge the two dominant players - Stora, Eu-rope's largest forest products group, and Svenska Cellulosa (SCA), the number two in Swed-

heavy dependency on pulp and fine paper by creating a more diverse forest products group. Holmen is strong in newsprint, consumer products (such as kitchen paper) and sackfluting, and has a small interest in chemicals. MoDo wants to reduce its

MoDo is offering SKr725 per share for Marieberg's stake, which carries 31 per cent of the votes and 15.5 per cent of the share capital.

Holmen's A class shares closed at SKr600 on Friday, so closed at Skriuu on Fraun, so the offer puts a 21 per cent pre-mium on the shares. Brokers said that there had been no market reaction when trading

market reaction when trading resumed yesterday.

Marieberg has until Decem-ber 31 to decide whether to sell or not. Mr Clas Reuterskieeld, or not mr clas nemers considering director of Marie-berg, said: "We are considering it." He added that Marieberg's stake in Holmen was an investment since "our supply of news-print is not at all dependent on our ownership of Holmen."

Recent strategy

MoDo's move over the weekend fits in with its recent strategy. Three weeks ago, MoDo agreed to buy a 30.5 per cent voting stake in Holmen from Hatos, the Swedish investment company, for SKr14bn. It offered SKr725 per share, which at the time represented a 21 per cent premium over the market price.

The deal with Ratos gave MoDo and Iggesund (its affiliate in which it has 48.6 per cent of the over and 23 per votes and 39.9 per cent of the share capital. To

which it has 48.6 per cent of the per cent of the share capital. Toshare capital, 48.6 per cent of the cent of the share capital. Toshare capital, 48.6 per cent of gether the Kenpe and Carigren
the votes and 26.9 per cent of families and foundations conthe equity in Holmen. If the trol 31.1 per cent of the votes
deal with Marieberg goes and 15.5 per cent of the share
ahead, it will have 77.6 per cent capital of MoDo.

The state of the s

MODO, THE Swedish pulp and of the votes, and 42.4 per cent of

MoDe is intent on building un a third block in the forestry se tor to challenge Stora, part of the Wellenberg sphere, and SCA, a Svenska Handelsbanken

By creating a third block, Mo-Do hopes to strengthen its posi-tion in the EC. Currently, 15 per cant of its exports go to Western Europe and by working closer with Holmen it can reduce transport costs.

Tripled profits

MoDo more than tripled its profits (before extraordinary items, allocations and tax) in the first eight months to SKr624m. Group sales rose 6.4 per cent to SKr433hn.

per cent to SKri. 183na.

During the same period, Stora's profits (after financial items) rose by 63 per cent to SKri. 183bn on sales of SKri. 185bn, helped by its acquisition last year of its domestic rival, Papyrus. SCA reported a 37 per cent rise in eight month profits to SKri. 180n on sales of SKri. 0.05bn, and is planning a new share issue to finance acquisitions in the packazing and new spare issue to make ac-quisitions in the packaging and hygiene products field. Holmen's profits rose 73 per cent to SKr350m on sales of

cent to SKr350m on sales of SKr4.457bn.

A PKbanken analyst said: MoDo had too much pulp business and as pulp prices are cyclical, it needs to be ready for the fall in prices in say two years' time. Forestry shares had risen strongly before the Wall Street crash sent shockwaves through the Stockholm hourse.

hourse. Holmen had for long resisted predatory moves from Mollo-and was thought to have had the support of its two allies Maria-

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INTERIM REPORT

JANUARY TO AUGUST 1987 HIGHLIGHTS ☐ Consolidated sales increased to SEK 9,937m (6,916m).

☐ Income after financial items rose from SEK 196m to SEK 287m. □ Earnings per share increased to SEK 10 (6) on a

12-month basis.

☐ Return on equity amounted to 15 per cent (12) or Groups Tarkett Resilient, hardwood, textile and ceramic flooring Industrial textiles and foil

Kitchen furnishings, wardrobes and bathroom cupboards (Marbodal and HTH) **Kitchens** Exterior, internal and special doors and doors for oublic buildings

Matches, lighters, paper products, shaving products nousehold and gardening tools

Akerlund & Rausing Packaging and packaging systems

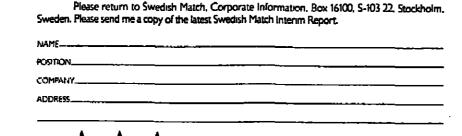
Sodium chlorate for the pulp industry and potassium chlorate for match production

□The newly ac Wilkinson Sword being integrated within Swedish Match. Both units are developing according to expectations.

☐The Parent Company's shares will be listed on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange at the end of November.

Swedish Match shares are currently quoted on the Stock Exchanges of Stockholm, London, Paris, Brussels, Antwerp, Amsterdam, Basle, Bern, Geneva, Lausanne and Zurich.

To find out more about these results and the diverse world of Swedish Match, you can phone us on 010 46 8 220 620 or just send us the coupon below.



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Floating Rate Subordinated Notes due January 1994 In accordance with the

provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest period 26th October, 1987 to 26th January, 1988 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 95% per annum. Interest payable on the relevant interest payment date 26th January, 1988 will amount to £117.83 per £5,000 Note.

Agent Bank: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York London

2,150,000 Shares

M. A. Hanna Company

Common Stock

PaineWebber Incorporated

Alex. Brown & Sons

Morgan Stanley & Co.

Drexel Burnham Lambert Hambrecht & Quist

The First Boston Corporation Dillon, Read & Co. Inc.

A. G. Edwards & Sons, Inc. E. F. Hutton & Company Inc.

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

Prudential-Bache Capital Funding L.F. Rothschild & Co. Salomon Brothers Inc

Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. Dean Witter Capital Markets

U.S. \$100,000,000 **Fortune Federal** Savings and Loan Association

Collateralized Floating Rate Notes Due 1992

Interest Rate

713/16% per annum

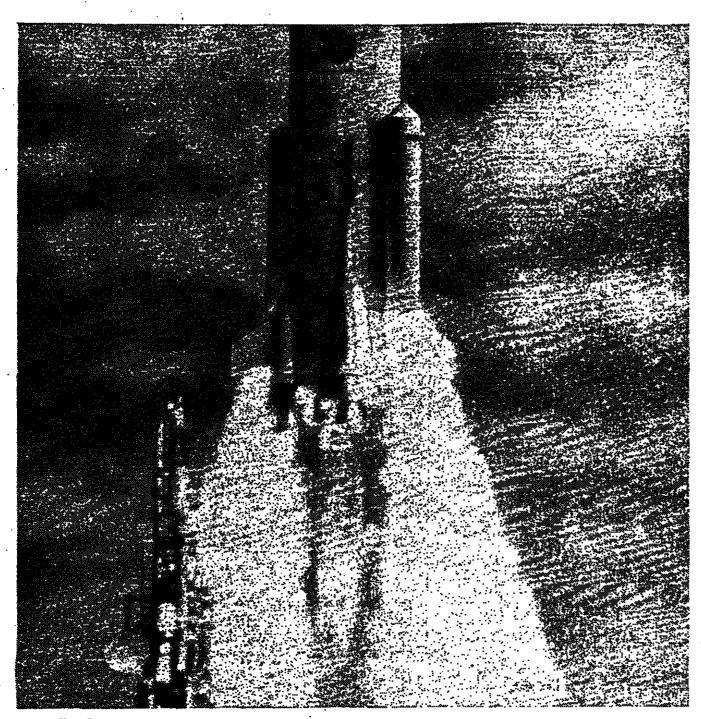
Interest Period 27th October 1987 27th January 1988 Interest Amount per

U.S. \$100,000 Note due 27th January 1988 U.S. \$1,996.53

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The placement of these shares was arranged by

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New York/Atlanta/Boston/Chicago/Dallas/Los Angeles/San Francisco Amsterdam/Geneva/Hong Kong/London/Paris/Tokyo

October 1987

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

JAPANESE EQUITY WARRANTS TUMBLE

Record issue in Euroyen sector

The deal came amid a continued rally in the Japanese government bond market, sustained by further falls in world share prices and the expectations of the process of the tion that the yen would

ers said yesterday investors were returning to the sector, especially to pick up bonds for as-set swapping.

Nevertheless, Nomura took care to price Italy's two-tranche deal generously, to ensure success. The Y150bn 4½-year fixed rate tranche carried a 5½ per cent coupon and was priced at 101½. It traded well within fees the current equity market turbulence.

Dealers were not expecting

cent coupon and the coupon at less 14 bid.

The Y150bn five-year portion, meanwhile, traded at 99.95 bid, compared with a 100.10 issue price and 20 basis points fees. It pays interest semi-annually at either 0.55 per cent below the Japanese long-term prime rate, or at 0.35 per cent over the coupon level on the most recent pon level on the most recent about the liquidity in the Eurobond sector.

The yield spreads on some of a liquid and most highly rational and most h

historically the long-term prime rate had always been 0.90 per cent above the rate on five-year

yesterday launched the largest ture had been chosen in case Euroyen bond yet with a Y300bn this relationship was changed

over the next five years.

Strengthen.

Yesterday, however, the dollar remained within a narrow
lend much support to the Euroyen market last week, but dealthorities were at least assuring

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

The yield spreads on some of most liquid and most highly rated Eurodollar bonds were beginning to narrow from the highest levels seen last week,

last week.

Mr Kjeli Braendstroem,
managing director of Industrivaerden, said yesterday the
company needed to increase its
wholly-owned industrial division substantially, but added
that further moves were un-

that further moves were un-likely.
PLM showed profits (after fi-nancial items) of SKr112.2m (\$17.8m) in the first six months of 1987, compared with SKr42.9m the previous year.

If the bid succeeds, Industri-vaerden would have a total as-

set value of about SKr10hn, with 25 per cent in industry, 10

per cent in property and the rest in its investment portfolio,

closely associated with Sven-ska Handelsbanken, already has 18 per cent of the share capital and 23 per cent of the

capital and 23 per cent of one votes in PLM.

The other leading shareholder is Munksjoe, the forestry company within the sphere of Mr Anders Wall, the financier, which come shout 25 per cent

which owns about 25 per cent of the equity and votes and which is willing to sell its

Industrivaerden is offering 13 convertible bonds in ex-change for 10 PLM shares. The offer is open to foreign inves-

tors. The convertible bends can

be converted into shares in Industrivaerden at any time and carry a 15 per cent higher divi-

Last year, Industrivaerden had turnover of SEr672m and profits (after financial items

and after stock transactions of SKr460m). Total assets were about SKr7bn.

Mr Braendstroem forecast unchanged profits for 1987, but

unchanged profits for 1987, but said that the effect of the deal would be to increase the profit per share by about 30 per cent. A conversion of the netes would raise the share capital of Industrivaerden by 15 to 20 per cent, he added.

Italian group to raise \$300m By Stephen Fidler, Euromarkete Correspondent

A GROUP of 18 Italiza farm lending institutions is raising the equivalent of \$200m through a syndicated lean be-ing arranged through Morgan Guerante

Guaranty.

The facility is guaranteed by two top-rated Italian banks - Banca Nazionale dei Lavere and Cassa di Rispurmio delle Province Lembarde, Half will

he drawn in Ecu, and one quar-ter each in B-Harks and Swiss francs.

The facility is in two parts: a 18-year tranche covering about 80 per ceut of the financing, and a 12-year tranche. The first

has a grace period of three

years, and a margin rising from 12.5 basis points for the first five years to 15 for the remainder, while the second carries an 11-year grace period and 2.5 basis points.

ries an 11-year grace period and a 25 basis point spread.
There are seven other lead managers, comprising Italian and Japanese banks.
Acreports de Paris has also mandated. Mergan to raise FFr350m or its Ecu equivalent over five wears, extendible to

over five years, extendible to

over five years, extendible to eight, through a syndicated multi-option facility.

There is a four basis point; commitment fee and an inter-est margin of 10 basis points if one-third or less is drawn, 15 basis points if usage was be-tween one and two thirds, and, 20 basis points after that.

the Werld Bank, maturing in points.

1997, narrowed by about 10 basis points to about 75 basis a £100m floating rate note, car-

With the sharp falls of the Tokyo Stock Exchange yester-day morning, the price of Japanese equity warrants tumbled by around 30 per cent.

Not for the first time in the last warrants to the first time in the last warrants.

last week, prices of warrants fell below parity, anticipating further falls in Tokyo after the weak performance of the Lon-don and New York markets. Representatives of the 10 market makers of Japanese equity warrants met yesterday to discuss the halt to trading

discuss the halt to trading which occurred last Thursday after the market was overwhelmed by sell orders.

They agreed to continue making markets to each other on the interim basis on which they resumed trading on Friday - with prices good for 25 lots, instead of 50, and spreads of 2 points rather than 1½ points.

Mitsui Trust International repackaged \$45m of ex-warrant

packaged \$45m of ex-warrant Japanese bonds into \$30m of Japanese bonds into \$30m of floating rate notes in the name of Cawas II. The bonds carry a margin of ¼ point over sixmonth Libor and an issue price of 100.1. Eurosterling bond prices rose almost in line with the gains in the UK government bond market in very active trad-

NOMURA INTERNATIONAL bank debentures. But the struc-yesterday launched the largest ture had been chosen in case margin on a 9 per cent bond for year bonds up by about 1%

rying a margin of '4 point over three-month Libor, through Morgan Guaranty. The final ma-turity is 2014 but the average life is seven years.

This is the third funding for the company and carries a simi-lar structure to the previous one, also led by Morgan. A sub-ordinated tranche of notes is created which is privately placed to allow the publicly of-fered portion an AAA rating. In the D-Mark market, domestic bonds rose by about 1.20 points, pushing the average yield down

to 6.34 per cent.

D-Mark straight Eurobond price rises varied widely, between about % and 1% points.

Dealers said bonds for suprana-

In Switzerland, dealers noted increasing switching out of the falling equity market into straight fixed rate bonds, trig-

straight fixed rate bonds, trig-gering price rises of between ½ and ¾ point.

Banque Gutwiller, Kurz, Bungener priced a SF120m sev-en-year bond for Sandhurst Min-ing (Australia), convertible into the company's shares or gold. The bond's coupon was fixed at 6 per cent as had been indicat-ed.

Skanska eight-month earnings jump 72%

SKANSKA THE Swedish construction, property and investment company, has reported a 72 per cent increase in eight-menth profits before allocetions and taxes to SKrl.35bs.
(\$210.9m), compared with
SKr769m last year.
The group forecast full-year
profits of SKrl.7bn, an increase

of 63 per cent on the 1986 figure of SKrl.05bn, as it said earnings from Swedish contracting operations were expected to be hetter than last year.

A high proportion of overseas operations was also expected to be credited to income in 1967, the company said. Group revenue (including rental income) in the first eight

months rose by 6 per cent to SKr9.83bn. Invoiced sales for 1987 are expected to total SKr16.8bn, an increase of 4 per cent on last year. Skansks said the recove

the Swedish economy had stimulated an increase in building However, central govern

However, central government authorities have imposed curbs on the construction of commercial and office property in the three largest cities - Stockholm, Gothenburg and Malmo - where the market is overheated, and have put priority on residential property construction.

The group expects building investments to be 3 per cent higher in 1967, but warned that the industry is suffering from the industry is suffering from labour shortages in several ar-eas which have helped to push

up wages. Shanska said it had faced problems overseas due to mounting protectionism and re-payment difficulties from cli-

ents.
The group has acquired shares worth SKr1.6hn (compared with SKr1.6hn last year) during the period.
The main transaction was the acquisition of a 54.5 per cent voting stake in JM, a real estate and construction company. Skanska's share portfolio had a market value of SKr10.19bn when the books closed at the end of August.

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

| 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150

SIMISS PRANC STRAIGHTS African Dev. St. 5% %. Address 502 Sayer WW 22, 02 BBH: WW 22, 02 ELB. 49, 97 ELB. 49, 97 E.J.S. 49, 97.
East Gutter S. 59.
Irradial S. 02.
Polity Park G. 92.
Prov. of Quedec S. 02.
Quedan Airways 44, 97.
Throfor 44, 97.
Throfor 44, 97.
Thr 5 95.
Weeklings 64, 94.
Throfor 54, 97.
Thr 5 95.

Tamsa signs \$719m debt restructuring deal

TUBOS de Acero de Mexico
(Tamsa), the Mexican private
sector steel company, has
signed a \$719m debt restricturing with a group of banks led by
BankAmerica, Mexico's Finance Ministry said, Reuter reperts from Mexico City.

The accord involves converting a portion of Tamsa debt into

cent margin over London interbank offered rates (Libor).

The restricturing will reduce
ty fust over 40 per cent.

The company invested \$300m
in new production facilities but
the contraction of the world oil
market in recent years left it

ing a portion of Tamsa debt into market in recent years left it market in recent years left it unable to service its debt.

The agreement was signed by Tamsa bank advisory committee, comprising BankAmerica, Bankers Trust New York Chase

The ministry's statement did not elaborate on the terms, but the Mexican public sector restructuring signed last March was over 20 years with a 12 per Serfin, a Mexican bank.

Character | Company |

them sales for us consum. Ligame is a carrent couper.

Convertible Bonds: Describested in dollars unless otherwise indicated.

City, day—Change on day. Car date—First date of Conversion into states. Low, price—Montional account of bond per share expressed incorrupts of share at constraint such familiar. House, Propus Percentage prevalent of the carrenteffective price of acquiring states via the bond over the most recent price of the shares.

The Financial Times Ltd., 1967. Representation in whole or in earl in any form not permitted without written consent. Data supplied by pATASTREAM intermittent.

Industrivaerden bids to lift stake in PLM By Our Stockholm CASSA DI RISPARMIO DI FIRENZE INDUSTRIVAERDEN, the Swedish investment company, is bidding for outstanding shares in PLM, the Swedish packaging group, is a convertible bond deal worth about SKTZbn on the basis of prices lest week

US \$75,000,000 **Euro-Certificate of Deposit Programme**

First Chicago Limited Midland Montagu Commercial Paper S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

Arranger and Issuing & Paying Agent Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited



THORNTON MANAGEMENT (ASIA) LTD. - Offshore Mutual Funds -

The Directors of the following mutual fund corporations, advised by the Managers, have recommenced dealing in the following offshore mutual funds:

Thornton European Opportunities Thornton Philippines Redevelopment

Thornton Golden Opportunities

Thornton Kangaroo

Thornton Pacific Technology

Thornton Japan *Not authorised in Hong Kong

26th October 1987

This announcement appears as a matter of record only,

U.S. \$100,000,000 **& National Westminster**

Finance B.V.

(Incorporated in The Netherlands with limited liability)

Guaranteed Floating Rate Capital Notes 1992

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given, that for the six months interest Period from October 27, 1987 to April 27,1988 the Notes will carry an interest Rate of 7%% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, April 27,



October 27, 1987

The Mediscus Group, Inc.

\$35,000,000

By: The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. London, Agent Bank

Subordinated Debentures due 1997 with Warrants

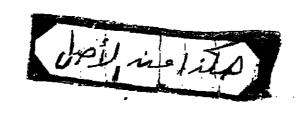
1,177,170 Shares of Common Stock

The undersigned arranged the private placement of these securities.

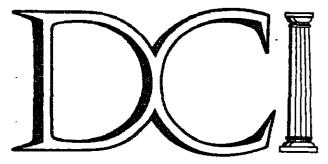
Prudential-Bache Capital Funding

County NatWest Limited

October 1987



This announcement appears as a matter of record only.



Diamandis Communications Inc.

has acquired all of the assets of the

CBS Magazine Division

for

\$650,000,000

The undersigned initiated and assisted in negotiating this transaction, structured the financing, and purchased a combination of all of the senior and subordinated notes and, together with management, substantially all of the equity necessary to complete the acquisition.

Prudential Capital Corporation

(Formerly PruCapital, Inc.)

Prudential-Bache Capital Funding

October 1987

S&N wins Matt Brown bid battle

But Mr Clegg warned yester-day that the latest purchases for Storehouse when its poten-

eries, brewing and hotels group, yesterday secured its £186m takeover of Matthew Brown and carried out its threat immediately to close the cash offer to shareholders of the Blackburn-

The bitterly-contested takeover battle was the first to be decided in Britain since last increased the attraction of cash offers like S&N's 750p bid. By calling last orders on the cash. S&N's latest attempt to buy Matthew Brown succeeded where a previous bid - using an unau-

offer unconditional after receiving acceptances sufficient day.

to take its total interest to more ther accepted the offer yester-mission.

The second, launched after fell 7p to 370p, 30p below ABF's monopolies clearance, ap-offer.

Mountleigh, the aggressive property company headed by Mr Tony Clegg, has increased its

and BhS chains, to just under 3

Mountleigh confirmed yester-day that it purchased just over 1.5m shares in Storehouse on Friday at prices ranging from

10p to 301p. This takes its total

interest in the retail combine to

Fairway, small supplier of business stationery to City insti-

come to the USM by way of a

atest offer.

Matthew Brown shares lost another 56p to 663p yesterday, 87p below the cash terms. S&N's three-for-one share offer, the only one now open for acceptance, is worth 609p after the Edinburgh-based group's

shares fell 12p to 203p.

As acceptances were still being counted last night, it appeared that an overwhelming proportion of shareholders had elected to take the underwritten cash offer. That option will not be open to Britannic Assurthorised extension of closing ance and Whitbread Invest-time-had failed.

S&N yesterday declared the of Matthew Brown, because nei-

"shouldn't be taken as any indi-

"We have been averaging down," he commented. "We are just watching how things are going." Despite yesterday's additional drop in the Storehouse share price - down 33p to 275p no further purchases had been

Last month, Mountleigh - after six weeks deliberation - decid-

Fairway flotation going ahead

Instead, the company had chosen to place more shares at

The interim dividend is raised to 1.2p (1p) and the direc-

made, he added.

Storehouse stake lifted

stake in Storehouse, the bid-beset retail group which takes in
the Habitat, Richards Shops
"We have been averaging

business stationery to City insti-tutions, yesterday valiantly market conditions had not been went ahead with its decision to allowed to cancel the flotation.

However, it did so only after a lower price, making them atting the planned price of the more attractive to investors and

enting the planned price of the shares on offer.

Mr Kenneth Bavin, finance director, said that preparations for the issue were so far ad-

Secs Trust Scotland asset rise

Net asset value per 25p share of Securities Trust of Seculand rose from 1123p to 153p over the year to end-September after deducting prior charges at par. After deducting prior charges at market will be a secured to be able to recommend a total distribution of the security of the securities of the securit

ducting prior charges at par. After the deducting prior charges at market value the figure im-

Scottish & Newcastle Brew- than 54 per cent. It owned 29.7 Brown, described the result as peared to have been narrowly ries, brewing and hotels group, per cent before launching the disappointing but noted that successful but was overturned disappointing but noted that two thirds of the non-S&N shareholders had not yet ac-cepted the offer. The Matthew Brown hoard would meet to consider whether now to recommend acceptance.

Matthew Brown brews Theakston and Old Peculier bitter and raise S&N's total to nearly 2.300. The bid was S&N's third effort to take over Matthew Brown since March 1985. The first was thwarted by a reference to the Monopolies and Mergers Com-

for Storehouse when its poten-tial bid terms of 445p a share were firmly rejected by the Sto-rehouse board. At the end of

September, however, the rela-tively tiny holding company, Benlox, unleashed a paper-only

offer for Storehouse - currently worth £1.1bn, or 269.5p a Store-

house share - saying it wished to "demerge" the retail group and offer investors shares in six new

operating companies, each to be separately-quoted, within the current Storehouse banner.

ancing the acquisition of new City headquarters. A distributor of business and

computer stationery to numerous financial institutions, Fair-

way has thrived on the back of Big Bang. In 1986, it made pre-tax profits of £441,000 on turn-over of £3.9m, compared to £161,000 in the previous year on

£161,000 in the previous year on £2.9m turnover.
For the present year, the company is forecasting pre-tax profits of £575,000 on turnover of £5.2m and intends to pay a net dividend of 2.5p per share.
Capel-Cure Myers, the stockbrokers handling the issue, reported yesterday that the entire

ported yesterday that the entire issue of 2.26m shares, or 28 per

cent of the company's enlarged equity had been placed without

undue difficulty with some 200

successful but was overturned by the Takeover Panel because S&N and Morgan Grenfell, its financial adviser, had bre convention by extending the bid to 5pm, rather than the usual

3.30pm, on the final day.

Despite having bought Nottingham-based Home Breweries Slalom lager, while S&N's since the last monopolies brands include Newcastle probe, S&N was sufficiently ger's. The 520 public houses gained in the acquisition will Brown offer even though the bid has not been cleared

The result and yesterday's renewed slide in share prices casts a shadow over S&W Berisford's defence against the £767m cash bid from Associated

TRNR informs holders of entitlement

TR Natural Resources. Touche Remnant investment trust, yesterday told shareholders who have accepted a cash bid from Platon, the Norweglan company, that they will be entitled to a payment of about 103p for each share held.

The figure is based on a Formula Asset Value of 110p on Oc-tober 17, the first closing date of the bid. Platou offered 94 per cent of FAV in its cash offer.

who have not already accepted the bid to continue ignoring Platou's paper offer which is equivalent to 95 per cent of FAV. The cash offer has been

Platou has received accep-tances from holders of about 53 per cent of shares, including its own, but intends to place anything it receives above 54 per cent. The trust's London listing

Amercoeur Energy

Amereoeur Energy.recently placed on the Third Market, re-vealed a return to profits in the six months to end-June 1987. The group reported taxable profits of £55,000 against a loss of £73,000, on turnover sharply increased from £26,000 to

Some executives involved in no accord of this kind can be binding for ever. The main sig-nificance of the agreement, they say, is that it reinforces the point that ICL could not remain in the group in its pres-ent form if Northern tried to increase its holding. Fujitsu would pull out of ICL if Northern became more aggressive, said one official.

Australian Inv lifts Wills stake

the company were bought at 185p per share, compared to AlC's outstanding general ef-ter for Wills of 190p per share, which was made at the request of the Wills board.

Northern Telecom to reduce STC stake

By Terry Dodsworth, industrial Editor

Northern Telecom, the Canadian telecommunications group which has just taken a 28 per cent stake in STC of the UK, has agreed to cut its holding to 24 per cent and not to buy more shares in the British company. The standstill arrange

concluded along with the share purchase three weeks ago, means that Northern would face considerable diffi-culties in trying to mount a cames in trying to mount a full bid for STC, the country's second largest electronics group. It will also put the Northern stake below the criti-cal 25 per cent mark at which it could block a special resolu-tion if it wanted to.

There has been some speculation in the City that Northern might make a move for the whole of STC at some point.
This would be a politically
contentious step because of
STC's ownership of ICL, the SIU's ownership of RCL, the country's largest computer manufacturer. But the key factor behind the standstill agreement was objections from Fujitsu, the Japanese electronics company which provides ICL with some of its most important resonancies.

According to Mr Edmund Fitzgerald, Northern's chair-man, the shareholding agreeman, the shareholding agree-ment was reached mainly be-cause the Japanese group was not happy with any deal that would have given Northern a stake in STC that was larger than the 24 per cent it bought from ITT, the US conglomer-

The Canadian group had bought 4 per cent of STC in the open market, he says, to put pressure on ITT in the negotiations over the sale of the ITT stake. "Our original intention was only to buy the 24 per cent. We have no objections to re-ducing our holding," he says.

Although Northern has been given some time to sell the shares, it faces a considerable potential loss on the invest-ment because of the collapse in the Stock Market since the acquisition. The 3.8 per cent which the company acquired in the open market cost it around £60m, but was worth just £48m yesterday, when the STC shares were trading at

For the year ended SeptemThe final rate indicated a miniber 30 1987 net income inmum payment of 2.4p for the
creased from £8.62m to £9.64m, current year, the directors-statafter tax £4.3m (£4.03m), for ed. STC directors, who took leading role in approaching Northern to buy the ITT holding, were also strongly in fa-your of an agreement which gives some guarantee for the company's future indepen-

Australian Investors Corpo-ration yesterday announced a further purchase of shares in the Wills Group, bringing its bolding in the financial serrices and import company to 9.5 per cent. The 50,000 extra shares in

Wills shares yesterday closed at 184p.

Courtaulds expands US paint interests via £83m purchase

Courtaulds, the textiles and chemicals group, is buying a rapidly growing US paints company for \$140m (£83m) in a deal which will double the North American sales of its Courtaulds Coatlings subsiders writer Low Homilton Fac. iary, writes Ian Hamilton Fa-

The company it is buying, Porter Paints, is based at Louisville, Kentucky, and specialises in protective coatings and architectural paints. Its products are seen as comple-mentary to those of Courtaulds Coatings, which trades worldwide as International Paint and is the world leader in ma-

IP contributed £356m of

Courtaulds' £2bn group sales last year. Porter's turnover was \$120m (£75m) in the same period.

The deal means North America will now account for about a third of Courtaulds' paint sales and the company will rank about 15th in the North American palatmakers league

IP ranks tenth by volume in the world paintmaking league, which Imperial Chemical In-dustries leads.

It has been selling some less profitable businesses, such as its Birmingham car paints business two years ago to PPG, the US paint group, to concen-trate on higher value-added niches within them.

IP is world leader in marine paints with 35 to 40 per cent of the market. It is also one of the world's three market leaders in powder ceatings for indus-try in which paint comes in powder form containing only resin and pigment and is sprayed outo metal goods, 26bering electrostatically before being cured by heating.

The attraction of Porter was a complementary range of pro-tective coatings, particularly for concrete, and a highly prof-Itable chain of trade paint centres servicing professional decorators throughout the mid-western and southern

Ian Hamilton Fazey on the bid for Porter Paints

An even coating worldwide

THE LATEST large acquisition putting IP technology into Por-in the world paint industry has ter will enable the US manage-seen Courtaulds Coatings bid-ment to market coatings such as seen Courtaulds Coatings bidment to market coatings such as ding \$140m (£33m) for Porter IP's for lining tanks. Porter Paints of Louisville, Kentucky, should also be able to exploit a rapidly growing business IP's mixing technology.
where sales have been increasing at an annual II per cent for technology and market share

by a small group of private in-vestors and members of its side steel works and the like. founding family.

Courtaulds - which trades in

on Friday to be certain of con-trol and announced the acquisi-

decorative paint business, Por- gy for a particular type of induster has complementary prod- trial coating can thus expect to

British Assets nav at 107.5p

Over the year ended September earnings of 2.46p (2.2p).

30 1987 net asset value at British

Assets Trust rose from 77.5p to

four years.

Porter, which has been discoatings. These are used to playing pre-tax profits growth paint ships and yachts and has of 24 per cent a year, was owned developed for oil rigs, water-

Technology enabled IP to keep growing in marine mar-kets, despite the decline in the industry as International kets, despite the decline in Paint - had enough acceptances world shipping, because it in creased market share against competitors, many of whom

tion and announced the acquisition yesterday.

The purchase doubles IP's sales in the US and strengthens it in key markets, such as the high technology coatings which protect steel from hostile environments. Apart from a thriving pany that controls the technology products for specific markets. A paint components that it having pany that controls the technology products for any time to product the same part for a particular type of indusucts, especially for painting dominate the market for it concrete.

Mr Michael Pragnell, IP's This has led to widespread managing director, says that buying and selling of paint com-

The final quarterly dividend

is 0.6p for a total of 2.35p (2.05p). The final rate indicated a mini-

panies - or parts of their techno-logical portfolios - in the last four years. The idea is to build up technical and geographical strengths and dispose of weak

IP decided to specialise in marine and protective coafings and to dash for leadership in powder paints, a coming mar-ket.

The Porter purchase also gives IP an even worldwide spread throughout the three main regional markets of North

America, Europe and the rest of the world. IP manufactures in 22 countries, employing 5,000 people. Its US plants, in Union City. New Jersey and Houston, employ 400. Porter has two factories in Louisville, 117 company. owned stores for professional decorators throughout the mid-

west and south, and employs about 1,000 people. More important to IP, however, is Porter's financial performance. It made profits of \$9.2m on sales of \$104.5m in 1986. Sales forecasts for the current year are \$120m. This profit to sales

ratio of 8.8 per cent contrasts fa-vourably with IP's £2lm on £356m sales - at 5.9 per cent still among the better in the paint industry.
Mr Pragnell stressed that improving the quality of financial performance was more important than achieving volume on its own. This involves leading in

specialised markets with high technology coatings or superior

service so that better prices can

improve profitability.

RICHARDS BUTLER announces the opening of an office in TOKYO by its partner Roger Billis The Billis Law Office Sunbridge Ogawamachi Building 2-3 Kanda-Ogawamachi 2-chome, Chiyoda-Ku Tokyo 101, Japan Telephone (03) 292 25001/4 Telex 133232 RBLAW Fax (03) 292 2506 OCTOBER 1987

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ASSET & PROJECT FINANCE . MERGER & COMPETITION LAW

THAILAND

INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES IN AGRO-BASED INDUSTRIES INVESTORS' FORUM, BANGKOK, 19-12 NOVEMBER 1987

45 investment projects sponsored by private industrial firms in Thailand will be discussed at the UNIDO Investors' Forum at the Asia Hotel from 10-12 November 1987. The products covered include canned tropical fruits, fruit juices, cashew nuts, sesame oil, soya bean meal, frozen shrimps, cocoa butter, Sorbitol and modified starch from cassava, frozen chicken dinners, animal feed additives, protein concentrate, furniture, latex and rubber products, herbal medicines.

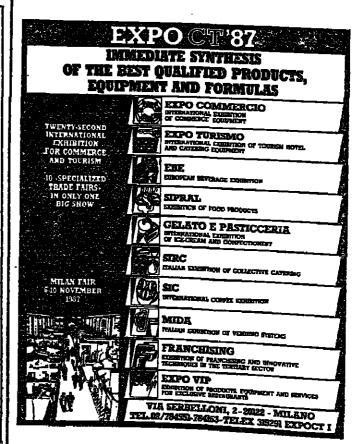
Individual business meetings between each Thai sponsor and potential foreign partners will be arranged at the Forum. There will be a continuing follow-up programme of promotion. For details Project Profiles and information on the Investors Forum please contact:

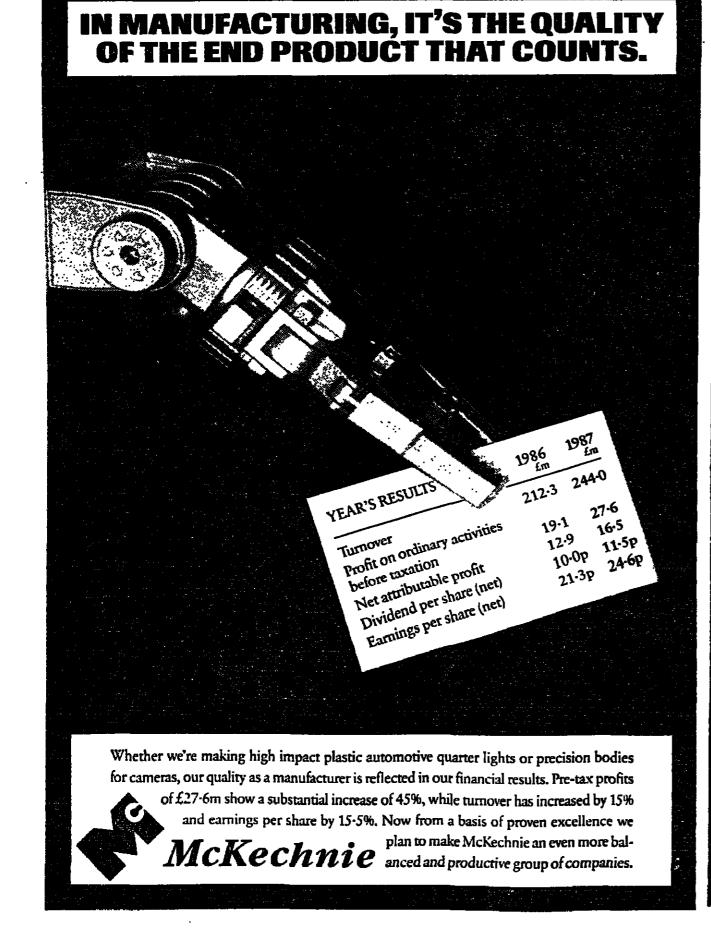
United Nations Industrial Development Organisation Industrial Investment Division

P.O. Box 300. A-1400 Vienna Tel: 2631/5015 or 4812 Telex: 135612 Fax: 232 156

Thailand Management Development and Productivity Centre Ministry of Industry Rama 6 Read Bangkok 19409

Thailand Tel: 245 7989 Telex: 26562 DEPIPRO TH Fax: 66-2-245 7989





UK COMPANY NEWS

Lucas hits £115m: restructure over

Lucas Industries, the motor and aerospace components group, yesterday reported a 20 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to £114.5m for the year to July and said its period of major restructuring was over.
The group has been rational-

ising its activities since the beginning of the 1980s in an at-tempt to eliminate severe losses

in its core motor component operations.

Yesterday Lucas said the UK component operations had recorded their first trading profit lems, he said yesterday.

Mr Gill could not rule out the possibility of redundancies in the continuing operations because of the continuing operations because of the continuing operations.

corded their first trading profit for many years in the period just ended. The elimination of losses in this division was a major contributor to group profits growth during the year.

Closures and disposals in the division produced an extraordinary debit of £44.5m following the previous year's £46.3m. But group chairman Mr Tony Gill said he did not expect any further provisions on this scale. We have resolved or are near to resolving all our major prob
Mr Gill could not rule out the possibility of redundancies in the continuing operations because from £19.8m to £22.8m. With reorganisation and redundancy costs in the continuing operations taking £17.1m compared with £15.3m last time, did become necessary, they from £95.2m to £114.5m. Fully diluted earnings rose from £39 to 61.1p and a final dividend of making 16p (13p) for the year.

In addition to loss elimination of the continuing operations because the pensions holiday which it has been enjoying for compared with £15.2m last time, the group pre-tax figure rose from £39 to 61.1p and a final dividend of making 16p (13p) for the year.

In addition to loss elimination of the continuing operations taking £17.1m to £148.6m, related to the continuing operations taking £17.1m to £141.5m. Fully diluted earnings rose from £39 to 61.1p and a final dividend of making 16p (13p) for the year.

In addition to loss elimination of the continuing operations taking £17.1m to £148.6m, related to the continuing operations taking £17.1m to £148.5m. Fully diluted earnings rose from £39 to 61.1p and a final dividend of making 16p (13p) for the year.

In addition to loss elimination in the UK motor components division, other major continued to benefit from the pensions holiday which it has been enjoying for the pensions holiday with the agreement of the continuing operations taking £17.1m to £145.5m. Fully diluted earnings rose from £39 to 61.1p and a final dividend of making 16p (13p) for the year.

In addition to loss elimination in the UK motor components dividend of the continu

SALES AND PROFITS BREAKDOWN profits £m 329.9 1224.5 161.2 36.8 68.2 9.5 Industrial 1145

(£3m) and net interest payable

tributors to profits growth were the Lucas CAV diesel fuel injec-tion operations in France and spain, and the Lucas Girling companies making braking systems in West Germany. France and Spain.

Acquisitions in the aerospace division made an initial contri-

bution of £4.2m to profits before financing costs. Lucas said it in-tended to continue building up the aerospace and industrial di-visions by development and ac-quisition to provide a better balance between the group's three operating arms.

Forming one of the rare bright spots in yesterday's continued market plunge, Irish Distillers shares jumped 25p to 220p on news that FII Pyffes, the Dublin-based fruit and vegetable merchant, has acquired a 5.3

per cent holding in the compa

A further 14.7 per cent interest is held by Development Capital Corporation, financial advisers to FII Fyffes.

Distillers By Nildd Talt

Underwoods profit unchanged FII Fyffes takes stake in Irish

"Summer products were par-ticularly badly affected, the

Foward Groupsint French Connectsint Grand Centralint Intl City Hidgs ...

yeorp Trustfin r-Walkerint e and Income .int

1.2 1 2.75 2.7 0.63

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION U.S. \$10,000,000 THE FUJI BANK, LIMITED

Callable Negotiable Floating Rate Dollar Certificates of Deposit Due 20th December 1988 NOTICE is hereby given that, in accordance with Clause 3 of

the cerificates, the issuer will exercise the Call Option and redeem all the outstanding Cerificates at their principal amount on 18th December, 1987 when interest on the

Repayment of principal together with accrued interest will

be made upon presentation of the Certificates at the London

FUJI INTERNATIONAL FINANCE LIMITED, LONDON

Agent Bank

offices of the Issuer on 18th December, 1987.

Certificates will cease to accrue.

1.75

urbs.
The financial year began with

0.6

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

An unchanged interim dividend of 1p was declared.

•comment

their full year forecasts. The company appears to have tried to expand too quickly, thereby boosting borrowings and interest payments, while overestimating results from the new out-of-London stores. These sites generate just £228 sales per sq ft, compared to £339 in London, and replicas of the London stores have not been a success outside the capital - the out-of-London consumer is more interested in the basic chemist and toiletries range than the peripheral fashion accessories and electrical goods. The problem is, the company has based its growth plans on the idea of a nationwide chain (Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated. *Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. †On capital increased by rights and/of acquisition issues. ‡USM stock. ‡Unquoted stock. ØThird market. has based its growth plans on the idea of a nationwide chain (there are \$7 central London, eight London suburhan and nine out-of-London sites now), and its growth opportunities are fairly limited if it is seen just as a central London retailer. The shares closed 14p down yesterday at 145p. Assuming pre-tax profits for the full year of about £3m, that puts them on a prospective p/e of 18.5, too expensive given the prospects at

民民居民

Underwoods, the multiple retail chemist, yesterday reported flat pre-tax profits of £1.01m for the six months to July 31 1987, virtually unchanged on £1m for the same period last year.

The figures were a disappointment," Mr Brian Kerner, managing director, admitted, blaming the weather and the high cost of opening new branches. Though the first quarter was very good, sales from May to July were hit by the bad weather.

Summer products were par
drop in holiday snaps, for example, helping photographic sales area. With the nine new openings, and three closures, the year end total will be 54 stores with a net sales area of 181,000 sq ft. In addition, the company is just completing a £1m refurbishing of 16 stores.

We had been hoping for volume growth of 6 to 7 per cent for the first half, said Mr Kerner. But it reached just 4 per cent. The 11 stores opened in 1936 and three in the London sub-its this time, but are expected to come through in the second.

We had been hoping for vol-ume growth of 6 to 7 per cent for the first half, said Mr Kerner. But it reached just 4 per cent. The 11 stores opened in 1986 made a nil contribution to prof-its this time, but are expected to come through in the second

Turnover this time rose 27 per cent to £26.08m, compared with £20.56m. After interest payments of £163,000 (credit £50,000) and tax of £304,000 (£272,000), earnings per share slipped to 2.6p, against 2.7p.

Yesterday's figures were even worse on second glance, once the £250,000 property profits were stripped out, and City ana-lysts were rapidly lowering their full year forecasts. The

Airtours warns of profits shortfall

Airtours, the package tour operator, warned yesterday that 'exceptional market conditions' had severely dented pre-tax profits for the year ended last month.

It is expected to have made

It is expected to have made about £2m, against the £3.25m it predicted when it joined the stock market last March. Mr David Crossland, chair-man, blamed more than balf of

the profits shortfall on the air traffic controllers' strike this summer in Barcelona and tersummer in Barcelona and ter-rorism in Tunisia. These fac-tors led to empty seats and low-er-than-expected margins. Airtours' problems were compounded by over-capacity, particularly in Manchester, from which most of the compa-try dights of The articles.

nos which must to the company's flights go. The price-cut-ting war among operators was the most serious in 20 years, said Mr Crossland, and overca-pacity had surprisingly contin-

pacity had surprisingly contin-ued into the high season.

The company has planned next year's tour operations and flight programme to avoid a repetition. Its cash position is 'bealthy' with about £5m in hand. The board is recom-mending the 2.7p net final div-idend indicated at the time of the flotation.

Mr Crossland and fellow director Mr Tom Trickett are to waive their dividend entitlements to save the company about £238,000. They will also immediately exercise part of their warrant entitlement under a scheme, announced yesterday, even though the exercise price of 200p is nearly twice yesterday's closing share price of 165p, down 43p.

The issue will be made on the basis of one warrant for every 10 shares held in the company. Other shareholders will be able to exercise over a period of several years.

Airtours' programme for

With the Republic of Ireland enjoying the October holiday yesterday, neither FII nor Irish Distillers were available for comment. However, Irish Distillers - which produces Jameson, Bushmills and Black Bush whiskies as well as vodka, gin and white rum - saw one longtime shareholder, Seagram, depart last June with the placing of of several years.

Airtours' programme for next year will involve a cubback of 5 per cent in its Manchester capacity. It will, however, increase flights from Stansted to the Caribbean and the Mediterranean, on which margins are relatively high. part last June with the placing of its 13.8 per cent stake amongst friendly institutions.

Witwatersrand Nigel Limited

issued share capital: 15 337 407 shares of 25 cents each

90 September 1987 113 000 2.56	0 June 30 June 1967 112 000	anders 31 December 1986
1927	112 000	1986
		45.000
2 56		454 000
	2.37	2,57
289	265	1 167
77,82	69,17	69,09
81,74	77,15	74,70
(3,92)	(7,98)	(5,5)
30 360	29 267	26,880
31913	32 607	29 060
(1 553)	(3.340)	(2 180)
8'000	B:000	8:000
8 780	7 747	31 369
9 223	8641	33 915
(443)	(894)	(2546)
96	54	103
(347)	(840)	(2 348)
11	27	625
(358)	(867)	(2813)
358	797	3 990
- Ril	1701	1017
257	166	422
	77,82 81,74 (3,92) 30 360 31 913 (1 553) 8'000 8 780 9 223 (443) 96 (347) 11 (358) 358	77,82 69,17 81,74 77,15 (3,92) (7,98) 30 360 29 267 31 913 32 607 (1 553) (3 340) 8'000 R'000 8 780 7 747 9 223 8 641 (443) (694) 96 54 (347) (840) 11 27 (358) (867) 358 797

- The increased development rate is opening up higher grade reserves resulting in higher ore grade being produced. This will continue in the present quarter as development is accelerated
- 2 To undertake the necessary development and to restore the various production facilities to acceptable levels of efficiency, capital expenditure in the current quarter is planned to increase to R2.5 million

has completed the purchase of

Allied Steel and Wire Limited

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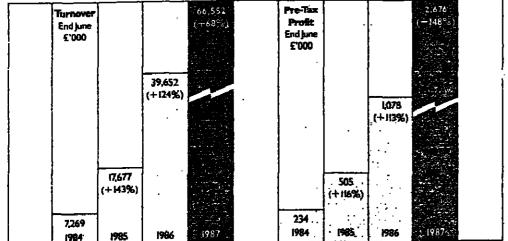
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Lead Managers Bank of Scotland Creditanstalt-Bankverein Lioyds Bank Pic National Westminster Bank PLC

The Bank of New York Kansallis Banking Group Den Danske Bank The Bank of Nova Scotia Charterhouse Bank Limited Bank of Wales PLC

October 1987

LVMH

MOËT HENNESSY . LOUIS VUITTON

INITIAL LISTING ON OCTOBER 23, 1987

Following the merger on September 2, 1987, of Moët Hennessy and Louis Vuitton, the LVMH Moët Hennessy Louis Vuitton share will start trading on the Paris Bourse monthly settlement market (reglement mensuel) on October 23, 1987, under the symbol:

LVMH

Moet Hennessy being the merger's surviving entity, the LVMH shares will

succeed to Moët Hennessy's listing.

From October 23 on, all Louis Vuitton shares should be tendered for exchange at a ratio of two Louis Vuitron shares for each LVMH share. The Louis Vuitton shares will continue to be listed on the Paris Bourse during a transition period, trading on the cash settlement market (marché au comptant) instead of the monthly settlement market.

The convertible bonds issued by Moët Hennessy and Louis Vuitton will become LVMH securities convertible into LVMH shares taking into account necessary parity adjustments.

The warrants attached to Moet Hennessy's bond with warrants issue will

In the United States, LVMH American Depositary shares will trade on the NASDAQ National Market System, under the symbol "LVMHY", beginning October 23, 1987.

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McKechnie tops City forecasts with £27.6m

BY STEVEN BUTLER

McKechnie, the engineering and plastics group, yesterday reported a 45 per cent increase in pre-tax profits to £27.6m, the acquisition for £8.85m of Anson Plastics, which makes thermoplastic tubing and high pressure hose, and the disposal of its 49.9 per cent holding in Macdem of South Africa for R20m.

Consumer pro The results topped city expec-tations and McKechnie shares

yesterday were off 13p,at 312p.
Sales increased by 14.9 per cent to £244m, while earnings per share moved ahead 15.5 per cent to 24.6p. Dr Jim Brown, chairman, said the underlying. chairman, said the underlying rate of earning's growth for the year was 28 per cent, with earnings boosted in the previous year write-offs against the tax charge. The full-year dividend came to 11.5p, up from 10.0p.

The improved results, about half attributed to acquisitions, showed across the divisions of the group whilenlastics and

the group, whileplastics and specialist products showed the

astest expansion. Profits in the metals division moved up from £8.09m to £12.06m. The previous year's re-sults were hit by rationalisation

Girobank

Girobank plc announces that with

effect from close of business Monday October 26 1987

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agreements) with a rate of

be varied accordingly

interest linked to Base Rate will

Girobank plc 10 Milk Street LONDON ECZV 8JH

Base Rate

Plastics, which has been the rastics, which has been the subject of much acquisition activity, also moved well ahead from £4.72m to £6.15m. Dr Jim Butler, chairman, said plastics

were expected to continue pro-viding a source of strong growth corume company.

Consumer products profits finished with a 25 per cent improvement to 27.43m, while profits in specialist products nearly doubled from £1.59m to \$2.24-

Although borrowing was up, gearing had dropped to 28 percent from a high of 35 percent earlier in the year. Dr Butler said the group's cash flow and strong financial position would allow it to continue its acquisition programme, which was expected to account for about half of the group's future growth.

The consideration for Anson is to be satisfied by the issue of 25.5m of unsecured loan stock, Although borrowing was up,

499,430 of new ordinary shares, and £1.6m in cash.

comment

McKechnie had a nice surprise for investors yesterday, owing to an unexpectedly strong second half performance, and this bodes well for the current year. The group is in excellent financial health and can rely on its own strong each flow to provide further expansion. The group has only limited exposure in the US, and a fall in the US dollar or a slowdown in the US dollar or a slowdown in the US dollar or a slowdown in the US and is considering whether to take advantage. McKechnie had a nice surexposure in the US, and a fall in the US dollar or a slowdown in the use of the recent plunge in the stock market to do so through acquisibly cheaper. Forecasts for the current year of £32m, likely to stand except in a severe recession, put the shares on a prospective multiple of 10.9. That would appear to be as safe an investment as any in today's market.

Overseas Strategic has 6.2% stake in Whessoe

Whessee, the troubled engineering group, has fallen prey to Antipodean stake-building, with Overseas Strategic Investments yesterday declaring a 6.2 ment and monitoring systems.

The OIS stake, just over 1.1m shares, has been built up through a nominee name over the past two to three months, according to Whessoe's chief executive, Mr Bill Smart. However, Mr Smart added that there has been no contact with OSI, beyond the formal notification.

Overseas Strategic Investigation orders having considerable impact - has seen minimal profits advance between 1981 and 1986.

In the year to end-September 1981, it made £4.55m before tax and in 1985/86, £4.75m; the highest figure between those years was £6.88m in 1982/3. In the half year to end-March 1987, the Overseas Strategic Investments is based in Hong Kong and a subsidiary of Proberush which is itself a wholly-owned subsidiary of Overseas Strategic Holdings. However, ultimate ownership is believed to trace back to Melbourne-based entrepreneur, Mr Dick Pratt, whose operations span pages packets.

ing and financial services with additional banking and investment interests in the US and Hong Kong.

In recent months OSI has emerged with declarable holdings in Redfearn National Glass, Office and Electronic Machine and health with the Company of the Company chines and has built up a 12 per

operations span paper, packag-ing and financial services with

per cent interest in the compa-nanufacture -with power sta-tion orders having considerable

was 21.58m in 19523. In the half year to end-March 1967, the company tumbled into the red, reporting a £5.36m loss before tax - blamed on the shortage of work at adequate margins on the heavy engineering and pipework sides.

Yesterday, however, the Antipodean interest failed to prevent a further 7p drop in the share price to 93p.

Investors Capital

Forward up

at midterm

40% to £0.6m

hi-tech electronic printed cir-cuits which came to the USM last February, continued the profits growth shown in May's preliminary statement.

Pre-tax profits for the six months to end-July 1987 came out some 40 per cent higher at, £588,000 against £420,000 for the comparable period. After tax of £212,000 (£164,000), earnings per 5n shere prose to 5 2n (3.70)

Efforts to bring the facility at Rugby up to the group's existing production levels had resulted in the anticipated reduction in

margins. In line with February's pro

spectus, the interim divid 0.8p per share.

Net asset value per 25p share at Investors Capital Trast rose from 311.9p to 489.44p in the year to September 30 1967. The total dividend is increased to cent interest in property investment, building and civil engineering company, Rush & total dividend is increased to 12.7p net, from the 7.40 of the previous nine months. T

Marley in £6m disposal

Markey, the building materials by \$3.1m in debentures repay-company, has sold W G McMa-able over five years and \$2m of hon, its Canadian flooring dis-preference shares. The balance (66.2m) in a management buy-out led by the current president of the business, Mr Ken Suther-land. freehold trading properties, which are to be separately sold

The sale price reflects the net W G McMahon made pre-tax book value of the business and profits of \$1.5m on turnover of assets at September 30, but is subject to adjustment on re-celpt of audited accounts. The buy-out is to be financed some \$63m in the year to Sep-tember 30. Marley group pre-tax profits were up 39 per cent last year to £34.16m.

Comac profit doubled in first half

Contae Group, a specialist in the provision of computer person-nel and a member of the Third Market since June, increased its first half profits from £22,072 to £54,502 pre-tax.

The directors remained confident that the growth potential seen in the contract computer personnel market generally, together with existing opportunities to expand the company's client base for future prosperity.

Turnover for the half year to end June rose from £1.71m to £2.66m. Earnings per 5p share totalled 3.34p (1.31p). There is no interim dividend but as promised in the prospectus a final of 1.2p is expected to be recommended. The directors remained confi-£212,000 (£164,000), earnings per 5p ahare rose to 5.2p (3.7p). Mr Ray Chamberlain, chairman, stated that the increase inturnover,up from £1.46m to £2.77m, was attributable to additional production capacity made available by the acquisition last November of a factory in Rugby.

Tax accounted for £19,88 (£9,004) leaving attributable profits at £34,618 (£13,068).

Share Stakes

The following changes in shares stakes were reported during the past week:

Atlantic Computers - Mr S.P.Mason, director, sold 25,000 shares at 583p on October 20 and a further 25,000 on October

Harrison, chairman, sold 100,000 shares at 230p on Octo-Memory Computer - Mr Aidan McKenna and Mr Pearse Mee, directors, bought 100,000 shares at prices from 35p to 37p on Oc-

Thurgar Bardex - On October 21 Mr C.O.Nye bought 50,000 shares at 90p through Starling Investments of which he and his father are the sole directors. Mr Nye holds 1,250 shares benefi-cially and 3.82m through Star-

CALA - Mr Anthony J. Kelley, director, has acquired 10,000 at 115p and holds 410,000 shares (14 per cent). Mr Michael J. Whittles, director, acquired 15,000 shares and holds 171,900

French Connection poised for growth as profits doubled

French Connection, USM-quoted fashion group, announced that pre-tax profits had doubted to £2.5m in the first half of the financial year reflecting the continued recovery of its operations in the UK and the

from its lackiustre performance in the first half last year, when the business suffered from dis-mal weather and the burden of an expensive advertising cam-

an expensive automatical paign.
Mr Marks said that the Nicole Farhi shops had fared especially well. The first European shop has just opened as a franchised unit in Finland. The Western Group chain, acquired a year ago, improved its performance. The group is considering plans for its development.

for its development.

The reorganisation of Best Of All Clothing in the US is complete and the business, in which French Connection has a 50 per

cent holding, produced pre-tax profits of £750,000.

For a company like French Connection, which has borne the wrath of the stock market so the wrath of the stock market so often when delivering unpleasant surprises in the past, it must be particularly galling to "waste" such good results on so unsympathetic a climate. In a more orderly market these results would have been greeted with a rise in the share price. But the market was anything but orderly yesterday and French Connection's shares, which had recovered some mo-

which had recovered some momentum until last week's tumble, fell further. The business is, however, in much better shape. Nicole Farhi is coming to fruition and the restructuring of both Best Of All Clothing and Bukta has been completed. The City expects profits of 25m or so and a prospective pie of 8½ for the present year. But French Connection has dealt so many unpleasant surprises in the past that, even in an orderly market, the City would want further proof of recovery before considering a re-rating.

Grand Central Profits before tax of Grand Cen-tral Investment Heldings, a food production and distribution company, rose from £143,008 to £358,000 over the first six months of 1997.

Interim dividend is lifted to 22 to 25 to 25

BOARD MEETINGS

0.3p (0.25p).

sidering dividen

TOP SKIING yold'isère - Tignes - Val Thorens Ex Plugne - Les 2 Alses - Alpe d'Huez -AUSTEIA Kitzbühal-Schladminge Obergurgi • Sölden Zallam See Kaprun • Mayrbofen · Söll · Westendorf · AND MANY MORE

		•-			Gross '	Vield
High	Low	Company	Price	Change		
206	133	Ass. Brit. Ind. Ordinary	200		7.3	
206	145	Ass. Brit. Ind. CULS	200		10.0	5.0
41	30	Armitage & Rhodes	30	_	4.2	14.0 4.2
142	67	SBB Design Group (USM)	75=£	-8	2.1	27 120
188		Bardon Group		-2	2.7	2.5 30.8
186	95	Bray Technologies	178m)	-2	4.7	26 14.3
261		CCL Group Ordinary		-	11.5	
147		CCL Group 11% Conv. Pref		_	15.7	
372		. Carborandum Ordinary		_	5.4	3.2 14.6
102		Carborundum 7.5% Pref		_	10.7	
180		George Blair		-2	3.7	22 44
143		Isis Group		_		
102		Jackson Group		-2	3.4	3.4 11.0
780		Multihouse NV (AmstSE)		-10		- 17.3
-88		Record Holdings (SE)		-	0.1	- 17.8
110		Record Hidgs_IOpcPf.(SE)			14.1	12.8
91				-4		- 2.6
124		Scruttors		_	5.5	4.4 4.9
224	141	Torday & Carlisle	220	_	6.6	3.0 10.7
42	32	Trevian Holdings	42suss	_	0.8	1.8 3.9
131	73	Unitock Holdings (SE)	75ml	-5	2.8	3.7 13.8
264	200	Walter Alexander (SE)	205m	-20	5.9	29 152
201		W. S. Yeates		_	17.4	8.7 20.0
175	36	West Yorks. Ind. Hosp. (USM)	156	-4	5.5	35 16.6
Secu	rities	designated (SE) and (USM) are	e dealt in	Subject	to the	
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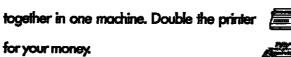
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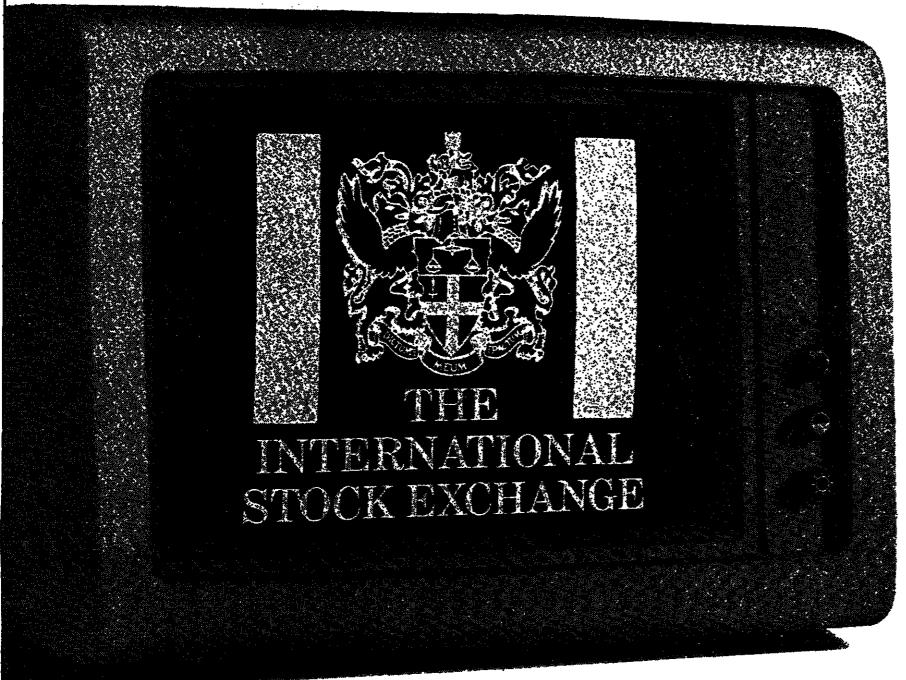
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UK COMPANY NEWS

International City 22% growth to £17.26m

The comparative figures have been adjusted to reflect the merger with Charles Fulton (Asia) which took place last De-

Leading the way was an increase from £1.24m to £6.61m in securities broking operations. Money and futures broking slipped to £10.6m from £11.96m but the financial and technical services contribution rose by £560,000 to £1.94m.

2588,000 to £1.94m.
Turnover for the year to endJuly was £115.8m (£69.43m).
Earnings per 25p ordinary
emerged at 24p (25.8p) fully diluted. The total dividend is
maintained at 9p with a proposed final personent of 60 posed final payment of 6p.

The directors said in the UK

Chelsea Artisans, which joined the Third Market at the

end of May and which claims to be Europe's largest indepen-dent specialist developer, man-ufacturer and installer of mir-

ror products, got away to a good start with pre-tax profits for the six months ended June up from £9,000 to £88,000 on turnover

which was up 86 per cent fro £468,000 to£870,0000

Mr Roger Leach, chairman said the substantial improve ment was due to a judicious combination of factors especial

ly tighter focusing of marketing efforts which secured the con-siderable increase in sales, and

the greater, more efficient pro-ductive capability at the Her-sham factory as production

Mr Leach said the order book

was, as expected, strong for the remainder of the year. Indica-tions were that profit margins on this business would hold up

well He remained confider

that the full year forecasts an nounced in the prospectus - turnover in excess of £1.8m and pre-tax profits of not less than £195,000 - would be met.

Usher-Walker, the London man ufacturer of printing inks and rollers, increased its pre-tax profits from £325,000 to £507,000

1987. The interim dividend is raised from 2.45p to 2.7p - last year's total was 8.05p net from pre-tax profits of £705,060.

The directors said the improved result came from increased sales volumes - turnover climbed from £5.54m to

£9.96m - particularly to newspa-pers, and the slight improvem-nent in margins which began in

Good start for Chelsea

Artisans

PROFITS of International City
Holdings moved ahead strongly
in 1986-87 rising to £17.26m pretax, an improvement of 22 per
cent over the previous year's
£14.19m.

The Financial Services Act is introducing a new system of regulation which will affect the
group in many ways. Probably
the most important single effect
now that all the most important single effect
the remarkable of the previous property of the most important single effect
the remarkable of the previous property of the most important single effect
the remarkable of the previous property of the previ operate within four new sets of regulations, is the need for ded-icated capital, based on the company's level of business ac-

> As the company becomes more successful, they will be re-quiring increasing amounts of capital. Although not at risk, this one item will tie up substantial amounts of the group's resources. Currently over £30m of capital is dedicated throughtout ICH and this is likely to in-crease substantially when the new legislation comes fully into

ICH's shares have fallen by more than 100p since the mar-ket maeistrom began and now stand at a 20p discount to the price at which the shares were first offered to investors in November 1985. Into this rapid derating, only one thing can be read: present market conditions have stripped out all the froth

associated with takeover speculation. The difficulty for ICH is that without a capital injection of some kind, it is going to find it difficult to meet the capital adequacy requirements cur-rently being mulled over by the rently being mulled over by the authorities. A rights issue is of course out of the question, and further borrowings would further weaken the balance sheet. Only the historic yield of 7 percent - on an unchanged dividend - can possibly be considered attractive and the prospect for the shares remains lugubrious

nostly in southern England, a few of which have begun to hire power tools to the DIY market as well as larger construction

as well as larger construction equipment.

The buy-out was led by Mr Bob Drinkwater, managing director, and Mr Fred Chapman, finance director, but 11 regional and depot managers have also subscribed for ordinary shares, the ultimate value of which is performance-linked.

The disposal proceeds, which

The disposal proceeds which include the sale of freehold property and repayment of intra-group borrowing - will be

used to concentrate the group's resources on property and con-tracting, Tlibury said.

comment Down 18p yesterday to 170p, ous.

Tilbury sells plant hire operation to management

Tilbury Group, the contracting dinary and preference shares. and property company, yester In 1986, Tilbury Plant (part of day sold its plant hire operation the West's Group International to the unit's management for subsidiary) achieved pre-tax profits of 2316,000 on external

Management of Tilbury Plant. turnover of more than £3m. At the end of the year, it had net liabilities of £716,000. It operates from nine depots, management of filoury Plant, which will retain its name at least initially, suggested the buy-out after learning that another quoted company had approached the parent company with and offer to acquire the operation.

It was advised by County NatWest Ventures, which co-un-derwrote the buy-out with Security Pacific Hoare Govett Equity Ventures. Five other venture capital institutions have also subscribed for a mixture of or-

Anglo Leasing

Anglo Lessing, the leasing subsidiary of J Rothschild which was floated on the stock market earlier this month, announced a 21 per cent increase in pre-tax profits to £256m for the half year to end-September, compared with £2.11m.

The directors are paying an interim dividend of lp.

Intl Colour flotation is postponed

Yet another proposed new issue dramatic downturn in the Lon-

International Colour Manage-ment, a company which pro-duces colour identification and measurement equipment, has decided to postpone its planned

the second half last year. Stated earnings per 10p share in the opening half improved from 8.36p to 14.1p. Dwyer back in the black

year thority Investments.

Total income rose from £109,047 to £3.65m and the operating profit amounted to £1.27m

(£3,404). Tax took £279,450 nounced by Mr Bloom, satisfied (£3,952) leaving earnings per share of £.46p (3.19p loss).

Auto Products first half pick-up

Antemotive Products, a sub-sidiary of BBA Group, had a much better experience in the first half of 1987, compared with the second six months of the previous year, turning in a profit of £8.7m.

In the first half of 1986 the company made £3.9m. But by the year end that had turned into a loss of £7.4m, including ex-ceptional costs of £10.5m.

The directors said after a slow start the UK motor industry picked up well.

Turnover in the six months mounted to £142.1m (£144.4m).

Dwyer, Dublin-based property investment and dealing company, reported pre-tax profits of errors, 306 for the year ended September 30 compared with a loss ther opportunities. Earlier in the previous year. A return to the dividend pany acquired a portfolio of list is promised for the current year.

Owners Abroad in £0.5m purchase

Owners Abread, the tour oper-ator and airly 76 per cent of Top Hat Tours, which trades as Mar-tyn Holidays, from Mr Martyn Harrison for £500,000, payable by a loan note redeemable in 1991.

Martyn Holidays specialises in inclusive tour holidays to the Algarve, and sold 100,000 helidays in the year ending October 31, the bulk of which were to pornual The Portugal. The company made pre-tax profits of £189,225 on turnover of £9m in 1986. Mr Martyn Harrison, who

formed the company in 1983, will continue to be responsible for its day-to-day management.
The company will also receive loans amounting to £185,000 from Owners Abroad. Owners has an option to a

of Martyn's equity for a cash sum in 1991 which will be linked to pre-tax profits for the three years ending October 31, 1990, but will not exceed £1.5m.

Jefferson Smurfit

In the third quarter ended September 30 Jefferson Smurfit Corporation, which is 78 percent owned by Jefferson Smurfit Greup, improved pre-tax income to \$44.75m (£27m) against a previous \$16.82m For the pine. a previous \$16.82m. For the nine month period taxable income rose from \$38.47m to \$103.84m. Net sales for the three months were \$282.7m (\$240.04m) and for the nine months stood \$809.1m (\$703.54m).

G.W.Thornton

G.W.Thornton, Sheffield-based maker of precision forgpased maker of precision longings, is buying Greenwood Taylor for a maximum £3.02m, in shares. It has also forecast consolidated profits for the 53 weeks to October 3 1987 of not less than £725,000 with a final dividend of £25p.

Usher-Walker profits rise in first half BY ALICE RAWSTHORN

recovers.
Originally ICM had intended to go public at the beginning of November. After last week's plunge it has decided to defer the flotation. Nevertheless the board hopes to join the market before the end of the year.

thority investments.

The acquisition of a portfolio

You have many places togo in New York. But only one place to stay. quality of its guests is the signature of a great hotel.

Interest Rate Change

Allied Irish Banks plc announces that with effect from close of business on 26th October 1987, its Base Rate was decreased from 10% to 91/2% p.a.

Allied Irish Bank

Head Office - Britain: 64/66 Coleman Street, London EC2R 5AL. Tel: 01-588 0691 and branches throughout the country.

\star \star THE BANKER \star \star

FOREIGN BANKS IN LONDON—NOVEMBER 1987

The Banker will publish its annual appraisal and listing of all foreign banks and banking institutions in London, in its forthcoming Novemoer issue.

Listings include location, status, management and staff details of every branch, representative office, subsidiary, joint venture and

Additional editorial commentary will focus on US, Middle East and Japanese banks in London.

Additional editorial commentary will locus an essential document of reference throughout the international banking community. For further information and advertising details please contact: Jane Guest

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Not if you're bringing an airliner in to land.

Which is why, when Friday's hurricane struck, air traffic controllers all over the country held their breath as the house lights flickered...and

staved alight. Many airports, hospitals, telecommunications centres, city data banks. were able to carry on working because their computers and other essential equipment were protected by Chloride.

Chloride emergency lighting systems had been waiting patiently. sometimes for years, for the moment they would be called on, perhaps to

Chloride batteries were waiting to run our telephones and telecommunications equipment.

Chloride uninterruptible power supply equipment was already hard at work protecting the nation's mainframe computers, securing the countless billions of pieces of data that

could have been lost forever. So Chloride helped our airspace to remain protected, our defence secure. And we could go back to sleep

when the storm was over. If your business depends on a

continuous power supply in any way, call us now. Lightning has been known to

strike twice. CHLORIDE THE ELECTRICAL ENERGY COMPANY

Chloride Bardic Emergency Lighting, Southampton, Contact: John Raine 0703 30611. Chloride Standby Power, Manchester. Contact: Malcolm Hughes 061 794 4611. Chloride Power Electronics UPS, Eastleigh. Contact: Brian Robinson 0703 610 311.

Forman Communications

Following the recent acquisition by Lopex plc of the Grayling Group of Companies, Forman Communications, itself part of Lopex, has joined the Grayling Group and is now based at:

> 4 Bedford Square London WC1B 3RA Telephone: 01-255 1100 Fax: 01-631 0602

The Grayling Group provides a broad range of public relations consultancy services, including financial, corporate and public affairs, government relations, consumer and industrial in the UK, Europe and North America.

TO THE STATE OF

UK APPOINTMENTS | CONTRACTS

Joining Ofrex board

wember L Mr S.J. Loffler, group
wember L Mr S.J. Loffler, group
marketing director, becomes
continue as executive chairman
managing director; Mr D.E. of Shippams and its operating
Llewellyn, managing director,
Eastlight, joins the board; Mr J.

Old El Paso Foods. Cameron, managing director, Rexel Engineering, joins the board as engineering director, Mr R.A. Marphy, marketing dimember Mr D.F. Thompson, chief executive of Rexel, is in addition appointed chairman of Rexel Engineering. Mr H. Hol-Rexel Engineering. Mr H. Hol-lants has been appointed export director of Eastlight; and Mr S.J. Gardner, retail marketing manager of Rexel, becomes marketing director of The Cum-berland Pencil Company, a Rex-

el subsidiary. Mr Andrew Maclesu has been appointed managing trustee (di-rector) and chief general man-ager of MUNICIPAL MUTUAL INSURANCE. He also becomes managing director of all its subhanging companies. Mr Gerald Lowthin, has been appointed general manager. Mr John Payme and Mr Keith Gudgeon have been appointed assistant

PEAT MARWICK MCLINTOCK has appointed Mr Eddie Oliver as a partner from February 1988. He is deputy chief executive of the London Docklands Development Corporation.

Mr Eric Tindall, who recently retired as director general of the Road Transport Industry Training Board, has been ap-pointed chairman of SKILL-UK pointed chairman of SKILL-UK is succession to Mr William Thorpe, who has retired through ill health. Mr Peter Whaley, former head of press and public relations for the Construction Industry Training Board, has been appointed by Skill-UK as chief administrative officer for the 1989 International Youth the 1989 International Youth Skill Olympics.

Mr Deuglas R.W. Oliver has been appointed a director of FI-BI FINANCIAL TRUST, UK Bill Findlay has been apparaing subsidiary of The First pointed managing director of SPENOWER APPROVED HER. oanking subsidiary of The First
International Bank of Israel Mr
Moshe Koren, deputy general
manager of the bank, also joins
the board of its UK subdidiary.

SCIENTERY

the board of its UK subdidiary.

SCIENTIFIC COMPUTING
SERVICE has appointed Dr T.
Riq Willits as managing director, Riq Willits as managing director, Boyal Bank Insurance Services.

Mr Alan Marsh, an executive director, and Mr Richard E. Pickard as technical manager.

Mr David Westcott has been appointed to the new post of national director of personnel at RINDER HAMLYN. He joins from a similar post with Peat Karwick McLintock.

Marwick McLintock.

PETER PAN PLAYTHINGS has more appointed marketing director of financial controller/director allowed marketing director of financial controller/director designate. He joins from Arthur AL, Wantage, a Norcros group company. He was managing director of Payne Packaging, and Mr Nichelas Cobbold has been appointed chairman and Mr

offrex group holdings, a Jim Shippem, who previously wholly-owned subsidiary of Gallaher, has made the following tive vice president/Europe for board appointments from No-PET's international group, the

> ROBINSON INSTRUMENTS has appointed Mr George Lapton as technical director. He was engineering manager with Thorn EMI Instruments.

Mr Alan H.M. Kelsey and Mr Nicholas C. Spearing have been appointed main board directors of KITCAT & AITKEN & CO, a member of The Royal Bank of Canada Group.

CELLTECH has appointed Dr



created post of director of academic liaison. He was director of marketing - microbiology.

Housing Association.

ety at £806,000. Successful tenders secured by the Chester-field office are worth £825,000 and include building work on a factory, warehouse, hospital and office projects for AMCO Plastics, Unbrako Steels, North Derbyshire Area Health Authority and Carlton PSV. Other contracts worth £1.1m include a fitting out order for Gateway at

contracts worth £1.Im include a fitting out order for Gateway at a new supermarket in St Neots, Cambridgeshire for £372,000; a series of retail refurbishment and redevelopment projects in East Anglia costing £335,000 for Westwall Properties and Dovearch and work worth £421,000 for the Property Services Agency, Eastern Electricity, Dobson Park Industries and Electrocomponents.

SDC BUILDERS, Bedford, is in-

volved in a wide variety of work ranging from Listed building refurbishment to converting a for-mer boiler house into a freezer centre, building a new style res-

Mr Tony Country has been appointed sales and marketing director of newly-merged TIFFA-NY SHARWOOD'S FROZEN FOODS, a subsidiary of RHM. He was sales director of Bovril.

appointed managing director of PHENSON COBBOLD. Mr An-C.SHIPPAM, an IC Industries drew Mackenzie and Mr David company. He was production Bateson join the board. All were and purchasing director. Mr formerly with Wrightson Wood.

Gleeson wins £6m orders for refurbishment work

M.J.GLESSON GROUP has started work in London and Sheffield on contracts totalling over
field on contracts totalling over
that they have opted for a deform. In Hackney, Gleeson is sign and build scheme and the
completely rehabilitating for
the Borough Council 93 occupied flats, including new doors,
windows, roofing and lift and
refuse towers, and is also refuslington and includes new derefuse towers - and is also refur-bishing and converting a block signs in joinery and glasswork of flats into a pair of semi-de-tached houses at a total cost tracts is an order, worth over tached houses at a total cost tracts is an order, worth over £2.32m. At Wapping, Gleeson is £1.4m, placed by Altro whose of refurbishing an 18th century fices and factory at Letchworth crane wharf for £1.48m. The are to be upgraded and extendwork involves basement car ed. The rest include general park, underground drainage, work for two Ford divisions at lift pits and ramps, together Dagenham, Austin Rover at with new basement, mezzanine Swindon, London Brick, Druce and ground floor slabs, as well and Co at the Hammersmith as minor works. In Sheffield, Railway Arches, £1m worth of Powerminster, a specialist services subsidiary of Gleeson, has all Dweillings Society at Shorewon three contracts worth ditch and a £550.000 underwon three contracts worth ditch and a £550,000 under-£2.5m, the largest being an or-der for the replacement of heat-ing systems in five 126-flat tow-er blocks owned by the City Council.

Contracts worth over £8m have been won by Midlands construc-tion companies belonging to RAINE INDUSTRIES. They inbeen won by Midlands construction companies belonging to RAINE INDUSTRIES. They include over £4m of work secured by A.H.Guest and a £1.6m contract won by Ford and Weston for a 53,000 sq ft headquarters a £5.4m contract to build a five-for Cheshires of Nottingham, carpet wholesalers, at Bulwell, Nottingham. Due for completion next June, the new base will enable Cheshires to treble its storage space. Guest also starts work shortly on a £1.6m envelope scheme for 163 prewar dwellings for Birmingham City Council and on a £1m sheltered housing scheme in Broad

Other contracts, worth about the summer of 1989. Other contracts, worth about tered housing scheme in Broad Street, Pershore, Worcs and Hereford for Coventry Churches

Other contracts, worth about £Am, have also been awarded to the company. They include a shop and offices in High Street, Maidenhead, for Crusader In-surance (£856,000); repairs to wagon shops at St Blazey, Corn-wall, for British Rail (£385,000); HALLAMSHIRE CONSTRUCTION has been awarded contracts amounting £4.4m. The two largest orders were for a distribution centre for the Royal National Institute for the Blind worth £1.45m and the fitting out of a new administration centre in Peterborough Building Society at £806,000. Successful tenders secured by the Chesterwan, for British Hall (2505,000), and external refurbishment of premises in Hamilton Square, Birkenhead, for Wirral Borough Council (£249,000).

The company's contract hous-ing division has a number of contracts.





These companies have two things in common. They are all highly successful. They all rent trailers from TIP. They have achieved their success by a dedication to providing quality and choice to their own customers.

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We have 19 branches in the U.K., and 23 more on the Continent. All stra-

Many of our customers are small, sometimes new businesses. And to these companies we offer a cost-effective way to conduct their business without tying up assets in capital equipment.

In addition, a significant percentage of our customers are large groups who also appreciate the value of renting a proportion of their trailer fleet.

· In this way, our customers meet variations in demand - seasonal or otherburden of spare capacity.

tegically sited to meet our customers' wise - without carrying the financial requirements. We have more trailers and We've come a long way in a short time more different types of trailers than any Irailer Rental and we plan to go a lot further. of our competitors. Issued by Kleinwort Benson Limited on behalf of TIP Europe

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INTRODUCTION TO LISTING ON

THE LUXEMBOURG STOCK EXCHANGE

with effect from 26 October 1987

of the whole issued share capital

consisting of

111,318,616 Ordinary Shares of 50p each

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Cupies of the listing document (which does not constitute an offer of shares) can be obtained from The Secretary, Trans. Atlantic Holdings P. C., St. Andrew's House, 40 Broadway, London SWIH OBT or the listing agent, Banque Internationale à Luxembourg, 2 Bouleward Royal, 1.-2953, Luxembourg.

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Oct 601 6 614 4 602.0 600
Jan 612 8 625.4 --SILVER 5,000 troy 92, cents/frey 92

LONDON

MARKETS

AS PLUNGING equities and metals continued to hog the

limelight in London yester-day soft commodities again

had a relatively quiet time.

The biggest movement was in

coffee where January delivery futures ended the day £9 down at £1,338.50 a topne. The

price had slipped to £1,320 at one stage, mainly reflecting the dollar's weakness, but

was steadied near the close

Crop gloom lifts US rice prices

have risen shaply this year as available for export. US rise the market faces its first short- output reached a record 6m fall in seven years. With rough tonnes last year, and around rice currently trading at around \$9 per cwt, US rice has regained its footing in the export market and is cashing in on poor harvests in some of the world's biggest rice producing coun-

Since the Administration changed the US price support system in 1985, which became effective with last year's crop, US growers have been able to sell at world prices. This has seen a big export drive to move over 2m tonnes of rice stocks, which had accumulated in the 1980-85 period, when US prices modity, Mr Gabbert says. He

US rice exports are getting a further boost this year be-cause of world shortages. Adverse weather conditions in Thailand, the world's largest producer, and drought in India and Bangladesh have devastated harvests and cut the amount of rice available for

In fact, poor weather particularly in Arkansas, has reduced US rice yields by around 4 per

Kuala Lumpur

By Wong Sulong in Kuala Lumpur

marginal. Indonesian and Thai miners have said they are

as a price reference for the time

KLCE officials are confident.

however, that the contract will be a success in the longer term.

They note that tin prices on the Kuala Lumpur physical market

has been above the psychologically important level of 17 ring-

git a kg for the past two weeks. The KLCE tin futures con-

tract is the first of its kind since tin trading was suspended on the London Metal Exchange

in late 1985 following the collapse of the tin market. The

one tonne contract is denomi-nated in US dollars instead of

Malaysian ringgit, so as to en-courage foreign interest, and

Exchange officials also admit

that the crisis on the world's

stock markets, and in particular

stock index futures market has plans to introduce a Ruala

ampur Stock Exchange index

LONDON METAL EXCHANGE

WAREHOUSE STOCKS

(Changes during weekend ended

futures next year.

being.

in Europe.

launches

tin futures

tonnes last year, and around 65 per cent of the rice crop is

more than 12m tonnes, or about 4 per cent of total output. This makes rice unusual in that around 90 per cent of produc-tion is consumed within 50 miles of where it is grown, according to Mr Steve Gabbert, vice president of the US Rice Millers Association.

The relatively small amount entering world trade makes rice an extremely volatile comexpects some continuing rise 300 to 700 lots a day, has s in world prices this year as prices double to \$10 a cwt.

larly in Arkansas, has reduced demand on the world market.

US rice yields by around 4 per cent. But this is not likely to chequered history in the US, used to buy a significant shortage.

tract took a while to get going. tually nil.
However, the changes that were
There

Mr Scott Minton, who trades countries. rice for Stottler and Co, believes the futures contract is
becoming a focal point for pricing international deals. Rice
futures have been volatile since
futures futures have been volatile since about those countries' rice early August, when news of crops. He expects China to bepoor harvests started to trickle in. Since then the futures con-

made it much easier to use.

got off to another start last year amount of US rice. The level with the relaunch of a rough of Iran's rice imports from the rice futures contract on the US has dwindled since the late Chicago Board of Trade in 1970s when the Shah was de-August. Since then, the con-posed and today stands at vir-

There is also a demand in However, the changes that were made to it, including restricting Europe, however, for US brown delivery points to 12 sites in and parboiled rice, according to north-eastern Arkansas, have Mr Gabbert, who says the US ships rice to over 200

tract, which trades a modest as world prices rise and it becomes more profitable for the prices double to \$10 a cwt.

expects some continuing rise in world prices this year as world stocks are drawn down further. He is concerned that this will reduce the margin of safety if the same weather conditions depress output again next year.

Japan has had a bumper harvest, Mr Gabbert notes, but its chief crop is short grain rice, which is not in such wide harmand on the world market.

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Japan has had a bumper harvest, Mr Gabbert notes, but its chief crop is short grain rice, may be a surplus and a surplus

Metal markets slide further

prices are continuing to fall on the London Metal Exchange in sympathy with the turmoil in the world's stock markets. The fifth successive weekly fall in stocks of copper held in

TRADING IN tin futures will start on the Kuala Lumpur Commodities Exchange today LME warehouses did nothing to stem the price spiral for the although the KLCE management acknowledges that sentiment has been affected by the shake-out on the world's stock metal. Stocks now stand at 80,775 tonnes—believed to be the lowest for 13 years—compared with 111,725 tonnes on September 22 and 175,150 Traders expect only token trading in the coming days as overseas interest is likely to be tonnes at the beginning of the

The price for three-month adopting a wait-and-see attitude towards Kuala Lumpur tin futures, and will use them only has been in backwardation—the reverse of the normal situation,

aluminium premium over the three-month price. Yesterday the cash price fell £41 to £1,176.50 a tonne, increasing the cash premium by £2 to £91 a tonne. In contrast to copper, stocks

of aluminium in LME ware-houses increased last week, with holdings of high grade, or 99.7 pure metal, leaping by 69 per cent from 25,600 tonnes to per cent from 43,275 tonnes. Aluminium prices, which are

also in a backwardation, were down steeply yesterday. The three-month price for high-grade aluminium fell by \$35 a tonne to \$1.765, compared with The price for three-month copper closed yesterday at tonne to \$1,765, compared with fil,085,50 a tonne, a fall of £43 the cash price of \$1,860 a tonne, down \$65. The premium for cash metal now stands at \$95

with cash metal fetching a fall in the price of both metals markets.

-the heaviest traded on the LME—is bound up firmly with the plunging equity markets, and not with the fundamentals of the metal markets, analysts agree. The price of both metals had been rising strongly this year until last Tuesday's sudden reversal.

Analysts disagree, however, over whether the stock market crash will herald a world recession, killing demand for base metals, or whether it is an overdose reaction to panic selling in the US.

Mr Robin Bhar, of Rudolf Wolff. believes that many holders of very profitable long positions in both copper and aluminium have been forced to get out of the LME in order to a tonne. get out of the LME in order to The reason for the continuing cover their losses in other

Indonesian coffee sales to fall

are expected to decline by 18 coffee in 1987/88 to countries 80,000 tonnes.

per cent in the 1987/88 coffee outside the ICO to help make
season which began this month, up the difference. Dharyono nesia is allo

there will be two trading sessions, the second coinciding Organisation earlier this month countries outside the group. with the morning trading ses-sion on the unofficial tin market limit Indonesia to 4.75 per cent of the world export market,

INDONESIA'S coffee experts hoping to sell 90,000 tonnes of reports from Jakarta. year — partly because of more would actually export

New coffee export quotas set by the International Coffee the ICO on members' sales to Indonesia's coffee stocks.

Indonesia, the world's third That means exp-rts will largest coffee exporter, is ex-decline to 244.235 tonnes from pected to produce 360.000

Under the new quotas, Indonesia is allowed to export according to Mr Dharyono said, Indonesia's exports to nonKertosastro, chairman of the ICO members had dropped by ceiling of 58m bags (60 kgs
Association of Indonesian half — from 154,710 tonnes in each), Dharyono said. But he
Coffee Exporters, Reuter 1985/86 to 72,000 tonnes last anticipated that the country

Indonesia's coffee stocks were expected to reach around 100,000 tonnes by the end of largest coffee exporter, is ex-nected to produce 360,000 ber, he said, adding that the decline to 244.235 tonnes from pected to produce last season's 297,315 tonnes, he tonnes during the 1987-88 stocks in order for its export aid. season, the same as last season, quota to rise to 5.21 per cent
Indonesian exporters are Dharyono said. Domestic con- of the global limit in 1988-89.

UK farmers face higher feed costs

BY JOHN BUCKLEY

last Friday) standard high grade Lead 925 to \$9,550 + 17.675 to 43.275 - 1,475 to 17,500 Copper Nickel -11,550 to 80,775

compound feed costs, for the third season in a row, according to Mr Tony Petch, Dalgety Agriculture's feed manager.

Earlier this year an expected humper harvest and EC support price cuts suggested a feedwheat price of £102 (delivered) but row cross had driven this

UK LIVESTOCK farmers face had little new crop cover on significant post-harvest rises in their books," Mr Petch told a requiring shipments in from compound feed costs, for the harvest luncheon in London. East Anglia, even France. harvest luncheon in London. Compounders also faced rising

Other feed inputs had also input costs in compensating for low energy value of the wheat frmed—rapeaced meal was up £23 per tonne from pre-harvest levels, while feed peas were little cheaper than last year crop caused by smaller bushel weights. Protein content was better than expected but even + 1,140 to 3,384 wheat price of £102 (delivered)

- 280 to 20,340 but poor crops had driven this but poor crops had driven this out to £111 per tonne. "All consumer buyers of grain were consumer buyers of grain were anticipating lower prices and short in the west and the south-

Autumn sowing gets bogged down

MY HAMPSHIRE farm missed the worst of the hurricane winds and apart from a few fallen trees and a shortage of electricity for a couple of days there were no urgent problems.

The electricity cut was caused by fallen branches which re-moved just one of the phases of the water pump and as the Southern Electricity Board said that barley should be sown were unable to find the missing in dust and winter wheat in mid. But in those days we had phase a generator had to be dependent on the same supply was unable to cool his milk properly and had two days productions and the same supply was unable to cool his milk properly and had two days productions and the same supply was unable to cool his milk properly and had two days productions are the same supply and the same supply sup uon rejected.

Much more serious has been the impact of the constant rain on my sowing programme. I got it off to a good start and had planted 40 acres of wheat by October 6. The land had been recently ploughed and it was seed in and there was usually in fact a little dry and hard.
"A good rain would do it no harm." I said to my foreman.

I said to my foreman. and he agreed. Since then our wish has been granted overgenerously and we have had the British weather has cost me best part of four inches so far. very dear this year. You will That amounts to about 400 remember that back in June

By the time we had finished the first field the next 80 acres were ploughed and ready but had been turned into a quagmire. There was no way we could get on to the fields until they had dried out a bit. If we had tried the tyres and tynes of the equipment would have become blocked with mud and



in dust and winter wheat in mud. But in those days we had

tion it was quite possible to have a man broadcasting the seed by hand and another following him with a pair of horses and a set of harrows to cover the seed. It did not make a very pretty job but it got the seed in and there was usually

- but it hardly ever does. In fact this childlike trust in the That amounts to about 400 remember that back in July all the farming pundits to make the standard on which of water to get rid of, although of water to get rid of, although myself were prophesying a based. So I shall keep slogging myself were prophesying a heavy harvest and glutted markets. So influenced was I by this propaganda that I sold a considerable quantity of wheat and barley forward at what have proved to be ridiculously have had this autumn has had low prices. This is about the only time in my life that I have supply of autumn for a green atternative use as sneep which are also under the threat of EC restrictions. When I mentioned this to some of the more aggressive bidders they

the cereal acreage through an acreage set-aside policy. It now looks as though he will get his wish this year without all the expense and hassle of implementing such a policy. If the same thing happens in 1988 and there is another poor harvest

Of course no set-aside policy can possibly be implemented before the 1989 harvest, which means that decisions as to acreages planted will have to be made in the autumn of 1988. It seems obvious to me that any cutbacks will be based on the 1988 harvest — it would be stpuid to cut my wheat acreage away to get my maximum acreage planted as, I am sure, will

everyone else. low prices. This is about the the result of increasing the more aggressive bidders they only time in my life that I have supply of autumn grass and just laughed. They had been followed the majority opinion; with it the demand for store the best policy is undoubtedly sheep to eat it. I sold my own and they had come to nothing.

Prices for the crossbred ewe lambes which I used to buy in the North of England were far too high to my way of thinking and I never got as far as attending a sale up there.

So I decided to return to Wales where I filled my requirements very reasonably last year. There was a good show of ewe lambs at the sale and although the vendors I met before the auction started seemed to have value I thought the discipline of the market would soon bring them to heel.

The first lot hung fire a bit and I began to bid - so did a the urge for set asides could be lot of other people round the much reduced. my requirements and then stopped. They cost £8 per head more than their counterparts had the year before but others joined the bidding and at the end trade was still rising. Many of the buyers were dairy farmers facing further quota cuts and arable farmers from the Midlands and East Anglia who, they told me, had cereal quotas in mind.

They did not seem to realise that if there was a set-aside scheme of any sort the land would probably be denied such alternative use as sheep sowing would have been to take the opposite view of impossible.

In a way we are paying the price of progress. When I British Agriculture Minister, started farming it used to be has been suggesting that there

to take the opposite view of store lambs too cheaply, having Why should the next few years had an attack of nerves, and I be any different? I almost have found it very difficult to agreed with them—but then I buy the flock replacements that remembered that the consensus is usually wrong.

as reasters made price-fixing purchases against physical contracts. Dealers said interest in the market was

weakened by Brazil's failure to open November export registrations as expected.
Currency factors were also
the main influence in the
cocoa market, where March
delivery futures ended £3
down at £1,187,50 a tonne. The fall might have been greater, dealers said, but for New York's basically steady tone. Consuming industries were only buying essential supplies of cocoa beans, they said, as efforts were made to protect financial investments in the face of market problems elsewhere. Having been fairly steady early on sugar futures slipped back late in the after-noon. Dealers said the downturn was in sympathy with the New York market. LME prices supplied by Amalgamated Metal Trading.

ALUMINIUM

99.7% Unofficial + or High/Low purity close (p.m.) -

Cash 3 months	1085-70 1755-75	-65 -85	1760/1755
(1.860-80) (1.790-800 Final Kerk	, three), settlen	months ent 1.85 aquoted.	sh 1,830-50 ; 1,755-60 50 (1,880). Ring tum-
99.5% purity	£ per tonne	1	

purity	tonne	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ash months	10 96 -100 1026-9	—37 —53	1080 1050:102
(1,125-8), (1,065-8), Fingl Kerl	three settleme	month nt 1.06 1.020-1.	sh 1,075 8 s 1,020- to (1,128) Ring turn
COPF	ER		

		
Grade A	Unofficial + o	High/Low
Cash 3 months	1175-841 1085-643	1103.1077
(1.219-20), (1.125-7),	losing (am): C three mont sertlement 1,2 Close: 1,077.5	15 1,097-9 07 (1,220).

Standard Cash 3 months	1145-55 1070-80	-65.5 -45	=
Official cl (1,160-70), (1,110-20),	losing (an three settlement	months	1,090-5

ib. Total ring turnover 30,725 tonnes.

LEAD

	Unofficial + or close (p.m.) -	High/Low
Cash 3 Months	350-2 —2 344.5-5.5 —3.5	354:353 346:341
(352.5-3) settlemen close 34	closing (em): C three months 345 t 354 (353). F M-5. Ring turno US Spot: 42 cents	-6 (347-8) inal Kerb iver 9,175

NICKEL

Cash 3450-60 [-135 3410 3390.4388 Official closing (am): Cash 3405-15 (3575-80) three months 3365-8 (3515-20) settlement 3415 (3580). Final Karb close: 3390-405. Ring tumover 1,512 tunnes.	_	Unofficial + or close (p.m.) £ per tonne	High/Low
(3575-80) three manths 3365-8 (3515- 20) setzlement 3415 (3580). Final Kerb clase: 3390-405. Ring turnover	Cash 5 months	3450-60 135 3890-400140	3410 3390/8388
	(3575-80) 20) settler Kerb class	three manths 3365 ment 3415 (3580). e: 3390-405. Ring	-8 (3515- Final

ZINC		
Unofficial + or close (p.m.) - £ per tonne	High/Low	Sept. Dec. Marc
458-9 6 463-4 5,78	462/458	tonne 1,480.
three months 458- ement 454 (464.5).	9 (468.5-	1,489. FR
	2 per tonne 458-9 -6 463-4 -5,78 closing (am): Ca three months 458-	£ per tonne 458-9 -6 463-4 -5,78 462,458 closing (am): Cash 453-4 three months 458-9 (468.5- sment 454 (464.5). Final

cents per lb.	mains fundamentally sound the futu behaved out of line to actually p		
ONDON METAL EXCHANGE TRADED OPTIONS	small losses on the day in a rath strained and thin trading environment reports Clarkson Wolff.		
11	Close High/Low Prav.		

	Strike Price	Calls	Puts	•
	8/tonne	Nov.	Nov.	٠
Alumin- ium 99.7%	=	=	=	
		Nov. Jan.	Nov. Jan.	
Alumin- lum 99.5%	1,700 1,725 1,750	155 1101 ₂ 130 97 106 85	- 6312 0.5 7413 1 87	•
Copper (Grade A)	7.850	146 122 103 981 ₂ 661 ₂ 781 ₂	31e 911e 10 1171e 231e1461a	•
Copper	Ertonne 1.060	104 71	0.6 314	;

KUALA LUMPUR TIN MARKET: Close 17.12 (17.16) ringgit per kg. Dawn 0.04 ringgit per kg.

GOLD GOLD BULLION (fine ounce) Oct. 26

MEAT COMMISSION—Average fat-atock prices at representative markets: GB—Cattle 94 80p per kg lw (+0.25); G—Sheep 171.10p per kg est dow (+6.11); GB—Pigs 74.93p per kg lw (-0.96).

US MARKETS INDICES MOST MARKETS suffered

tion. Copper came under

early pressure as the market

underwert continued reaction

to recent strength. Crude oil

featured trade selling and speculative selling in light

volume. Coffee eeased on

commission house selling, cocoa feii under the influence of Brazilian selling

despite an early short-cover-

ing rally. Sugar feature switch activity with the trade

buying the nears and selling forward contracts, though the

market finished weak on out-side factors. Cotton fell sharply on trade and commis-

sion house selling. The meats, too, were sharply

77.50 78.00

Close Prev 18.20 18.24 18.55 18.57 18.82 18.85 19.14 19.40 19.70 19.88 20.00 18.99

Prev 122.91 127 00 128.78 130.05 131.63 131.75 131.01

COPPER 25,000 (bs: cents/tbs

OIL (FIGHT)

GOLD 100 tray az S/tray az

539.2 537.4 546.6 544.8

473.4 478.7 482.8 483.0 495.4 502.0

CRUDE

19.50 19.70

130.00 121.00 132.00

NEW YORK

The

under the weight of specula-tive liquidation mirroring REUTERS continued weakness in the Oct. 23 Oct. 22 Mith ago Year ago New York stock market, re-1679.7 1879.5 ports Drexel Burnham Lam-(Base December 31 1931-100) bert. Gold was barely steady DOW JONES on commission house buying, but saw occasional pressure from mixed profit-taking. Sil-Dow Oct Oct M'th Year Jones 23 22 ago ago ver and platinum were both Spot 126.63 126.60 - 131.48 Fut 129.55 128.70 - 120.58 weak on speculative liquida-

MAIN PRICE CHANGES ‡ Unquoted. † Per 75 fb Rask. c Cents pcund. * Cotton outlook, w Oct-Nov. Nov. z Dec. † Nov-Dec. v Jan-Feb.

(Base December 31 1931 - 100)

	Oct. 26	+ 01	Month
	1987	_	ago
METALS			
Aluminium Free Market	?		أ سد.سد أ
	IS TRUBISSO	-60	Srublusa
Cash Grade A	07 1DE B		'c1106 6
Gash Grade A	£1085.5	-47	E1186,5
Gold Troy oz	8476.125	+8.626	£464.25
Lead Cash	£351	-8	£378.5
3 months	£345	~3.5	'8365.5
Nickel		_	i
Free Mkt	265/285c	+4	240/268c
Palladium oz	8138.60	-3.M	5137.75
Platinum oz Quicksivert	3571.20	-5.10	22 10:325
Silver troy oz	446 20n	_7 ac	
3 months	456.60p	-8.90	475.70p
Tin			1
free Mkt	£4 170;200	<u></u>	£4185/165
Tungsten	851,16	·	853.78
Wolfram 22.0lb	,838:50		888,50
Zinc	£458.5	6 	£455.5
			:£460,5 :5860
producers	,8620	-5_	.900A
OILS			

Copra (Phil) | \$320 Soyabean (U.S.) | \$155.5 GRAINS

Barley Fut. Jan. £108.45 +0.10 £163.20 Maize £134.00 -0.55.£106.80 Wheat Fut. Jan. £110.05 -0.55.£106.80 No. 2 Hard Wint. OTHERS
Cocco Ft. Mar. (£1187.5 — 3.0 £1235
Coffee Ft. Jan (£1358.5 — 9.0 £1250.5
Cotton A Ind. (72.55c — 8.70 83.20c
Gas Oil Dec. Rubber (kilo)
Sugar (raw: 8188w 144 \$155.2
Wooltopa 64s (515p kilo) + 15 (498pkilo

Unqueted. † Per 75-lb flask. c Cents pound. * Cotton outlook, w Oct-Nov.

Nov. z Dec. t Nov.Dec. v Jan-Feb. SILVER

SiLVENT
Silver was fixed 7.8p an ounce lower for spot delivery on the London bullion market yearerday, at 446.2pp, US 19 t equivalents of the fixing levels were: spot 757.40c. up 4.80c: three-month 772.2bc. up 4.80c; six-month 786.60c, up 4.55c; and 12-month 819c, up 5.20c. The metal opened at 4487-450p (7557571c) and closed at 441-4421p (744-746c).

Bullion + or LM.E. p.m. price Unoffic'i 10.000 oz. Final kerb close 757-60c.

COFFEE

Currency factors played a dominant role in robusta trading today in a morket lacking fresh fundamental or technical news reports Drexel Burnham Lambort. A steadily depreciating dollar put prices under pressure for the best part of the day. Price-fixing was easily absorbed in a merket having difficulty generating any volume.

			!
COFFEE	Yesterday close	+ 07	Busine done
- Nov	1305-1810		1315-13
Jan	, '1338-1 539-		1348-13
Mar	1358-1360	—8.Ó I	1363-13
Меу	(1382-1385	-7.0 I	1386-13
July	1400-1482	-8.Č	1402-1-
Sapt	1415-1420	-7.0 (1421-14
Nov	1420-1440	لم هَنهـ	

Dates: 1,851 (2,130) lots of 5 tonnes. ICO indicator prices (US cents per pound) for October 25 Comp. daily 1979 111.92 (110.66); 15-day everage 111.92 (110.68). COCOA

BARLEY

close + or

+0.10

Nov... 107.65 -0.45 103.75 Jan... 110.05 -0.55 106.45 Mar... 112.05 -0.55 108.25 May... 114.30 -0.51 109.75 July... 118.40 -0.55 Sept... 108.50 -0.44 99.10 Nov... 104.25 - 101.60

An unexciting day draw to a close with prices virtually unchanged having ten locked in a £10 range. Light consumer offsake was seen but producers amained steedlastly withdrawn, aports Gill and Duffus.

CO indicator prices (SDRs per a). Daily price for October 23 .08 (1.467.97): 10-day average for .53 (1.470.58). EIGHT FUTURES gh the physical picture re-ndementally sound the futures out of line to actually post uses on the day in a rather and thin trading environment. Jarkson Wolff.

•	Price	Calls	Pute	Dry Cargo
	8/tonne	Nov.	Nov.	Oct. 1149 1155/1149 1146.5
Alumin- ium 99.7%	=	=	=	Jan. 1267 1272/1257 1254 Apr. 1388 1294/1255 1293 July 1187.5 1187.1 1190 Oct. 1240 — 1240
		Nov. Jan.	Nov. Jan.	April 1500 — 1300 BFI, 1148 — 1136
Alumin- lum 99.5%	1,700 1,725 1,750	155 1101 ₂ 130 97 106 85	- 6312 0.5 7413 1 87	Turnover: 1,552 (1,504).
Copper (Grade A)	1.850	146 122 103 981 ₂ 661 ₂ 781 ₂	10 11712	GRAINS Wheat market again found sellers
Copper (Grade A)	1,075	104 71	0,6 311 ₂ 1 42 4 55	from consumer and shipper sources, reaching 50p down in early trading and failing to recover with further November tong liquidation keeping values under pressure. Barley market how-
TIN	LUMPU			ever firmed after early losees on good export demand closing steady having absorbed modest country selling, re- ports T. G. Roddick.
RUALA	LUMPU	R TIN	MARKET:	

Cicsa \$4751,4761, (282-2821) Opening... \$4751,4761, (2821,2821,282) M'n'n'g fix \$474.85 Aft'n'n fix \$475.00 (£281,109) Day's high \$480-481 Day's low \$474.4743

GOLD AND PLATINUM COINS

E. Mids 108.90; Scotland 99.80. The UK monetary coefficient for the week beginning Monday November 2 (based on HGCA calculations using 4 days exchange rates) is expected to remain unchanged.

POTATOES

Market briefly traded £2.50 down basis April 88 position, but quickly recovered to unchanged as confirmation of low lifting figures for last week restored full confidence. Although some resistence evident around £150,000 mark, this eventually eroded with market climbing steadily throughout the altormoon to close at highs, reports Coley and Marper. Harper. Sales 1.147 (1,277) lots of 40 tonnes,

£ per tonne Nov. 88.00 90.00 91.00-89.00 Feb. 100.00 100.50 — March 92.30 92.00 — Apr. 184.80 148.50 154.90-146.00 May 167.00 160.50 167,00-164.00 Nov 75.00 80.00

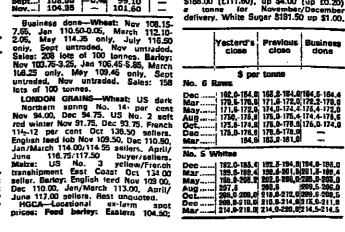
Sales: 1,277 (937) lots of 40 tonnes. OIL

Latest + or -CRUDE OIL-FOB (S per barrel) Dec.

Prompt delivery cif /8 per tonne)

SUGAR

LONDON DAILY PRICE — Raw sugar \$188.00 (£111.60), up \$4.00 (up £0.20) a tonne for November/December delivery. White Sugar \$181.50 up \$1.00.



ALUMINIUM, 40,000 lbs: cents/lbs CHICAGO Low LIVE CATTLE 40,000 lbs: Cempylis LIVE HOGS 30,000 lbs. Cents fbs Frev 44.87 42.87 39.75 42.45 42.80 41.77 38.80 40.10 COFFEE " C " 37,500 lbs, cents/lba 80.60 78.15 SOYABEANS 5,000 bu mm;

Close Prev High L Nov 537.4 539.6 538.3 52 Jan 548.4 548.4 547.0 53 March 551.4 548.0 552.4 54 May 556.4 548.5 557.0 84 July 553.2 542.4 540.0 55 Aug 555.0 548.0 557.0 54 Sept 548.0 549.0 547.0 54 Nov 544.0 549.0 544.4 64 SOYASEAN MEAL 100 teams \$/ton 74.50 74.00 Low 475.0 476.0 476.2 482.0 486.3 502.0 SOYABEAN OIL 60,000 lb; cents/the Class Prev High Low 17.51 17.77 17.70 17.34 17.55 17.94 17.75 17.62 17.95 18.95 17.80 18.95 17.80 18.95 510.7 508.8 512.5 508.5 509.2 18.27 18.55 517.4 515.6 518.5 515.3 Oct 18.27 18.55 524.4 622.6 525.0 623.5 Occ 18.20 18.25 539.2 537.4 — — — WHEAT 5,900 by mm; 546.6 544.8 bushel

Ciose Prev High Low
Dec 297.6 300.2 296.4 295.0
March 308.2 311.6 309.4 306.0
May 303.0 302.4 306.0 302.0
July 290.4 293.4 293.0 290.0
Sept 292.4 296.4 296.0 293.0
Dec 302.4 306.4 306.0 293.0
Province The Company of the Com HEATING OIL 42,000 US gallons; cents/

Sales No. 6 2684 (2185) lots of 50 tonnes; No. 5 2296 (1894).

Tate and Lyle delivery price for granulated basis Sugar was £217.50 (£217.00) a tonne for export. International Sugar Agreement
(US cents per pound fob and stowed
Caribbean ports). Prices for October
23 daily price 7.05 (6.85); 15-day
average 6.59 (6.52). PARIS—White (FFr per tonne): Dec 1145/1149; March 1185/1199; May 1220/ 1225; Aug 1250/1256; Oct 1251/1271; Dec 1270/1280.

SOYABEAN MEAL

Prices moved lower in nervous con-ditions with traders keeping one eye on ceah merkets and one on the financial merkets. Commercial self-ing at the higher levels was the only noted feature reports Mairpece.

Seles: 92 (61) lots of 20 tonnes.

GAS OIL FUTURES

Business done US\$

Tumover: 3762 (2880) lots of 100

TEA There were 29,514 Packages on offer in this week's sale including 2,600 packages in the offshore section, reports the Tea Brokors' Association. Quality and medium Assams again met good competition at fully firm rates but plainer sorts were difficult of sale, selected bright East Africans moved several pence dearer but mediums came in for less demand and shed 3 to 5p, sometimes more. Certral Africans were veary irregular and frequently 2-3p assier. Caylons were well supported at generally dearer rates, were easier where said. Questions: Questions: (175p). Medium 100p (100p), low medium 86p (83p).

RUBBER

(buyers): Spot 83.500 (64 00p): Dec 66 50p (67.00p): Jan 57.00 (—). The Kuala Lumpur fob prices (Melay! No. 1 295.5 (256): SMR 20 254.5 (255.5).

CURRENCIES, MONEY & CAPITAL MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Commence of the second of the

March Commence of the Commence

Dollar falls in nervous trade

THE DOLLAR threatened to fall to a seven-year low against the D-Mark yesterday. Prompting intervention by the West German Bundesbank. This was followed by support for the dollar from the Bank of England, to slow the decline, as equity prices continued to slide on a world wide scale, and expectations increased of lower interest rates, to head off a US led recession.

The dollar fell sharply in the late European morning, and the Bundesbank then bought dollars at the Frankfurt fixing to stem the decline. This was immediately followed by intervention by the Bank of England, leading to nervousness increased the straction of sterling.

Dealers suggested the authorities wished to stabilize the foreign exchages, to restore some confidence to battered equity markets, where the London market and Wall Street weakened egain, following losses in the Farskfurt fixing to stem the foreign exchages, to restore some confidence to battered equity markets, where the London market and Wall Street weakened segaln, following losses in the Farskfurt fixing to stabilize the foreign exchages, to restore some confidence to battered equity markets, where the London market and Wall Street weakened segaln, following losses in the Farskfurt fixing to stabilize the foreign exchages, to restore some confidence to battered equity markets, where the London market and Wall Street weakened segaln, following losses in the Farskfurt fixing the Bundesbank the dollar closed at DM1.7690 in The dollar rices as in temporal, rise against the dollar. The dollar rice as in the foreign excellence of Friday. The pound was in demand, rise against the strong D. The pound was in demand, rise against the strong D. The pound was in demand, rise against the strong D. The pound was in demand, rise against the strong D. The pound was in demand, rise against the strong D. The pound was in demand, rise against the strong D. The pound was in the strong D. The pound was in the fall in world with proposal to the pound of the pound of the pound of the pound of the pound of

Y142.65. On Bank of England figures the dollar's index fell to 99.6 from NOT.

STERLING—Trading range against the dellar in 1987 is 1.6885 to 1.4710. September average 1.6456. Exchange rate index rose 9.5 to 74.1, compared with 72.7 six

menths ago.

The Bank of England chose intervention on the foreign

٤	IN	NE	W	YORK	
	~	3 4.		1 minus	_

1 month 3 months 12 months	0.81-0,77pm	0.84-0.79pm
Forward pres	niums and disco	ants apply to the

STERLING INDEX

	Oct. 26	Previous
8.30 am	73.8 73.9 73.9 74.0 74.1 74.1 74.0 74.1	73.4 73.4 73.3 73.4 73.5 73.5 73.4 73.4 73.5
CURRENCY RA	<u>,</u>	

Bank rote % Special * Drawing Rights 0.773044 1.30915 NVA 45.3044 8.92186 2.31615 2.60298 7.74755 NVA 185.637 8.55137 150.149 8.21557 1.91,332 179.213 NVA 0.691987 1.17050 1.57850 14.5784 43.28290 7.96990 2.07435 2.33422 6.94425 1499,40 115.824 7.46509 134.783 7.34837 1.71126 160.135 0.7716448

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS							
Oct. 25	Bank of England Index	Morgan Gearasty* Changes %					
Sterling U.S. Jodiar U.S. Jodiar Canadian Dollar Austrian Schilling Beiglan Franc Deutsche Mark Series Franc Gelider French Franc	741 99.6 78.2 138.6 91.9 147.8 175.3 135.9 71.7 47.5	WA					

OTHER CURRENCIES Oct. 26 4,0700-4,1206 1,4025-1,4035 54,4990-54,7710 4,2950-4,2980 136,00-138,30 7,8095-7,8010 6.8850-6.9705 2.3700-2.3730 92.1600-92.6600 7.2605-7.2735 228.90-232.80 13.1850-13.1960

Hong Kong . 13.1850-13.1960 7.8095-7.8010 7.8075-7.8010 7. 50.40-50.65 5.1990-6.2045

Rates decline of £950m, but revised this to £1,100m at noon, and to £1,150m in the afternoon. Total help of £1,194m was provided.

In an early round of help the authorities bought £387m bills for resale to the market on November

4, at a rate of 913 per cent. Another £130m bills were purchased on similar terms before lunch.

In the afternoon the Bank of England bought £185m bills outright, by way of £12m Treasury bills in band 1 at 9% per cent; £2m local authority bills in band 1 at 00 per cent; £2m local authority bills in band 1 at 00 per cent; £2m local authority bills in band 1 at 00 per cent; £2m local authority bills in band 1 at 00 per cent; £2m local authority bills.

9% per cent; and £172m bank bills in band 1 at 9% per cent. A further £201m bills were bought for resale

to the market on the same terms as

Late assistance of £290m was

Bills maturing in official hands, repayment of late assistance, and

£140m. These outweighed a fall in

the note circulation adding £560m

in the morning.

also provided.

to liquidity.

DOWNWARD PRESSURE con-tinued on interest rates yesterday, as share prices fell sharply in the US; Europe; and the Far East. This led to comments that an international package of interest rate cuts, and a firm commitment from the Reagan Administration to reduce the US budget delicit, are required to restore confi-

MONEY MARKETS

In New York the Federal Reserve acted in an attempt to

UK clearing bank base leading rate 9½ per cent from October 25

restore calm to markets with an early addition of liquidity to the banking system. The central bank intervened

more than one and a half hours earlier than usual to add reserves with three-day system repurchase agreements when Federal funds were trading at 7½ per cent, com-pared with an average of 7 per cent on Friday.

The Bank of England prevented any further reduction in differen-tials between London and other major financial centres, by keeping its money market intervention rate unchanged, and thus resisting pressure in the market for

EMS EUROPE	ems European Currency Unit Rates							
	Ecu centrel rates	Currency amounts against Equ Oct. 26	% change from central rate	% change adjusted for divergence	Divergence			
Belgkan Franc Danish Krone German D-Mark French Franc Dutch Galitter Irish Punt Italian Lira	42,4582 7,85212 2,05853 6,90403 2,31943 0,768411 1,483,58	43,2820 7,96990 2,07435 6,94455 2,33432 0,776448 1499,40	+1.94 +1.50 +0.77 +0.59 +0.64 +1.05 +1.07	+1.14 +0.70 -0.03 -0.21 -0.16 +0.25 +0.72	± 1.5344 ± 1.6404 ± 1.0981 ± 1.3674 ± 1.5012 ± 1.6684 ± 4.0752			
Changes are for Ecu,	therefore po	sitive change de	ectes a weak	currency.				

POUND SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND

1.6885-1.6895 2.2195-2.2205 3.364-3.374 6250-62-60 11.502-11.51½ 1.1220-1.1230 2.934-3.004 236.76-237.74 194.94-194.82 2166½-2167½ 11.08-11.09 10.04-10.05 2.934-2404 21.02-21.05 2.465-2.475 0.37-0.34c pas 0.41-0.24c pm 1½-1½c pm 1½-1½c pm ½-1½m pm 1½-1½m pm 48-103c ds 69-113c ds 12-1½c pm 5½-6pm ds 1½-1½c pm 5½-6pm pm 1½-1½c pm 5½-6pm pm 1½-1½c pm 1½-1½c pm 0.000.05 pm 0.69-0.55 pm 30-34 pm 30-34 pm 20-34 pm 20-34 pm 188-279 ds 132-212 pm 12-17 ds 12-17 ds 12-12 pm 12-12 pm 12-12 pm 12-12 pm 12-12 pm 26-22 pm 36-22 pm 36-22 pm 2,2098-2,2281 3,361-3,374 62,36-62,45 11,48-11,534 11,170-1,1260 2,964-3,004 236,63-238,56 193,12-194,2 2158-21744 11,002-11,09 10,562-10,623 2.52 1.89 4.45 3.07 -0.45 1.07 6.01 -3.82 -4.33 1.72 0.42 5.62 5.63 140 1.10 3.85 2.27 1.09 0.53 4.75 3.94 -3.58 4.47 0.60 0.26 4.58 4.66 4.96 Portugal ,
Spale
Italy
Norway
France ...
Swedep ...
Japan ...
Austria
Switzenia

Belgian rate is for convertible francs. Florancial franc 62.70-62.80. Sty-month form 1.32-1.27c pm. 12-month 2.15-2.00pm.

OOLLAR	SPOT—F	DRWARD /	AGAINST T	HE D	DULAR	
	Day's			%	Three	%
0ct. 26	spread	Close	One musts	p.z.	months	63
Kt	1.6795-1.6970	1.6885-1.6895	0.37-0.34c pm	2.52	0.70-0.65am	1.60
reland†	1.5065-1.5090	1.5070-1.5080		03.6	0.25-0.23pm	0.60
anada	1,3129-1,3160	1,3150-1,3160	0.06-0.12z es	-0.73	0.15-0.2048	-0.53
letherlands .	1,9870-2,0025	19970-19980		202	1.09-1.03am	2.13
ــــــ بسنوارة	36.85-37:10	37.00-37.10	200-1.00c ors	0.49	9.00-5:00pm	0.76
enmark	6.784-6.834				360-410-5	-226
r. Germany .	1.7655-1.7620	1,7750-1,7760		3.63	1.40-1.35cm	311
ــــــــ يدودان	1402-141	140%-140%	50-100c dis	-6.42	150-300ds	-6.41
pala	224.50-125.20	224.95-225.05	40-90c dis	-6.81	225-275ds	-523
aly	1277-1285	12824-12834	3.80-4.80the dis	-4.04	12,30-14,30ds	-4.16
orwayj	8.57-6.5612	6.56-6.5612	3.65-3.85are dis	-6.90	10.60-10.90ds	-6.60
ance.,	5914-5952	5.94%-5.95	0.35-0.45c day	-0.81	1.20-1.50gs	-0.91
reden	6.251-6.2912		1.10-1.30ore dis	-2.30	2,30-2,50dis	-1.53
pae	141.25-142.30	142.15-142.25		3.14	1.12-1.07pm	3,10
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	N/A	12.70%-12.70%	3.00-2.00gro pm	2.A3	9.00-6.00pm	241

rigand . 1.4555-1.4795 | 1.4620-1.4790 | 0.53-0.48; per | 4.15 | 1.27-1.19pm | 3.37 † UK and Ireland are quoted in US currency. Forward prevalents and discounts apply to the US dollar and no to the legisdade currency. Beigian rate is tor convertible francs. Financial franc 57:10-57:20

0ct. 26	Short term	7 Days notice	One Month	Three Months	Str. Months	One Year
er Mary	91-912	94.92	92-94	92-92	98,914	92,94
S. Dotter	74-7	74-64	71-7	78-74	78-74	8-7%
er Doller	7-64	74-6%	72-74	8-7%	82.84	87,85
أا	5,47	57.47	5-6	54-54	55.5%	57,54
. Franc	17-17-	7-7	34.34	43-44	444	44-48
	32-32	34,34	312-313	44-44	45,45	47.4%
Franc	7月-73	7달-丛	72-75	8-7%	8 <u>2</u> 8 <u>8</u>	92-94
ـــــ عن مط	31-10	104-94	111-101	12-11/2	124-114	124-314
Fr. (Fig.)	6 12 61 6	64-62	67-64	747	72-72	74.72
Fr. (Cos.)	64 -64	7-65	7-65	7-6%	7463	73-7
P	42-42	48-43	48-48	472.472	47-47	47-44
Krone	94-94	10- 72	102-10	102-10	104-104	104-104
100 SSing	7십-6년	73-62	72-72	713-71	74.74	82-84

ro days' : ext; five yo	ees 929	ijers: Two 4. per cen) years 8º Loomissi.	ig-8% per , Short-cer	ent; da O rae z	et years ' re call for	US Dolla	cent; four rs and Jap	r years 9 ancse Ye	e; oth
EXCHA	MGE	CROS	S RA	TES						
0± %	£	Ş	per	Yes	F Fr.	S Fe.	H FL	Lina	C\$	BF
£	1.	1609	2.990	240.3	10.05	2.478	3.573	2167.	2.228	62.1
	0.592	1	1.776	142.2	5.948	1.463	1.998	1283.	1.314	37,5
DM: YEN	0334 4.162	0.563 7.030	1 12.40	60.15 1000.	7321	0.824 10.20	1.125 14.04	20 M	0.741 9.248	20.0 268
F Fr.	0.996	1.601	2,904	299.2	1000	2.450	3.357	2157.	2.230	2
S Fr.	0.405	0.501	1,214	97.27	4.067	L	1.365	877.3	0.899	
HFL	0.297	0.779	0.809	71.24	2979	0.792	1	642.6	0.650	10.
Lina		0.761	1.308	116.9	4.635	1.140	1.556	1000.	1.024	20.
C \$	0.450	0.761	1.358	108.2	4.525	1.113	1.519	976.1	1	24
B Fr.	1.599	2.700	4.792	304.1	16.06	3.949	5.392	3464.	3.549	100

Ven der 1,000: Freech Fr der 10: Lick der 1,000: Beloien Fr der 100 FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

(11.00 a.m. Oct. 26) 3 months U.S. dollars 6 months U.S. dollars 屋 7是 tid 7층 offer 7분 The fixing rates are the arithmetic mains, rounded in offered rates for \$10m quoted by the market to five refu

MONEY RATE		•				
NEW YORK (Launchtime) Protor rote Protor ion rate Fed. foods Fed foods at intervention	9 T 884 S 74 Q	he posts he steets free month fr mysts he year		5.09 For 5.22 Fau 6.16 Sen 6.68 10;	d Bosés te jear typer typer typer typer typer typer	83
October 25	Oversight	One Month	Two Months	Three Months	Six Months	Lombard
vankturt wrist works works works works works with the works were works with the w	3.75-3.85 7-4-7-4 7-11- 5-2-5-2 3.46875 104-107- 5-65 77-81-	3.80-3.95 74-75 3-34 51-54 3.84375 11-111 ₂ 64-64 8-84	3.85-4.00 774-8 87-94	4.60-4.75 84-84 4-44 51-55 3.96875 114-124 74-74 9-94	4,654,80 82,8% 	50 72
ONDON MON	EY RAT	ES	_			

94-94 10° 94° 94° 10° 91₂ 9 91₂ 9 91₃ 9 11-642 a take-up of Treasury bills drained f921m, with Exchequer transactions absorbing 2440m, and bank balances below target Sterling CDs.
Local Authority Deps.
Local Authority Bonds
Distount Hist, Deps. 95 <u>~</u> 92 94 83 92 740-7.55 62-65 76-72 8.05-8.00 711-611 711-711 In Frankfert call money rose to

3.80 per cent from 3.65 per cent, as banks bid for funds to meet end of ECU Links De ting pressure in the market for another immediate cut in UK. Sanks ran down their reserve holdings at the bank base rates.

Three-month interbank fell to Thursday, from DM 45.7bn on Wednesday, but are not expected after touching 94-9 per cent. The Bank of England initially forecast a money market shortage forecast a money market shortage forecast a money market shortage.

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Gilts and bonds remain firm

LIFFE E/S OPTIONS £25,800 (casts per £1)

Close High Low 91.12 97.30 91.00 91.12 97.30 91.00 91.10 91.10 91.11 91.40 91.03 91.09 91.09 91.09 91.09 91.07 (12,873) ted Volume 11,277 (12,873) is day's open las. 16,265 (18,572)

Ciose High Low Prex. 165.00 166.00 160.00 172.50 169.50 — 177.00 d volume 5,064 (3,699) day's open lot. 9,617 (8,629)

92.40 92.25 91.77 91.27 91.19

High 92.65 92.45 91.92 91.50 91.19

ne 10,622 (15,472)

Close High Low Prov. 87-21 88-17 87-08 87-00 86-24 86-15 86-15 86-03 sated Volume 12,524 (26,079) ins, day's open int. 16,334 (16,332)

High Low 14885 14825 14850 14780 14780 —

High Low 1,6925 1,6845 1,6785 1,6785

THREE-MONTH EURODOLLAR Sim points of 100%

U.S. TREASURY BONDS 8% \$100,000 32mis of 100%

CURRENCY FUTURES

IMM-STEPLING So par &

POUND-\$ (FOREIGN EXCHANGE) Spot 1-orth, 3-reth, 6-reth, 12-orth, 1,6890 1,6854 1,6822 1,6760 1,6682

LIFFE-STERLING E25,080 \$ per £

Close 1,6965 1. 1,6765 1.5. 1,6745 (1.6) value 27 (1.6) vapen int, 300 t

BUYING OF Government bonds continued as the gloom in equi, losses, but on a much smaller markets deepened yesterday. Scale. Fears about sharp losses in Hong The fall in Far East share prices Kong share prices, after the market's recent closure, were fulfiled cent in Australian equities, and led. Margin requirements were London opened on a predictable in the Hong Kong futures weak note. The FTSE 100 index in the Hong Kong futures began trading 109.7 lower at exchange as the stock index 1,885.5, indicating a fall of about 6 plunged 33 per cent. This set the LIFFE LONG CALT FUTURES GPTIONS
Shrina Calis—Lant Puts—Lant
Price Dec March Dec March
104 16.26 16.37 0.09 0.09
106 14.27 14.44 0.01 0.16
108 12.28 12.55 0.02 0.27
110 10.31 11.07 0.05 0.43
112 8.33 9.29 0.07 1.01
114 6.46 7.60 0.20 1.32
115 5.00 6.35 0.38 2.07
118 3.27 5.19 1.01 2.55
Edinated volume total, Calis 8,449 Pats 3,657
Prev. day's open int: Calis 51,274 Pats 38

LIFFE US TREASURY Bobb PUTURES OPTIONS
Surfue Calls—Last Puts—Last
Price Dec March Dec March
76 11.44 11.17 0.02 0.33
78 9.47 9.37 0.05 0.53
80 7.55 8.00 0.13 1.16
82 6.06 6.37 0.28 1.53
84 4.33 5.20 0.55 2.36
86 2.13 3.20 2.35 4.36
88 2.13 3.20 2.35 4.36
90 1.28 2.34 3.50 5.50
Estimated volume total, Calls 298 Puts 233
Previous day's open late Calls 3,055 Pats 1,926

per 513

Calls—Lest
Dec. Jan. Mar. Ner
19:10 14:10 14:10 0.0
9:10 9:10 9:42 0.0
9:10 9:523 5:99 0.2
1:20 2:55 3.45 2.0
0.08 0.33 0.83 11.0
0:04 10:2 1.79 6.1
0:05 0.33 0.83 11.0
0:05 0.33 0.83 11.0
0:05 0.33 0.83 11.0 Puts—Last Dec. Jan. 0.00 — 0.02 0.14 0.18 0.59 0.98 1.79 3.15 4.11 6.83 7.58 11.43 11.89 Strike Price 1.45 1.50 1.55 1.60 1.65 1.70 1.75 1.45 3.40 6.65 Mar. 0.50 1.05 2.30 4.40 7.55 17.50 Mar. Nov. 15.40 0.30 10.45 0.30 6.40 0.45 3.60 1.80 1.85 5.40 1.85 5.40 9 Parts 109 Nov. 0.00 0.00 0.01 9.27 2.09 6.17 11.09 0.30 0.35 0.35 0.55 2.65 6.00 16.50

LIFFE FT-SE 100 INDEX PUTURES OPTIONS
Strike Calls—Last Puts—Last
Price Oct. Nov. Oz. Nov.
18750 2.44 5.62 24.94 28.12
19000 2.06 5.07 27.06 30.07
19250 1.75 4.56 29.23 32.06
19500 1.45 4.10 31.45 34.10
19750 1.21 3.68 33.71 36.18
20000 1.00 3.30 36.30 38.30
20250 0.68 2.64 40.68 42.64
Estimated volume total, Calls 72 Pats 175

Parts Oz. 7 24.94 7 27.96 29.23 31.45 33.71 36.00 38.39 4 4 1 Parts 0 2 Parts 175

LIFFE-EURODOLLAR OPTIONS Sim points of 100% Calis—Last
Dec. Mar. Jun. 8.
2.21. 2.59 2.24 2.
2.57 2.46 2.03 3
2.33 2.24 1.83 1
1.86 1.82 1.45 1
1.63 1.62 1.27 1
1.40 1.43 1.11 1
4.87 1.88 Calis 2,776
1 Voi: Calis 69 Puts 73 -Lest Jun. 0.23 0.27 0.32 0.38 0.44 0.51 0.60 Pets Jan. 0.15 0.30 0.30 0.60 — 1.10 1.20 1.85 12.05 2.75 3.20 4.05 4.85 5.60 \$ept. Dec. 2.02 0.01 1.83 0.02 1.65 0.03 1.49 0.04 1.31 0.06 1.16 0.08 1.01 0.18 76 Pats 2,708 Mar. 11.50 9.40 5.95 4.50 3.40 2.40 1,721 Puis br. Hov.
50 —
40 —
50 —
50 —
50 —
50 115
50 115
40 220
40 435
Pals 75,490 11.30 9.05 7.16 5.30 3.75 2.55 190 Mar. 0.90 1.25 2.75 3.75 5.40 6.60 **CHICAGO** 29-YEAR 12% HETIOKAL EILT ESO,880 32mb of 180% Close High Low Prev. 120-13 121-18 119-30 118-04 120-13 121-14 120-14 118-07 of volume 49,893 (59,328)

0.7065 0.7077 0.7157 0.7135 0.7195 0.7190 --- 0.7250 -- 0.7305 Close High 0.7079 0.7097 0.7130 0.7157 0.7195 0.7175 Extract High Low 57-12 88-12 88-12 88-12 88-12 88-12 88-13 88-19 88-19 88-19 88-19 88-19 88-05 88-09 83-27 83-27 83-27 82-08 82-17 82-08 86-18 85-21 84-27 84-03 82-13 82-25 81-08 80-26 80-13 Close High 0.5675 0.5675 0.568 0.5708 0.5746 0.5788 Low 0.5654 0.5692 0.5745 Previous 0.5645 0.5682 0.5226 0.5772 0.5822 U.S. TREASURY BILLS (IMM) Sim points of 100% High Low 92.60 92.35 92.38 92.18 91.78 91.65 91.30 90.20 90.95 90.90 90.72 90.60 90.50 90.40 90.33 90.30 Prev. 90.72 90.71 90.72 90.69 90.68 High 0.6888 0.6940 0.7015 0.7050 Low Prev. 0.6855 0.6823 0.6913 0.6878 0.7000 0.6938 — 0.7008 Close High 237.08 248.20 233.00 237.00 235.55 238.00 238.50 239.00 Sept. Dec. Mar.

VALUE OF

CURRENCY

COUNTRY

COUNTRY

Financial **GRAND PRIX**

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VALUE OF

CURRENCY

EWORLD VALUE OF THE POUND

istions: (A) approximate rate, no direct quotation available; (F) free rate; (P) based on U.S. dollar purities and going sterling-dullar rates; (T) tourist rate; (Bas) basic rate; ying rate; (Bit) basicers' rate; (cm) commercial rate; (ch) convertible rate; (fn) financial rate; (ext) exchange certificate rate; (nc) non commercial rate; (nom) nominal; (a) official rate; (sg) selling rate; (c) controlled rate,

CURRENCY

COUNTRY	CURRENCY	£ STERLING	COUNTRY	CURRENCY	£ STERLING	COUNTRY	CURRENCY	£ STERLING
Alghanistan	Afghani	99,25				Pararesi	Balbon	1.6890
Attack	Argusta Lek	10.3162	6pacs	Cedi	293.103	Papus New Guinea	Kinz	1.4975
Alteria	Dieter	7.8876	Gibraltar	Gibraltar £	1.0	Paradulty	Coroni	/ 541.28
Andorra	French Franc	10.0450	Greece	Drachma Danish Krone	230.85 11.5100			11446.23
	Spanish Peseta	194.6B	Grenada	E. Caribbean S	4.56			(exc(o)26.68 33.64
Angola	Kwanza	50.03	Guadaloupe	Local Franc	10.0450	Peru	Leti	48.88
Antigue	E. Caribbean \$	4.56 ∫(F) 6.8965	Gerant	U.S. S	1.6890	reib	MIM	69.00
Argentina (17)	Austral	(6) 5.9203	Gustamala	Coetzal	£1.6890	Philippines	Philippine Peso	34.00
		3.0402		-	(F) 4.5709	Pitcalm Islands	/E Sterling	_
Arste	Fioria Australian S	3.3715	Golmea	Franc	574.26		New Zealand \$	2.6090
Alstria	Schilling	21.035	Guines-Steen	Peso Cagassese \$	1097.85 15.11	Poland	Zioty Escusio	503.76
Azores	Portuguese Escudo	237.25	anders	enlance a		Peerto Rico	U.S. \$	237.25 1.6890
Balkarras	Bahama S	1.6890	Ha l ti	Courde	B.4450	Catar	Ostari Rosi	6.1235
Bahrah	Diggs:	0.6345	Honduras	Lenspira	3.40 13.1905	Resentes iste de la	French Franc	10.0450
Balearic Islands	Spanish Peseta	194.68	Hong Kong	H.K. \$ Forial	78.5458	Remarks	Leu	(N/C) 16.32
Bangladesh	Taka	51.40	Hungary			Regards	Rwanda Franc	130.18
Bartiades	Barbados \$	3.3971		icelandic Kroma	6470	St. Christopher	E. Caribbean S	4.56
Belgium	Belgian Franc	(cm) 62.55	India	Indian Rupee Rupiah	21.75 2777.41	St. Helena	St. Heletz £	1.00
-	8.5	(fn) 62.75 3.3780	Indonesia	Risi	118.20	St. Lucia	E. Caribbean \$	4.56
Belize	C.F.A. Franc	502.25	1/20	traci Disar	0.5233	St. Plerre	Local Franc	10.0450
Bermuda	Bermudian S	1.6890	Irish Republic	Pant.	1.1225	St. Vincent	E. Caribbegu \$	4.56
Bhutan	Nasitrum	21.75	israel	Shekel	2.69	Samos American San Marino	U.S. \$ Italian i.i-a	1.6890
Bolivia	Betwiano	(a) 3.5469	italy	Ura _	2167.00	São Tomé & Principe	Dobra	2167.00 59.144
Botswara	Pula	2.7990	Ivory Coast	C.F.A. Franc	502.25	Saud Arabia	Sandi Rvai	6.332B
8/3211	Cruzado	92.41	Jamaica	Jamakan Dollar	9.06	Senegal	C.F.A. Franc	502.25
British Virgin Islands	U.S. \$ Rousel S	1.6890 3.5070	Japan	Yes	240.25	Seychelles	S. Ropee	9.25
Brunei	Lev	1.3860	Jo-426	Jordanian Dinar	0.5750	Sterra Leone	Leone	(o) 50.29
Buridgo Faso	C.F.A. Franc	502.25	Kampuhea	Riel	N/A	Singapore	Singapore S	3.5070 3.3700
Barries	Kyat	10.8865	Kenya	Kenya Shiffing	28.40	Solomon Islands Somali Republic	Seloman Is. S Semali Shilling	33700 203.02
Berind	Burundi Franc	205.86	Kirthati	Australian \$	3.3715			/(CmJ 3.4195
Carreroon	C.F.A. Franc	502.25	Korea (North)	Was	1.5877 1354.81	South Africa	Rand	((Fa) 5.8303
Canada	Canadian \$	2.2200	Korea (South)	Won Kowaiti Dipar	0.47125	Spain	Pesetz	194.68
Canary Islands	Spanish Peseta	194.68	NAME	United Pater		Spanish ports in		
Cape Verde Islands	Cape V. Escudo	150.78 1.4103	Lacs	New Kip	59.1150	North Africa	Peseta.	194.68
Cayman Islands Cent. Afr. Republic	Cayman Isles \$ C.F.A. Franc	502.25	Lebenou	Lebanese £ Maheti	667.16 3.4195	Sri Lanks Sudan Republic	S.L. Rupee Sudan £	50.90 4.2225
Clad	C.F.A. Franc	502.25	Liberia	Maket Liberian \$	1.6890	Surfaces 4	S. Guilder	3.0149
Chille	Chileen Peso	392.94	Litra	Librat Dinar	0.5018	Swaziland	Liameni	3.4195
Chica	Resmirable Yugas	6.2642	Liechtenstelle	Swiss Franc	2,4700	Sweden	Swedish Krone	10.6200
Colombia	Col. Peso	435.34	Luciensbourg	Lizzentourg Franc	62.55	Switzerland	Swiss Franc	2.4700
Compro Islands	C.F.A. Franc	502.25 502.25	Marao	Paters	13,5843	Syrta	Syrian £	(a) 6.6293
Congo (Brazzaville) Costa Rica	C.F.A. Franc	110.38	Madeira	Portuguese Escado	267.25	Taiwan	New Talwan \$	50.535
Cuba	Cuban Peso	1.3254	Makeasy Republic	M.G. Franc	1902.25	Taszania	Ten. Shilling	121.20
CYDRUS	Cypres £	0.7930	Majori	Kwarha	3.6955	Thailand	Sabt C.F.A. Franc	42.90 502.25
		(com) 8.90	Malaysia	Ringgit	4.2480	Torge (plands	Palance	23735
<u> Czechoskaskia</u>	Koruna	nc 15.51	Maldive Islands	Ruflyrz	11.8230 502.25	Trinidad & Tobaco	Trinidad & Tob. S	6.0804
		(m 15.05	Mali Republic	C.F.A. Franc Maitese E	05725	Tunisla	Tunislan Dister	1.4021 (91)
Decreterk	Danish Kroner	11.5100	Marticles	Local Franc	10.0450	Turkey	Turkish Lien	1577.79
Diffourti Republic of	Dilberti Franc	298.59	Macritania	Cognitys	126.34	Turis & Calcos Islands	U.S. \$	1.6890
Dominica	E. Caribbeau \$	4.56	Macritius	Maeritian Rupse	21.75	Turaki	Australian S Uganda Shifting	2.3715 98.00
Dominican Republic	Dominican Peso	5.9453	Mezico	Mexicae Peto	2752.83	United States	U.S. S	1.6890
_	_	(G) 268.95			\2720.64 10.0450	Urreasy	Uniquay Peso	434.29
Ecoador	Secre	(f) 343.37	, Miquelas	Local Franc Franch Franc	10.0450	United Arab Emirates .	U.A.E. Dirtem	6.2018
Egypt	Ecvetion £	3.679	Moraco ,	remer reme Togrik	5.6674	USSR	Rouble	1.0504
El Salvador	Colon	8.4575	Moogoika	E. Caribbean \$	456	Varieti	Vatu	179.00
Equatorial Guinea	C.F.A. Franc	502.25	Maracea	Dirtam	13.58 (co)	Vaticas	Italian Live	2157.00
Ethlopia	Ethiopian Birr	3.4777	Mozambique	Metical	682.36			(4) 7.23
Falkland Islands	Falkland Isles £	1.0	•		3.4195	Venezuela	Bothar	(3) 12.67
Farne Islands	Danish Kroner	11.5100	Namble	S.A. Rand Australian S	3.3751			(6) 56.41
Fiji (stands	Fiji \$	2.5375	Nasre Islands Napal	Australian > Nenalesa Rusea	95.47	Vietnam	Dong	135.20
Fistend	Marida	7.2670	Rethertants	Colider	33725	Virgin Islands U.S	U.S. \$	1.6890
France	Franc	20.0450	Hetherland Autilies	Antillan Cuilder	3.0402	Western Samoa	Tata	(A) 3,3029
French C'ty in Africa	C.F.A. Frans	502.25	New Zenhard	N.Z. S	2.6090	Yemen (North)		-
French Gulana	Local Franc	16.0450	Nicaragea	Conduba	3721.30	Yemen (South)	Ryal S. Yemen Dinar	(A) 17.20 0.5799
French Pacific Islands .	G.P.P. Fr200	181.14	Niger Republic	C.F.A. Franc	502.25	Yugoslavia	New Y. Disar	03/43 1510.17
Caban	C.F.A. Franc	502.25	Nigeria	Naire	7.4750			
Carolia	Calesi	12.5662	Norway	Norwegian Krone	21.0850 ,	Zaire Republic	Zaire	196.844
Cermany (East)	Osimark	2.9975	Onsee Sultanate of	Rial Omanii	0.6475	Zentria	Kyractia Zjimbabwe \$	13.84
Germany (West)		29975	Pakistan	Pakistan Ropes	28.95	Zimbabwe	Characters 2	2.85

#Rate is the transfer market (controlled). ## Now one official rate. (1) Essential goods. (2) Preferential rate for priority imports such as flootstuffs. (4) Preferential rate. (5) Preferential rate. (6) Free rate for luxury imports, resilicances of money abroad and foreign travel. (7) Parallel rate. (9) Banknote rate. (10) Rate for exports. (14) Nearly all business transactions. (15) Nigerta, Auction price for dollar N/A. (16) Bollvia, New Currency Ingroduced (Bollviano, worth Im Pesos) Jan 1, 1987. (17) Argenting two tiger system introduced October 13, 1987.

Trade Indemnity EXPORT CREDIT INSURANCE. 01739 9939.

WORLD MARKETS

FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by the Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd., in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL WARKETS		FRID	AY OCTOBER	23 1987	THURSDAY OCTOBER 22 1987				_ DOLLAR INDEX		
Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per grouping	US Dollar Index	Day's Change %	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	Gross Div. Yleid	US Dollar Index	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	1987 High	1987 Low	Year ago (approx)
Australia (90) Austria (16) Belgium (48) Canada (129) Denmark (38) France (122) West Germany (93) Hong Kong (46) Ireland (14) Italy (95) Japan (458) Malaysia (36) Mexico (14) New Zealand (27) New Zealand (27) Norway (24) South Africa (61) Spain (43) Sweden (34)	133.19 123.12 85.14 131.71 124.77 292.74 102.87 104.67 139.21 108.82 149.91 145.40 116.06	-65 +0.1 -1.7 -0.3 +0.0 -0.5 -0.2 +0.0 +2.2 -1.6 -3.8 -9.6 -0.2 +3.0 -3.4 -0.5 -0.2 -7.8 -7.8 -7.8 -7.8 -4.0 -7.8 -4.0 -7.8 -4.0 -7.8 -4.0 -7.8 -4.0 -7.8 -4.0 -7.8 -4.0 -7.8 -4.0 -7.8 -7.8 -7.8 -7.8 -7.8 -7.8 -7.8 -7.8	105.72 85.08 98.65 94.12 97.77 80.44 77.87 117.75 108.85 75.87 116.44 110.31 258.80 92.53 125.81 132.53 132.53 132.54	111.00 90.22 104.03 103.60 85.93 133.64 116.78 81.8.77 121.33 520.91 135.95 104.57 113.03 106.37	3.56 2.29 4.54 2.85 2.20 3.64 3.83 2.29 3.64 3.63 2.71 3.71 3.71 3.71 3.71 3.71	127.90 96.11 113.52 106.77 110.59 91.41 87.29 133.25 120.46 86.52 136.85 138.08 99.79 108.40 139.97 124.98 162.61 148.69	174.93 86.36 102.01 99.37 82.14 119.73 106.23 77.74 122.97 124.07 263.52 89.66 97.40 125.76 112.30 146.11 133.60 103.65	118.72 90.58 100.79 101.79 104.58 82.30 133.44 114.88 84.55 125.09 134.89 89.10 122.60 122.60 122.60 131.85 108.99	180.81 102.87 134.89 141.78 124.83 127.82 104.93 158.68 160.22 112.11 161.28 193.64 422.59 131.41 138.99 185.01 174.28 198.09 168.81 136.64	99.92 85.53 96.19 100.00 98.18 90.91 94.00 96.89 97.50 98.24 100.00 98.27 95.89 83.93 100.00 99.29 100.00 100.00 90.85	90.12 94.24 89.34 97.69 97.97 92.14 89.56 81.04 103.13 84.60 99.96 82.41 93.42 79.49 102.05 101.42 85.75 98.91
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Esrope (952) Patific Basin (660) Esro—Pacific (1632) North America (712) Europe Ex. UK (617) Pacific Ex. Japan (222) World Ex. UK (1836) World Ex. UK (2084) World Ex. So. Af. (2358) World Ex. Japan (1961)	106.10 130.95 121.06 101.57 94.73 121.95 120.96 112.25 113.09 104.53	-05 -38 -27 -03 -02 -44 -27 -20 -18 -07	93.80 115.77 107.02 89.79 83.75 107.82 106.93 99.24 99.98 92.41	96.40 118.51 109.70 101.31 88.07 115.21 109.70 106.49 106.71 100.70	3.41 0.78 1.70 3.62 2.87 3.51 1.77 2.24 2.41 3.54	106.62 136.13 124.37 101.85 94.96 127.56 124.25 114.50 115.15 105.22	95.80 122.31 111.75 91.51 85.33 114.62 111.65 102.88 103.47 94.55	98.32 124.76 114.22 101.60 89.50 120.54 114.14 109.58 101.91	130.02 158.77 143.65 137.55 111.97 164.03 143.38 138.82 139.47 134.22	99.78 100.00 100.00 94.04 93.70 99.92 100.00 100.00 100.00	92.81 84.97 88.07 99.15 95.21 89.73 88.39 92.86 92.65 94.46

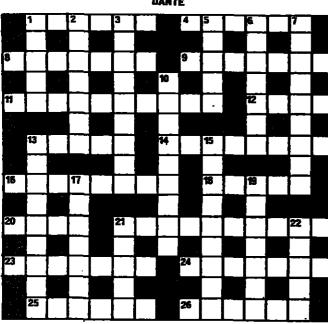
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TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS: 66,424

FT CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 6,466



with commonsense (7)
7 Continues to be stubborn even though the cane's produced (6, 3)
10 He had a youthful following (4.5)

Solution to puzzle No. 6.465

BANDOF BRIOTHERS
S B I I E U S A
T RAIN EXECRATED
R N E L V N O D
ENDURED EXAMPLE
A COMPENSION SINCE
INC. ABSTINENT
UNDERWEAR EVENT
N K U C O

(4, 5) 13 Kids drink it (5, 4)

- ACROSS
 1 Derby cricketer (6)
 4 Condescends to take work on board (6)
 8 Alone and helpless (7)
 1 Continues to be stubborn
- 9 If a man is willing, this may be added (7) 11 A sign of economy afoot (10) 12 A classic feature of English
- woods (4)
 13 Such zest is nothing more than wind (5)
 14 Sharing a difference of opinion (8)
 16 Risk a wet form of sport? (53)
 17 It's obvious I've turned up to make an impression (7)
 19 Sphere of vision (7)
 21 American lawyer without force or emotion (5)
 22 Inclines to be quixotic? (5)

- 18 Conservative-Labour split (5) 22 Inclines to be quixotic? (5) 20 A way one takes wine (4) 21 They give details of reduced
- fares (4. 6)
 23 Interval elapsing before giving sentence to a convict (4-

- 24 Label in slipper means it can
- be changed (7) 25 Gear-case? (3-3) 26 Confuses clergyman in jumble sale (6)
- DOWN
- 1 Settle in or out of court (5)
 2 They serve, but swear badly about it (7)

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Hill Samuel Base Rate

CORRECTION

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26th October, 1987, Hill Samuel's Base

Rate for lending will be decreased

from 10% to 9.5% per annum.

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LONDON SHARE SERVICE

INSURANCES—Continued	PAPER, PRINTING—Continued	TEXTILES—Cont.	FIRANCE, LAND—Cont.	CIL AND GAS—Continued	MINES—Continued
Price Rec	High Law Stock Price - Net C'w Gr's Price 256 100 440 organic Group Sp 246 -2 152 247 29 15.7 116 78 744 745	200 130 Caskerre 100 1390 -207 3.07 223 22 128 129 129 129 135 3.0 137 3.6 129 135 3.0 137 3.6 129 138 3.07 227 Dancas intl	1964 Low Stock Price Met Cor Ge's	36: 19- Cathore-motives 233, 31, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 1	16 26 Olimpelio Mark 28 62
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195 145 Hearthwell Lawrence ster (control telecome) 145 Hearthwell 150 -15 13.5 3.5 3.2 12.2 13.5 15 13.5 15 15.1 1	215-740 Minutative Ests. Sp. 250 -130 6.015.8 1.0 9.0 183 109 Mexicion (A. 8.1) 137 -8 5.94 1.5 6.1 18.0 265 98 Mex Convenient Sp. 170 -30 41.5 0.5 1.2 98 105-Mex Convenient Sp. 35 -11	112 65 First Spannesh I.T. 50 67 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	10 60 Do. Warrants 60 5	348 157 Elsburg R1 189 -60 626 1.0 4.1 95 995 304 Martebees 10c 456 -77 17 -76 10125c 1.9 5.1 1794 1014 1015 1015 1015 1015 1015 1015 101	Herger bid or reorganisation in progress. Not comparable. Some inserim: reduced final add/or reduced earnings indicated. Forecast dividend; cover on earnings supdated by laxest interim statement. Cover allows for conversion of states not now ranking for dividends or ranking only for restricted dividend.
271 155 Lancator 1990 27.7 15.7 27.9 27.9 27.9 27.9 27.9 27.9 27.9 27	250 66 Particula Hidgs, LOp. 190 -30 2.0 2.8 2.2 22.5 4634 27. Parcity 390 -30 40.5 21. 24.5 27. Parcity 390 -45 40.5 4	233 146 Fleming For Extern	283 1106 Nething Georg 200 200 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201	115 440 Venterspot R1 887 -47 0710d 1.9 10.8 237 Western Areas R1 518 -29 Olido 7.6 1.5 464 224 Stettern Deep R2 125 49 Zamban 10t 125 49 Zamban 10t 125 49 Zamban 10t 125 49 Zamban 10t 126 -3 023.3c 1.0 6.7 125 1	2. Cover does not allow for shares which may also rank for dividend at a future date. No PTE ratio essually provided. 8. Fr. Belgias Francs. Fr. French Francs. §§ Yield based on assumption Treasury Bill Rate stays unchanged until entirity of stock. a Annualloed dividend. In Proports based on programments or other other estimate.
NEWSPAPERS, PUBLISHERS	135 155	165 103 Foreign & Cot 1252 - 8-7 11.4 1.0 2.5 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	138 90 Raland KS	1124 750 F.S. Conc. Gold 50t	c Cents. 6 Dividend rate guid or physble on part of capital, cover based on dividend on full capital, e Resignation yield, 6 Thet yield, g Assumed dividend and yield. It Assumed dividend and yield. It Assumed dividend and yield after scrip issue, previous total, a Rights issue pending, q Earnings based on preliminary figures. 8 Dividend and yield exclude a special payment. I indicated dividend; cover relates to previous dividend, PE ratio based on listest
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642 G21 Daily Mail W 50p 525 5 166.0 1.0 33 40.6 5272 149 EMAP 170 271 63.0 2.9 2.4 19.3 40.0 272 149 EMAP 170 2722 1117 18.6 1.7 5.4 15.1 430 30.0 Hayrier Pat 20p 353 -10 4.0 16.5 4.6 15.3 5.1 117 18.6 1.7 5.4 15.1 4.0 1.6 5.4 15.3 5.1 117 18.6 1.7 5.4 15.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1	534 123 Sheep Eas 25 -15 16 2 2 41 151 (29 C14) 15 (29 C14) 15 (29 C14) 15 (20	22 10°s Do Warrants 16	238 109 Birt Horse Lasas 750 143 -25 11.37 1.9 1.2 62.6 529 (109) Ros 600 Lin 2005 1547 -270 (87% - 5.4 - 1	113 774 Impair Pint. 20: 780 100% (10 3.0 6.1 6.10 570 kg/minr) 275 113 655 Inn. 10: 773 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 1	estimates for 1988-87. © Assumed dividend and yield after pending surlp and/or rights Issue. N Dividend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1988. K Dividend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1987-86. L Estimated somatised dividend, cover and pre based on largest annual servings. M Dividend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1987-89. B Dividend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1987. P Figures based on prospectus, or other official
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Last Account
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Heavy fails in the Far Eastern markets, later reflected in a renewed slide on Wall Street in early trading, set the stage yesterday for another savage setback in London's equity sector.

On the eve of the anniversary of Ris Rang Day the market was of Big Bang Day, the market was obliged to say farewell to the remaining shreds of the 31 per cent gain for 1987 shown by the FT-SE Index at its mid-July peak of 2443.4.

Once again, it was a volatile session with share prices rallying at the end of the day when the UK Treasury confirmed that it was considering representations from the institutional underwriters of the Politic Potential derwriters of the British Petro-

leum share issue. Government bonds continued to move up strongly in a "flight to quality" by investors dis-tressed by the 26.8 per cent fall in share prices over the past six trading days. Long Gitts closed with gains stretching to 2½ points on good domestic and overseas demand.

Equities opened with substantial falls as marketmakers and professional traders sought to protect themselves against the implications of the heavy fall with which the Hong Kong market returned to trading af-

dent in the market fundamen-tals. I would like to be a buyer at these levels, said one trader, adding hastily, but it is impos-sible until there is some action

over the US deficit.

The slump on far eastern markets, although widely predicted by the media, was worse than expected and proved extremely damaging to financial markets

The big-four banks were on the retreat from the outsetwith

NatWest finally down 67 at 5430, after 533p. Standard Chartered, where dealers began to get un-easy about the far eastern share stakes in the company, plum-meted 50 more to 493p. Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank were extremely weak during after hours trading when the shares fell away to close 26 d own at 44p - a 21 per cent discount to the closing level in Hong Kong-Merchant banks moved lower Merchant banks moved lower across a broad front. Morgan Grenfell were upset by receding bid hopes and worries over securities trading and dropped to 270p before rallying strongly late in the day to close a net 59 off at 290p. J. Rethschild Heldings initially fell back to 115p but later rallied to close 21 off at 133p as broking house Cazenove offered 130p a share for up ove offered 130p a share for up to 20m shares in the company.

Insurances suffered another market returned to trading after its suspension.

The UK market remained on the downside for the rest of the day, although rumours that the BP issue might yet be postoponed brought several attempted rallies. BP shares fell heavily again, and the closing price of 266p left considerable exposure at the underwriting firms which paid 330p just before the market collapsed.

Insurances suffered another major setback amid growing fears over the recent hurricane and floods. Commercial Union, which held up well last week in the disasters, came under heavy pressure, closing 33 off at 325p, while Regulation and the closing price of 266p left considerable exposure at the underwriting firms which paid 330p just before the market sollapsed.

paid 330p just before the market collapsed.

At the close, a fall of 111.1 put the FT-SE 100 Index at 16841.
On the last trading day of 1986, the FT-SE closed at 1679 after edging up from the 1660 area over the Christmas period.

At its worst level yesterday, the index was down 157 points as private investors sold stock into a market largely emptied of buyers. The major institutions remained unwilling to enter the equity sector until the global marketplace settles down.

pansion in UK financial market, slumped 41 to 159p.

Fears that President Reagan would be forced to increase excise duties rather than raise personal levels of taxation, put leading Brewery groups with US interests under fresh pressure.

Allied-Lyons closed 23 down at 318p while Guinness fell 16 to 50p.

At its worst level yesterday, the index was down 157 points as private investors sold stock into a market largely emptied of 520p. Bass gave up 28 at 792p.

Closure of Scottish & Newcas-tle's cash alternative offer of over the Christmas period.

At its worst level yesterday, the index was down 157 points as private investors soid stock as private investors soid stock allied-Lyens closed 23 down at 3189 while Guinness fell 16 to 263p. Bass gave up 28 at 792p. Closure of Scottish & Newcast marketplace settles down.

The firmness in the pound whitch helped maintain the strength of the bond market, sterms remain open, left strength of the bond market, matter Brown 66 lower at 263p. Seottish & Newcast hanging over the major blue chip exporting shares.

Widespread rumours that UK base rates might be cut again proved unfounded, but discouraged some tracking and Development Capitals and Development Capitals and Development Capitals and Development Capitals who market customers.

The late rally in the market encouraged some tracking professionals who market customers.

The late rally in the market encouraged some tracking professionals who market are some tracking professionals who market customers.

The late rally in the market encouraged some tracking professionals who market are some tracking professionals who market customers.

Leading Buildings gave fresh pressure, the pressure, the pressure, the share, and that of %, on the day. Lapace and that fuely. So down at 212 so 2610% a fall of %, on the day. Lapace and that fuely. So down at 212 so 2610% as full of % on the day. Lapace and that fuely. Lapace and disped 50 to 261p. The flat further 34 to 365p and Yorkshire Chemicals disped 50 to 261p. The flat further 34 to 365p and Yorkshire Chemicals disped 50 to 261p.

Stores suffered along with other sectors. Harks and Spensore excheduled to announce interim figures on Wednesday.

The firmness in the pound whithstart and the strength of the bond market, attendative fresh pressure, the share of the charge. Losses were well study. Lapace for 610% a fall of % on the day. Lapace 18 flowers at 510p. Stores suffered along with other sectors. Harks and Spensore excheduled to announce interim figures on Wednesday.

The firmness in the pound

Equity sector continues to slide while Government

bonds again attract good demand

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES												
	0:1	Oct.	Oct	Oct	Oct	Year	19	87	Since Compliation			
	26	23	22	21	20	200	High	Low	High	Low		
Government Secs	83.68	87.50	86.06	85,47	85.21	82.37	93.32 (8/5)	83.73 (1974)	127.4 (97/35)	49.18		
Fixed Interest	93.42	91.96	93,90	91. <i>7</i> 5	91.11	88.76	99.12 (15%)	90.23 - (21)	105.4 (28/11/47)	30.53 (20/75)		
Dr.Grany 4	1307.1	1396.8	1435.3	1527.3	1439.2	1257.8	1,926.2	1,307.1 (26/10)	1,926.2 047(87)	49.4 (26/6/10)		
Gold Mines	350.5	336.4	399.0	396.8	427.6	269.6	497.5 (48)	288.2 (19/2)	734,7 (15/2/83)	43.5 (26/10/71)		
Ord. Div. Yleld	4,67	4.37	4.22	3.97	421	4.45		S.E. A	TIVITY	-!		
Earnings Yld.%(ftsID	21.50	10.76	30.41	9.72	10.33	10.27	· IR	dices ·	Oct. 23	Oct. 22		
P/E Ratio (set) (+)	10.66	11.40	11.78	12.58	11.84	11.93		Baryains		140.5		
SEAQ Bargalos (5 pm)	57,989	74,661	86,240	103.680	78,969	! —	Equity Barry Equity Value		- 6425 6307.6	745.0 5435.0		
Equity Turngver (Em)	_	3021.66	2688.91	2838.13	2814.33	585.81	5-Day Ava	ringe		I		
Equity Bargains	_	99,151	114,974	109,235	80,974	25,546	Gift Edged Equity Ban	Bargalas	- 140.5 596.2	1326 519.4		
Shares Traded (mil)	-	863.4	9191	834.4	, 952.0	271.1	Equity Val		56125	4528.2		
♥ Opening	10 а.т.	111	a.m.	Noon	7 6	l p.mi.	2 p.m		a.m.	4 p.m.		
	1314.6		1.7	1293.9		268.2	1273.		275.7	1281.		
Day's High 1320).6 Da	y's Low I		els 100 Ga Activity 15			ed Int. 1928,	Ordinary 1/2	7/35, Gold Mi	jes 1295		

ing. However, the mood appeared to change late in the session and prices moved away from the day's lowest levels. Blue Circle, down to 289p at one stage, eventually settled 46 lower at 128p. Redland finished 46 down at 366p, after 362p. Tarmac sustained a fresh fall of 34 before closing 22 lower on balance at 208p. Recent takeover favourites such as Barratt Developments and Costain suffered, the former falling 30 to 150p and the latter shedding 58 to 218p. John Laing gave up 55 at 248p and John Mowlem 62 at 313p.

ICI, along with other international stocks, remained under pressure, the price falling to £10% a fall of 34 to 385p. Lower at 312p held up reasonably well following satisfactory preliminary figures.

Foods were relatively resiling to the company have a fall of 34 to 341p.

Stores of Food along with the condition of the most part were confined to single figures and locked its market actively, closing and provided the company have a fall of 34 to 185p.

In the Leisure sector, Air-board elected the company have a fall of 34 to 341p.

Stores of Food along with the suspension price of the company have a fall of 34 to 345p.

In the Leisure sector, Air-board elected the company have a fall of 34 to 345p.

In the Leisure sector, Air-board elected the company lacked the board elected to a change in effective the condined to single figures to some 21m shares. Elsewhere, and some international trading substance in price of a some 21m shares. Elsewhere, and substance is stake in company of around 60 and sometimes to favourite Renters stood out a some 21m shares. Elsewhere, and substance is stake in call of 34 at 468p. Losses, with a fall of 74 at 468p. Losses, of around 60 and sometimes to favourite Renters stood out a substance in processing substance in processing substance in processing substance and fall with a fall of 74 at 468p. Losses, using the fall of 74 at 468p. Losses, using fall of 74 at 468p. Losses,

The late rally in the market encouraged some trading professionals who remain configuration for the face of persistent encouraged some trading professionals who remain configuration for the face of persistent encouraged another severe sell off in Cable & Wireless, which lost 33 to 280p.

well to the fore in the renewed slide. Wellcume slumped 59 to 318p in a low volume of trade, while Fiscus gave up 31 to 249p. Glazo reacted afresh to close %

Lin

Motor sector in general. Lucas tumbled 28 more to 490p and Jaguar, which were also beset by currency considerations, dropped further to establish a low for the year of 327p before settling 62 down on the day at 338p. Commercial Vehicle man-ufacturer EEF fell 33 to 205p while Kwik-Fit retreated 26 to 154p and Dowly 16 to 185p. Dis-

tributors were also hit hard, H.& J.Quick losing 73 to 235p and Appleyard 73 to 235p. Advertising Agencies scam-pered lower under the lead of WFP, 125 worse off at 455p, and Yellswhammer, down 50 at 200p. Snatchi & Snatchi finished 42 cheaper at 345p, a 1987 low of 341p. Heavy falls were also sus-

Day's High 1320.0 Day's Low 1265.1 Each 100 Seek Seet 151026, Phote Int. 1925, SE Activity 1567 * Mile 10.51.

Leading Property Sector where prices gave further substantial ground before steadying and the absence of buying. However, the mood appeared to change late in the session and prices moved away from the day's lowest levels. 183p. STC dropped 15 to 228p; Blue Circle, down to 289p at one stage, eventually settled 46 lowers at 298p. Redland finished 46 own at 366p, after 362p. Tarmac sustained a fresh fall of 34 before closing 22 lower on balance at 208p. Recent takeover dipped 47 to 280p and Hawker, April 1925, SEE Activity 1567 * Mile 10.51. 1925, SEE Activity 156

closed 31 lower at 315p. Dealings resumed in Arthur Weed leading US paint company (Longpert) at 115p compared based in Louisville, Kentucky, with the suspension price of for some \$140m, closed 40 lower 245p folling the announcement at 345p. Bat Industries followed that negotiations which might the reaction in other international of the company have 450p, while Bothmans, a recent control of the company have 450p, while Bothmans, a recent control of the company have have led to a change in energy control of the company have 450p, while Rothmans, a recense been terminated without any speculative favourite, were hard hit and finished 54 cheap-

In the Leisure sector, Airtours slumped 53 to 105p as the board slashed its profits estimate for the year to the end of September '57 from £3.25m to £2m. Resily Useful were sold ahead of today's annual results and closed 60 lower at 505p.

Annual profits much better than analysts forecasts coupled

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1987

MEW HIGHS (E)
BRITISH FUNDS (2), Transport 3pc
1978-88, Treas 2pc I.L. '90, INT BANK
& 0'SEAS GEVT STLE ISS (2), Sweden
13'2pcLn 2010, Utd. Mexican States 16'2
pc, LSANS (2), N'wide Anglia 10'pc
1.8.88, Do 10', pc 22.8.88, TRUSTS (2),
Scot. Nat. Stepped Pf., Do Zero Div Pf. BANKS (12), BREWERS (3),
BUILDINGS (4), CHEMICALS (7),
STORES (10), ELECTRICALS (21),
ENGINEERING (9), FOODS (8),
INDUSTRIALS (99), INSURANCE (10),
LEISURE (9), NEWSPAPERS (3),
PAPERS (5), PROPERTY (18),
SHIPPING (9), TEXTILES (3),
TRUSTS (73), OILS (7), OVERSEAS
TRADERS (5), MINES (26), THIRD
MARKET (4).

upset Tyndall, down 55 at 193p, while MAI reacted 53 to 490p. British & Commonwealth slipped 34 further to 321p and AC Holdings 50 to 600p, but Smith New Court railied 18 to

The speculation surrounding the possible postponement of the BP issue had a minimal ef-fect on other oil and gas shares which were hit by the general market setback and another poor performance by crude oil

prices. Investors paid little heed to an analysis of prospects for Overseas Traders. Traded option contracts to-tailed 47,327, made up of 24,410 calls and 22,917 puts. RP attracted 1,649 calls and 2,151 puts, sentiment clouded by highly

fer. Hanson Trust calls were in demand with some 2,856 trans-acted against only 725 puts.

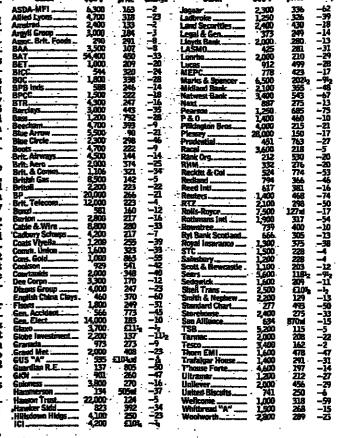
Traditional Options

• First dealings Oct 5
• Last dealings Oct 16
• Last dealings Jan 7

London Share Service cks dealt in for the call in-Stocks dealt in for the call in-cluded Greenwich Resources, Tranwood, Dale Electric, Cable and Wireless, Barratt Develop-ments, Abaca, Ferranti, Rolls-Royce, TSB, Asira Trust, Low and Benar, Norfolk Capital, Blacks Leisure, BBA, GEN, Haz-sen Trust, Midland Bank, South-end Stadium, Dures Estates, Din-kin Hoel, Elswick, BT and Britell Puts were arranged in Rolls-Royce and Jagnar, but no double options were reported. sensitive proposed BP share of "double options were reported.

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS

The following is based on trading volume for Alpha securities dealt durough the SEAQ system



RISES AND FALLS VESTERDAY

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	33 1,389 164 11 532 87 7 83 24 2 6 6 7 130 58 24 198 49		
sh Funds orations, Dominton and Foreign Bonds strials actal and Properties	112 32	0 1 1,389 532	0 22 164 87
5	2 7 24	130	-6 -58
Totals	228	2.339	410

FT-ACTUARIES INDICES

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times. the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

	EQUITY GROUPS	Monday October 26 1987					Fri Oct 23	Thu Oct 22	Wed 0:1 21	Year ago (apprex)	
Fi	gures in parentheses show number of stocks per section	index No.	Day's Change %	Est. Earnings Vield% (Max.)	Gross Div. Yield% (Act at (27%)	Est. P/E Ratio (Net)	xd adj. 1987 to date	Index No.	Index No.	ladex No.	Index No.
1	CAPITAL 600DS (214)	701.81	-9.3	9.98	4.04	12.59	18.27	773.59	798.31	854.68	643.50
Ž	Building Materials (30)	877.67	-9.1	10.59		11.78	22.91	965.27	1826.09	1094.94	775.A6
3	Contracting, Construction (33)	127L09	-12.9	9.81	3.96	13.62	29,46	1459,32	1531.76	1597.74	1000.16
4	Electricals (14)	1868.95	-8.0	9.69		13.47	54.41	2038.66	2087.90	2369.45	1723.64
5]	Electronics (34)	1595.55	-6.6	20.13		12.87	35.33	1708.87		1839.83	
6	Mechanical Engineering (60)		-10.6	9.93	4.36	12.67	11.61	411.41	421.06	453.65	355,72
8	Metals and Metal Forming (7)	385.82	-12.2	10.21		11.93	9.11	439,A2		479.75	328.10
9	Motors (14)	260.03	-11.2	11.19		10.46 13.41	5.86	292.71	303.48 1348.47	331.13 1442.07	253.63 1186.79
10	Other Industrial Materials (22)	1175.24	-8.7 -6.2	8.87 8.30		15.32	36.48 18.71	1059.58		1240.36	913.64
21 22	CONSUMER GROUP (183)	993.88 929.55	-5.3	10.83		11.67	17.52	981.66		1957.79	919.28
25	Food Manufacturing (23)	772,91	-60	9.53		13.54	16.66	1272.06		885.72	699.33
26	Food Retailing (16)	2010.78	-3.4	7.32		18.19	39.67	2083.06		2359.06	1882.66
27	Health and Household Products (10)	1702.77	-7.0	6.60		17.52	16.41	1830.31	1870.93	1972.42	1477.98
29	Leisure (30)	1064.47	-85	7.53		16.59	28.16	1163.57		1268.04	914.83
31	Packaging & Paper (16)	510.64	-7.0	8.09		16.27	11.13	549.31	568.89	614.25	455.86
32	Publishing & Printing (15)	3311.1E	-62	611		20.99	67.89	353L12		1903.86	2434.74
34	Stores (35)	841.67	-6.0	8.39		16.15	16.95	895.64		954.91	856.19
35	Textiles (16)	607.74	-10.1	10.37		11.16	12.57	675.21		763.68	518.55
40	OTHER GROUPS (86)	818.85	-6.9	10.63	4.34	11.72	20.82	879.20	997.70	968.40	767.96
41	Agencies (17)	1008.32	-131	6.23	2.25	21.14	16.79	1160.51	1217,99	1248.15	0.0
42	Chemicals (21)	1021.69	-7.8	9.65	4.50	12.67	33.10	1107.94		1244.52	974.87
43	Conglomerates (13)	1064,78	-6.6	9.65	4.39	11.85	22.33	1140.31		1243.76	0.6
45	Shinning and Transport (11)	1708.70	-5.7	9.92		13.24	51.44	1812.25		2009.44	1494.24
47	Telephone Networks (2)	849.74	-3.4	11.93		11.18	18.98	879.90		960.87	755.40
48	Miscellaneous (22)	1159.63	-8.9	13.05	4.08	9,14	32,87	1273.02	1319.14	1412.98	1069.98
49	INDUSTRIAL GROUP (483)	879,68	-7.2	9.36	3.88	13.46	19.71	947,75	972.98	1033.49	832.99
51	Oil & Gas (17)	1693.57	-6.0	10.12	5.79	12.19	65.73	1802.30	1779,AZ	1867.38	1340.58
59	500 SHARE INDEX (500)	948.70	-7.8	9,47	4.16	1325	23.68	1020.24	1041.49	1104.37	857.72
61	FINANCIAL GROUP (120)	626,45	-7.5		4,93		20.08	677.34	783.10	733.20	600.12
62	Banks (8)	625.68		21.33		6.20	25,98	680.75			646.66
65	Insurance (Life) (9)	893.72	-42	1 =	5.04		32.56	922.12			805.74
86	Insurance (Composite) (7)	486.45	-6.6	1 -	5.66	l -	17.20	520.96			
67	Insurance (Brokers) (B)		-75	12,14		1654	38.19	989.55	1033.41	1658.39	1262.81
68	Merchant Sanks (12)	387.49	-5.8	-	3.41		8.69	412.54	431.04	444,75	341.72
69	Property (48)	943.19	-8.2	5.16		24.97	16.02				
70	Other Financial (28)	402.14	-11.4	8.87	3.98	14.36	10.39	453.71	482.40	501.94	354.11
71	Investment Trusts (88)	884.39	-6.B	-	2.80	_	15.17	948.95	971.64	1014.24	803.68
81	Mining Finance (2)	393.61	-10.9	(11.55		9.75	10.41	443.54		492.30	324.79
91	Overseas Traders (10)	847,18	-10.1	10.87	5.77	10.78	33.95	942.17	1002.35	1889.10	732.35
99	ALL-SHARE INDEX (720)	863,73	-7.2	1 -	4.24	Ľ	22.36	930.33	953.46	1007.47	787.28
÷	712 (117)	Index	Day's	Day's	Day's	001	Sea	Oc.	Sea	Oct	Year
		No.	Change	High	Low	23	22	21	20	19	ago
	FT-SE 100 SHARE INDEX -							1943.			
_	1 1-2¢ TM 3UME INNEY \$	- 1004.1		1 4973/		. 4752	عبيد .	,			
						AGE GR			Mon	Fri	Year
FIVEN INTEDECT					REDE	MPTION	! YIELDS	; I	Oct i	Oct	200

	FIX	(ED I	NTE	REST	į			REDEMPTION YII	ELD\$	0ct 26	0ct 23	(approx.)
	PRICE INDICES	Mon Oct 26	Day's change	Fri Oct 23	xd adj. Loday	xd adj. 1987 to date	1 2 3	Compens 15	5 years 5 years 5 years	8.86 9.25 9.07	9.21 9.58 9.40	9.84 18.40 16.40
3	British Government 5 years 5-15 years Over 15 years Irredeemables	122.98 139.41	+0.81 +1.99 +2.30 +6.53	121.99 136.69 145.23 160.39	- - 4.54	9.45 12.01 12.02 13.35	7	Compores 15 High 5 Compores 15	years	9.42 9.47 9.24 9.50 9.66 9.31 9.07	9.77 9.37 9.61 9.84 9.95 9.64 9.55	11.22 10.78 10.42 11.30 10.98 10.55 10.15
6 7	All stocks	121.21 109.82	+0.77 +0.77 +2.45 +2.29	134.24 120.29 107.20 108.13	0.94 - -	2.18 2.89 2.82	12	Index-Linked Inflation rate 5% Inflation rate 5% Inflation rate 10% Inflation rate 10%	5yrs Over 5 yrs 5 yrs Over 5 yrs	3.34 4.23 3.48 4.26	3.59 4.39 3.72 4.42	4.37 3.82 2.95 3.65
_ 9	Ali stocks	117.93	+2.88	115.90	1.31	9.39	16 17	Dets & Laans	5 years 15 years 25 years	11.23 10.83 18.83	11.30 11.22 11.22	11.58 11.57 11.57
10	Preference	83.17	+0.81	\$2,50		4.95	18	Preference	t	10.99	11.04	11.61

#Opening index 1685.5; 10 am 1685.2; 11 am 1655.5; Noon 1676.2; 1 pm 1640.8; 2 pm 1649.0; 3 pm 1648.6; 3.30 pm 1651.6; 4 pm 1651.3

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS PUTS PUTS Jan. Apr. Jly. Jan. Apr. Jly. Cable & Wife

Method Size 100	(*3 <u>15</u>)	230	쫄	60	60	85 110	230	110	(*11		112	1=	<u> </u>	38	<u>L-</u>
165 16		360 390	줆	49	50 35		130 160	148 170	L-1174	93/07		49	6	613	1 9
Color Colo	British Gas (*138)	140	I —	23	35	_	z	夏	1-23		118	2	1 3	1=	
C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.		協	1 16	=	 =	33	1=	1=	~	Option		Des	: Mar	3.00	D
ELECT. 200 201 401 201 401 201 401 201 40	S.E.C. (*178)	200	17	28	43 37 30	35	18	45	Amsi (*12	rad %)	130 140 160	25 28 10	127	45 38 30	3,4
Figure Max. 440 33 45 50 47 70 80 70 70 80 70 70 40 22 25 50 65 77 70 70 70 70 70 70 7		300 330	28 18	40 30	50 40	60 90	75 105	85 120	Bard (*4)	tys 5)	500	1 20	60 35 25	I 50	l at
Line 1.150 1.20	irgud 18et. (*403)	420 460	38 23	45 35	60 48	40 73	60 90	70 100	Beech (*38	843 (D)	460	13	65 50 33	165	j 75
Japan 90 65 60 70 75 110 125 126 127 20 21 27 20 25 44 45 20 25 25 45 45 115 115 110 1		1150 1200	200 80	140 120	190 130	140 180	160 190	190 210		3)	280	l a	22		K
Securities	Jaguar (*329)	390	45	60	70 65	95 115	770	125	. (*23	9)	280 300	15	끟	12	55 66
Part	ed Securities (*425)	420 460	46 30	-5	50	50 70	80	<u>s</u>	(*29	4) .	350 360	25	1 =	1 -	<u>! -</u>
Britagh	rks & Spea. (*204)	200	28	37	42	! ! 20	 23	27	(-\$10	75)	1100 1200	199	ΙΞ	E	166
Columbia	Britoff	220	12 35	16	22	45 33	=	3		50	300 330	15	20		90
Self Trans. 1000 160 220 270 120 160 190 120 160 190 220 160 190 220 160 180 230 160 190 220 160 4 7 100	iolis-Reyce	140	20	30	45 40	58 35	70	55			1150 1200	125 90 62	130	180	[12
Company Comp	hell Trass.	180	160	220	17 270	120	160	190			130	19	16	20	Ž
Middland Six 390 40 65 80 66 68 673(5) 410 20	itaretoest	300 300	90	40	200 47	180 50	205 50	240 52	Low		180 236	23	1 *	1=	. 65
C-2900 3300 15 25 25 25 26 80 68 C-3453 410 20 40 55 70 TSB		360	32	27 20	22	90	45 90	67	Midde	d Rik	390	18 40		1=_	
Test	(~290)	330 360	12	22		50 85	8				410 420	20		55_	Ŀ
Company Continues Contin	(411)	130 140	3	12	10	27 33	30	32 38		<u>. </u>	360] 3	139	10	4
Option Now Feb May Now Feb May Now Feb May Thorn EM S0 90 400 15 40 50 140	Voolwerth (*2883	300 330 360	30 20 —	S	5	50 45	70	183	(*15	9)	367	12	2	28	Ž
Set Aero									(*15	4)	220 240	6	15	23_	4
(*293)		300			_		_	_	1897X (*46	Ŏ) -	88	13	40	50	1160
(**104)	(*355)	420 460	15 10	35 20	45 35	80 115	90 125	100 130	Unite (*44	 5)	460 500	5 2	75 50	90	55
BAT lods		120	8	115	22	25	30	37			550 360	20	50	50	70
125 126 127 128 128 128 129 128 129	BAT lods		3G	-	-		=	=		-		 ,	1	<u> </u>	
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	Calmon	280 300 330	12	30 17	43	33 50 73	43		Octob 	er 26. T Octobr -	FT-SE Ir 23 F	ladex (T-ŞE li	137 1352 (20	. Pats 3. Es 846. (47.0. 113. Pats :

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Pilidnykou (*209)	240 260 280	139	11	7 3 2 1	0 5	45 60 75	-69 70 82	65 75 85];
Plessey (*146)	160 180 200	15 8 4	2 11	12	5 (30 42 40	25 25 25	40 57 75	<u> </u>
Productial (*750)	800 850 900	45 25 12	# # X	5 16	Ĉ	95 136 160	105 140 160	130 150 170	Ι.
P. & Q. (*435)	460 500 538	28 17 10	55 40		5 I	55 85 115	65 90	75 100	
Racal (*211)	220 240 260	22 15 16	. 40 30 25	9	5 I	30 52 65	35.65	42 45 80	
R.T.Z. (*288)	280 300 320	90 70 55	TĒ		7	25 35 50	111	Ξ	ļ.
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Tr. 12% 1995 (*113)	110	=	1=			<u></u>	-26	34	ļ,
7r.111.%03/07 (*119)	114 116 118 120	47 35 23 1,	54			0H 1 15	2 212 35, 45,	34	
Cotion		Des			₹	Dec	Mar	June	۱
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Bardays (*435)	460 500 550	40 20 19	60 35 25		ij,	45 80 26	28 K	70 90 125	
Beechas (*380)	390 420 460	45 22 13	65 50 33	166	Π,	55 75 105	28.82	80 100 130	$\ -$
Boots (*223)	240 250 280	20 15 8	30 22 17	130		37 50 67	40 52 70	42 57 72	;
BTR (*239)	260 280 300	22 15 10	35 27 17	4 3 2	, I	40 58 68	50.55	55 65 78	
Blue (Ircle (*294)	330 350 360	30 20 	50 40		- 1	60 75	70 	78 90	ŀ
De Beers (~ <u>\$1</u> 075)	1050 1100 1200	140 100 70	Ē]	828		11	3
Dixes (*245)	280 300 330	27 15 7	22 20 20	40 32 77	; I	43 60 90	50 52 52	\$5 67 92	
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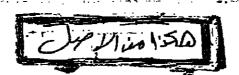
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WORLD STOCK MARKETS

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FINLAND	General Assicar 93,600 -5,220	Ada tai	JAPAN October 28, Price + or Ven - Aljournate - 3,130 - 250 All Rigona Mr 2,000 129 Aspic Electric 1,700 100 Aspic Electric 1,700 170 Aspic Electric 1,500 70 3,000 100	SINGAPORE Dichier 26 Price + or	950 C Parlons 5124 125 125 15 11050 M Baylin a SS14 87 87 87 18 124 88 Ranger SS14 89 49 495 -55 130 Can Trust SS3 63 63 -2 155129 Imasco SS191 89 19 19 22332 P 18 18 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19
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FRANCE Belater 24 Price + 6"	ACF Hoteling	Winterdor	Date in Call Mark 2,740 110 124 1590 1450 150	CGC	Indices
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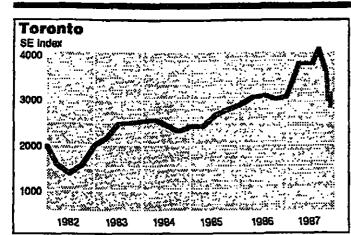
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FINANCIAL TIMES

WORLD STOCK MARKETS



Knock-on from Far East stems hope of revival

WALL STREET

HAMMERED by steep falls in share prices abroad, Wall Street suffered a further steep sell-off in equities which seriously undermined investors' fragile hopes for stability, writes Roderick Oram

The dollar remained stable, however, thanks to some profit-taking by dealers against the yen and D-Mark. Bond prices enjoyed further gains of more than 1% points. Wall Street's mood turned grim long before the opening as traders,

about plunging prices in Europe and the Far East. "It was overseas markets which clobbered us this morning," said Ms Hildegard Zagorski, an equity mar-ket analyst with Prudential Bache

investors and market makers heard

Securities. Stocks opened sharply lower in New York and fell rapidly. Despite finding some stability in late morning, the Dow Jones industrial aver-ege closed down 156.83 points at ege closed down 156.83 points at 1,793.93. It was the index's second worst loss in points terms, sur-

passed only by last Monday's 508 point collanse In percentage terms, the index fell 8 per cent yesterday, its fifth worst since the index was expanded to 30 stocks in 1928. Since the decline turned into a rout beginning last Monday morning, the index has

fallen 20.2 per cent in six sessions. The Standard & Poor's 500 index fell 20.55 to 227.67 and the New York Stock Exchange composite dropped 11.34 to 127.88.

Yesterday's bad start quickly undermined investors' confidence. There is a very demoralised group of investors out there who were told over the weekend through the media and advertisements not to panic," said Mr Hugh Johnson of First Albany, a New York investment dealer. "But you can only warn or encourage people so long to hold on before they succumb to the sell-

ing pressure and get out of equities. Retail investors were particularly active sellers yesterday, he believed. "A lot of them had been buying late last week but turned sellers

Trading volume was very heavy even by the standards of a normal full day but it was compressed into site index had plunged 232.90 to a shorter session. Exchanges closed two hours early to try to clear their 500 points lower despite record paperwork backlogs. The New York Stock Exchange traded 309m dices were broadly lower. shares, its sixth heaviest day ever. Golds, mines and metals Declining stocks outnumbered

Good third-quarter earnings reports continued to flow but they to C\$18, Inco slumped C\$2% to were largely ignored by the market. C\$17% and International Corona de-

it growth to bolster stock prices. But investor confidence has been so comprehensively damaged for now that it is very hard for a company

reporting strong earnings to buck the market's downward trend. In the oil sector, Exxon, down \$3% to \$41%, and Occidental Petroleum, off \$3% to \$24 both turned in higher profits. Among competitors, Mobil lost \$2% to \$37, Chevron was down \$5% to \$37% and Amoco

dropped \$3 to \$68. Brokerage stocks came under intense scrutiny as Wall Street tried to discover which firms had been hardest hit by the market's col-lapse. L.F. Rothschild fell \$1% to \$4% amid rumours it was about to quit the municipal bonds business and that it had suffered in the

Despite a weaker dollar, credit markets opened strongly to build on gains overnight in Tokyo and Lonion. Boosted by the poor showing of stocks, bond prices rose almost 2 points in New York. By late afternoon the Treasury's 8.75 per cent benchmark long bond was up 1% of a point at 99% yielding 8.93 per

Short-term interest rates continued to drop as investors parked their cash after liquidating their stock holdings. The bond equivalent yield on three-month Treasury bills fell some seven basis points to 5.33

The Fed's large and early intervention with systems repurchases failed to stem the rise in the Fed Funds rate from an opening level of

The Fed's large and early interfailed to stem the rise in the Fed Funds rate from an opening level of 61% per cent to 7% per cent by early afternoon. Despite the Fed's efforts to supply as much liquidity as the markets need the Funds rate at which banks lend reserves to each other was disconcertingly high.

CANADA

ple effect of lower prices ricocheted around the trading floor of the Toronto Stock Exchange, taking prices

At the close, the TSE-300 compogains on Wednesday. All 14 sub-in-

Golds mines and metals were the biggest losers as Alcan Aluminum those advancing by a ratio of 13.5 to dropped C\$2% to C\$28%, Noranda shed C\$2 to C\$20%. Echo Bay Mines fell C\$3% to C\$24, Hernlo lost C\$1%

Before the rout started 10 days ago, clined C\$5% to C\$49.

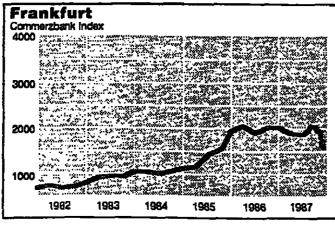
Johannesburg Stock Exchange computer.

Shares slumped a further 6 per cent, an aggregate loss of 24 per cent in a week, and even the higher gold price could not lift dejected spirits or gold stocks. The sharp falls of the morning were blunted by the close due

to late and limited institutional Leading gold Vaal Reefs fell R19

and Gencor R5 lower at R59.
Diamond share De Beers added to it recent bown with Anglo ered from a Y2.10 fall to end unchanged at Y6,110. Nippon Telegraph and Telephone (NTT)

can Breweries dropped R1 to and Sony slumped Y240 to Y1,900 1996, recovered its face value of R19.



Johannesburg 2000 1500 1000 1982 1984

Alexander Nicoll examines the ominous pointers and problems behind a chain reaction

Bears chase tails around the globe

WORLD STOCK markets took another bashing yesterday, a week after the crash began in earnest on Wall Street Contin-ued declines of between 5 and 10 per cent underlined the mar-lets' extreme volatility and the extent to which investor confi-dence has been damaged.

dence has been damaged.

The spur for yesterday's worldwide losses was the 33 percent drop in Hong Kong's Hang Seng index when the markets re-opened following a four-day closure. The drop name amid a financial crisis peacestisting a financial crisis necessitating a HK\$2bn (\$256m) lifeboat for the stock index futures market.
Although the full ramifications of Hong Kong's problems have yet to be seen - the surviv-al of the futures market, for example, must remain in doubt - it seems unlikely that it would have triggered such a chain re-

The Key Market Monitors have been dropped from today's edition to accommodate expanded coverage of market movements around the world. Market indices, lists of the most active stocks and London's chief price changes can all be found on Page 47.

world in normal times.

These are not normal times, however. Such is the psychology of fear in the markets that Tokyo, London and European mar-kets all fell in sympathy and that would create a systemic Wall Street later extended its problem. So far, however, there

Psychological ressons may be side Hong Kong. good ones: the crisis affecting Hong Kong's stock and futures

action in markets around the fered particularly in leveraged instruments such as futures, op-tions and warrants. Some people will not be able to meet their obligations. The fear is obproblem. So far, however, there is no sign of such problems out-

The continued declines sug trading is an uncomfortable warning of difficulties which take advantage of any market could still be encountered elsewhere as a result of the steep drop in the markets.

Huge losses have been suf-

Market turnover amounted to

ble to gauge whether this reflect-ed heavy trading interest be-

cause of the settlement during

the day of transactions complet-ed in the grey market while the official market was closed last

Rumours abounded suggesting

that mainland Chinese compa-nies were active in the market buying shares in companies in

In addition, Mr Li Kashing won approval from the Govern-

ment to buy shares in his Cheung Kong group companies, taking his stakes above the 35

per cent trigger point at which he would normally have to make

There were, however, no pock-

which they had interests.

HK\$4.47bn, but it was impe

The underwriters stand to keep most of the stock on their books. Speculation that the is sue may be withdrawn, however, contributed to weakness in the gilt-edged market because could increase the public bor rowing requirement

lief that economic fundamen tals in many countries remain

strong.
Towards the end of the day the mood was improving, at least in London. This was after moves by international underwriters of the £7.2bn (\$11.8bn) British Petroleum share issue to have the sale for which are to have the sale, for which applications close tomorrow, called off by the UK government at this late stage. As much as £2.8bn of the issue is due to be placed outside the UK, mak ing it the largest international ly-distributed offering yet.

Tokyo follows Hong Kong's tumble

THE TOKYO stock market suffered its third-largest fall yes-terday, as the reverberations of last week's crisis in world equity markets continued to shake
investors' confidence, writes
Stefan Wagstyl in Tokyo.
Uncertainty about the outlook
was fuelled by the fall in the
value of the US dollar over the

weekend and by the chaotic re-opening of the Hong Kong stock market after a week-long break. But the chief concern remained York stock market.

After rising modestly in the opening hour, the Nikkei average fell sharply and at one stage dropped 1,678.70 points to 21,620.08 - below the 21,910.08 reached last Tuesday when the er fall. The index has lost 15.8 per cent since last Monday.

Later, hesitant buying by Japanese investment trusts -long-term, equity-oriented funds - pushed prices higher and the index finished at 22,202.56, down 1,086.22 on the day. Trading was relatively light at 650m shares.

As was the case last week, for-eign investors were the biggest sellers. Some Japanese institu-tions also sold stock, but most stayed on the sidelines.

Mr Kazuaki Harada, director and chief economist of Sanwa Bank, said: "Until Friday I was optimistic, but after this fall in the dollar I am a pessimist." Mr Harada said he was concerned that the fall in the dollar meant the the chaotic situation in the

market might continue." Large-capitals opened firm, out fell later under increased selling pressure, adds Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press. Nippon Steel, the most active stock with 63.57m shares traded,

started Y3 up at Y433, but closed Y15 lower at Y415 after registering a Y30 plunge to Mitsubishi Heavy Industries sank by Y70 to Y580 at one stage during the day, but closed off its low at Y598, down Y52. It was the second busiest issue at

45.60m shares changing hands.
end of last week left an overhang of sell orders, causing another session of frantic selling and a further over-load on the

Diamond share De Beers added to its recent heavy losses, after losing Y110,000 earlier in the session.

R57.50 close last Monday.

Industrial stocks were also knocked. Barlow Rand shed 75 Y1,080, NEC dropped Y130 to cents to R20.25, Sasol ended R1 Y1,760, Matsushita Electricals to Court Africal Action of Y1,760, Matsushita Electricals also lost ground. Hitachi fell Y70 to Y1,080, NEC dropped Y130 to Y1,760, Matsushita Electricals also lost ground. Hitachi fell Y70 to Y1,080, NEC dropped Y130 to Y1,760, Matsushita Electricals also lost ground. Hitachi fell Y70 to Y1,080, NEC dropped Y130 to Y1,760, Matsushita Electricals also lost ground.



HONG KONG

week.

SHARE PRICES on Hong Kong's HK\$6.15, Hutchison Whampon at stock market slumped yesterday, HK\$8,15, Hongkong Telephone driving the Hang Seng index at HK\$10.39 and Cathay Pacific down 1,120, or 33 per cent, to at HK\$5.25.
2,241 from the last close a week Market to ago, writes David Dodwell in Hong Kong. As almost HK\$260bn (\$25.5bu)

was sliced off the market's total capitalisation, officials and investors were still in hot dispute over whether the four-day sus-pension of trading had saved ex-change members from still greater trauma or built up so much trading pressure that the resumption had magnified

The fall in the Hang Seng in-dex took it 41 per cent below the closing level on Friday October

Property stocks were worst hit, with many showing losses over the day of more than 50 per cent, Among the blue chips, the Swire a full bid. group was a prominent casualty, with a closing price of HE\$14.28, a full 47 per cent lower than the HE\$26.70 close of October 16. Among the blue chips record-

a full 47 per cent lower than the HE\$25.70 close of October 16.

Among the blue chips recording losses of over 35 per cent from that Friday were Cheung Kong, which closed at HK\$8, Hongkong Land, closing at HK\$7.30, Wharf Holdings at HK\$1.

Most financials were well down Nomura Securities fell Y320 to Y3,450, Tokio Marine Bank declined Y130 to Y2570.

Bond prices continued their advance. A call for global monetary relaxation by US Treasury Secretary James Baker encouraged dealers to buy and Government bond futures continued to gain. Dealers were active in seath prophet supplies were active in cash market purchases, swim-ming against the crosscurrents of buying and selling by institu-tional investors. The beliwether 5.1 per cent

Government bond, due in June

Y1.66. But later the brakes were

applied because of the fast price rise and its yield finished at 5.240 per cent, compared with Saturday's 5.280 per cent.
On the Osaka Securities Exchange, prices slumped due to selling by non-residents. The OSE stock average dropped 1.172.84 from Saturday to 22,641.93 on an estimated voltime of only 41,91M shares, down 49.04m from Friday. BANGKOK: Doom and gloom on international markets sent

on international markets such Thai stocks lower as investor nervousness escalated. The Seindex tumbled 31.31 to 368.18, its second steepest single-day fa. after last Tuesday's record

month rally on the Thai bourse and the market has lost an ag-gregate 104.68, or 22.14 per cent, SEOUL: The composite index

shrugged off the despondency of international markets and climbed to a record of 517.15, up 1.00 from Saturday. The market built on its firm opening and was buoyed by strong gains in financial shares. Advances out-numbered declines by 299 to 143 on turnover worth won 103.7bn against won 70.4bn on Saturday.

KUALA LUMPUR: After Friday's brief respite, share prices resumed their downward spiral celerated throughout the session and prices fell across the board with industrials hardest

AUSTRALIA

A LARGE sell-off of scrip in Hong Kong, coupled with a free fall in Tokyo sent the All Ordi-naries down 100.7 to 1,413.0, as

nervous investors dumped Blue chips were the first to suffer with merchants, insurers and paper and packaging stocks in their wake.

Bell Group plummeted A\$1.40 A\$4.30 and Bell Resources lost 65 cents to A\$2.15 in reaction to Merrill Lynch's decision to withdraw Bell Resources \$1.1bn convertible bond issue.
Demand for gold-related scrip was mixed with a weaker bias, despite a firmer gold price.
However, Metana jumped 70 cents to A\$9.50 and Gold Mines of Kalgoorlie shed 20 cents to

A\$6.20, but Sons of Gwalia fell 80 cents to A\$9.20. Among other heavyweight resources Nuigini Mining plunged A\$1.50 to A\$7.0, CRA lost 30 cents to A\$5.20 and Bougainville was down 20 cents

SINGAPORE

AGGRESSIVE selling sent share prices broadly lower al-though losses were not as steep as early last week. The Straits Times index dropped 54.97 to 908.60 after falls in Hong Kong and Tokyo unnervedthe market. the board. The cash in Friday's recovery did little to down 198.52 at 4,317.93.

drop of 36.64. down 50 cents at \$86.00 and 1
The rout has halted a 16ro declined \$\$1.45 to \$\$8.00.

London rout by small investors

1985

LONDON

Hong Kong

3000

1000

THE ALARM bells sounded again in the London securities markets yesterday, bringing out selling orders from the private investors who had remained loyal to the equity market last week, writes Terry Byland in London.

With the hig investment insti-

With the big investment insti-tutions still demoralised by the savagery of the fall of the past week, the equity sector plunged heavily, closing at levels not seen since January.

By the end of a punishing ses-sion, the FT-SE 100 was another 111.1 down at 1.684.1, bringing a loss of 26.8 per cent since the market slide began a week ago.

As shares in British Petroleum continued to tumble beleum continued to tumble be-low the price at which the £7.2bn (\$12bn) sale of new shares was underwritten, the UK Treasury confirmed it was talking to the institutional un-derwriters. BP shares closed at

266p, down 21p, implying significant losses all round for the institutions which underwrote the shares at 330p.

The UK market was at the mercy of the renewed global

setback prompted by the heavy losses in Hong Kong and Tokyo and then reflected in further falls in early Wall Street trad-ing. The setback in Hong Kong was substantially greater than London had bayesined for and London had bargained for and, with Tokyo already down by 5

per cent, UK trading opened sharply lower Investment fundamentals are out of the window for the time being, an analyst at a major US trading house said of the Lon-

1986

Pension fund managers are still revising their valuation of the equity market and re-as-sessing estimates for UK corpo-rate profits for 1988 and the following year. But they are finding it very difficult, said

one market specialist.
Mr Bill Martin, economic analyst at Phillips & Drew. London securities arm of Union Bank of Switzerland, expects UK interest rates to fall sharply. Falls of 2 to 3 percentage points are pos-sible, he said.

The UK investment community is still waiting for action on the US deficit Last week's press conference by President Reagan has failed to satisfy the London markets.
Until President Reagan does something to cut the deficit, it's

no go. And it can't just be words," said one exasperated trader. waiting for Wall Street to open but were frustrated by worries over domestic market factors. Recurrent rumours that the BP issue might be withdrawn prompted attempts at a market

rally which soon melted away when no official statement was

Europe plunges as dollar's fall compounds woes

EUROPE's bourses took a severe bruising from the combined blows of Hong Kong's re-cord fall and the dollar's sharp retreat, with some marking near-record falls.

FRANKFURT plunged to a two-year low in thin, jumpy trade. Blue chips were ham-mered by the dollar's renewed weakness. The mid-session Commerzbank index fell 97.50, or 5.8 per cent, to 1.569.2.

A 4 pfg fall in the dollar carved up export-dependent car stocks. BMW fell most steeply, losing DM84 to DM498, or 14 per cent, followed by Daimler, down DM90.50 to DM847.50.

VW fell DM23 to DM306: West German Finance Minister Mr Gerhardt Stoltenberg said the Government still indended sellcar maker, but gave no date for the offer.

Banks fared little better,

Deutsche losing DM26.50 to DM525.50, Dresdner DM16 to DM281 and Commerzbank DM12 to Du240 - all lows for the year. Bayerhypo dived DM43 to DM365.

BASF lost DM15.70 to DM276.30 in chemicals, where Bayer shed DM20.30 to DM285 and Hoechst DM20.50 to DM253. Retailers suffered similarly, Massa giving up DM35 to DM345 and Asko DM70 to DM585. Metals dived.

BEUSSELS gave less ground than its neighbours, but falls still averaged 3 per cent across the board. The cash index was

Friday's recovery did little to clear the grey clouds and some blue chips posted double-digit BFr2.730, a year's low, as Solosses.

Singapore Airlines lost 45 shareholders had subscribed for less than half of the 2.56m shares offered in a 1-for-10 shareholders had Ranrights issue. Generale de Banright issue. Generale de Ban-que, chief underwriter to the is-sue, fell BF1370 to BF15,010. Other holdings fell in line. Electrafina was BF1490 chéaper at BF16,010 aud metal group Asturienne BF184 off at BF11,016.

> PARIS ignored better employment figures for September and a rosy assessment of French trade prospects from Trade Minister Michel Noir to fall 7

Electronics issues to led fallers as Thomson-CSF sank FFr114 to FFr787 and Radiotechnique FFr190 to FFr1,180.
TRT was FFr200 down at

Construction issues were also hit, leaving Auxiliaire d'Entre-prises FFr150 cheaper at FFr570 and Lafarge Coppee off FFr115 at FFr1.235.



Mr Gerhardt Stoltenberg: VW sale to go ahead

Air Liquide was suspended at FFr523, a fall of FFr62, after an order imbalance

ZURICH saw buying collapse and shares shed some 10 per cent of their value. The allshare index closed 100.2 down Banks were routed. Swiss Bank fell SFr45 to SFr380, while

Bank fell SFr45 to SFr380, while Union Bank shed SFr150 to SFr2,625. Insurers Winterthur and Zurich were SFr675 and SFr600 down at SFr5,175 and SFr5,450 in turn.

Chemical Ciba-Geigy was SFr350 cheaper at SFr2,975 and Sandoz participation certifi-

Sandoz participation certifi-cates down to SFr1,640, a fall of AMSTERDAM fell steeply, but

cut losses with a late rally heartened by an early Wall Street comeback. The all-share index ended 7.0 down at 71.8. Akzo closed down Fl 11 at Fl 125 and Unilever was Fl 9.60 off at F1 101.70, as internationals took a pasting Royal Dutch fell F1 14 to F1 203, Philips was off F1 3 at F1 38.20 and KLM gave up

FI 3 at FI 38.20 and KLM gave up FI 2.70 to FI 36.60.

MILAN struck a low for the year as the MIB index closed at 771, down 4.93 per cent on Friday's close. Prices continued to years at in after house the second structure. retreat in after hours trade. Montedison fell L65 to L1.835. Iniziative Meta, Montedison's fi-

nancial services holding company, nosedived L1,020, and retailer Standa LL1,500 to L10,600, a 12 per cent drop. STOCKHOLM SAW Share values sliced back in moderate trade. The Affarsvaeriden general index slid 5.9 per cent to

810.3, its lowest since July this MADRID 53W a near-record fall as the market lost 5.4 per cent of its value. The general in-

dex closed down 14.25 at 255.30.

OSLO skidded sharply lower,
with the all-share index's 18.29 fall to 325.16.

Kuwait unruffled by international shares minefield

SINCE world stock markets began their dramatic downward abroad have plenty to worry slide. Western embassies in Rusal have been fielding in Ru

tors with funds abroad. ing callers there were limits on only 28 per cent lower despite the action his Government the international turmoil. could take to prop up the market. He observed that some Kuwaitis appeared to have a naive holds more than 50 per cent of shake-out in 1982. As a Kuwaiti

They call up and ask what head while those further afield

view about the ability of West-ern governments to protect in-nies, and that another substan-

BY TONY WALKER IN KUWAIT

as collateral would partly exwait have been fielding inquibeen cushioned from the interplain the steadier stance, ries from anxious local invesnational fall-out. Kuwait, accusThe market has also been tomed to war and political cri-ses on its doorstep, kept its sure on Knwaiti companies to exercise their right to purchase we're going to do about it." said were losing theirs. At the end of up to 10 per cent of their shares a Western official, who was tell-last week, the stock index was as a means of propping up the

The relative stability of the market is also attributable to The fact that the Government the fact that Kuwait had its big financial consultant said: We had our crash - five years before tial portion is lodged in banks the rest of the world."

When the Souk al Manakh unofficial stock market nose they seek to retrieve funds from dived, it dealt the system a creditors who speculated heavicrushing blow from which it has not yet recovered. Some \$90bn was wiped off the value of shares in local companies in a

few bectic days. been engaged in a rescue pro-

world stock markets are now beral and on shipping in Knwait
ing forced to come to terms with
harbour.

Ruwaiti investors who have

ly in the Souk al Manakh mar-

it provides relief to banks while

gramme aimed at protecting national marketplace will not repatriated money are said to banks from collapse under a mountain of bad debts.

The so-called settlement programme, which is reported to be costing the Government up to their funds home and say this surprisingly firm.

\$8bn, is expected to be in place by the end of the year. Broadly, the local share market.

There have been signs of a capital inflow, in spite of the tense Gulf situation. The Kuwaiti dinar has remained steady despite Iranian missile Kuwaitis who invested in attacks on the oil loading termi-